

## 1.1\_AEGIS

March 8, 2018

### 0.1 EGS master catalogue

### 0.2 Preparation of AEGIS data

This resource contains the near-infrared catalogue of Extended Groth Strip observations with the WIRC instrument at the Palomar Observatory.: the catalogue comes from dmu0\_AEGIS.

In the catalogue, we keep:

- The identifier (it's unique in the catalogue);
- The position;
- The magnitude for each band in 2 arcsecond aperture.
- The auto magnitude to be used as total magnitude.

We don't know when the maps have been observed. We will use the year of the reference paper.

This notebook was run with herschelhelp\_internal version:

0246c5d (Thu Jan 25 17:01:47 2018 +0000) [with local modifications]

This notebook was executed on:

2018-02-07 19:28:01.897812

### 0.3 I - Column selection

WARNING: UnitsWarning: 'vega' did not parse as fits unit: At col 0, Unit 'vega' not supported by

```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/astropy/table/column.py:10
Check the NumPy 1.11 release notes for more information.
```

```
ma.MaskedArray.__setitem__(self, index, value)
```

Out[7]: <IPython.core.display.HTML object>

### 0.4 II - Removal of duplicated sources

We remove duplicated objects from the input catalogues.

```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/astropy/table/column.py:10
Check the NumPy 1.11 release notes for more information.
    ma.MaskedArray.__setitem__(self, index, value)
```

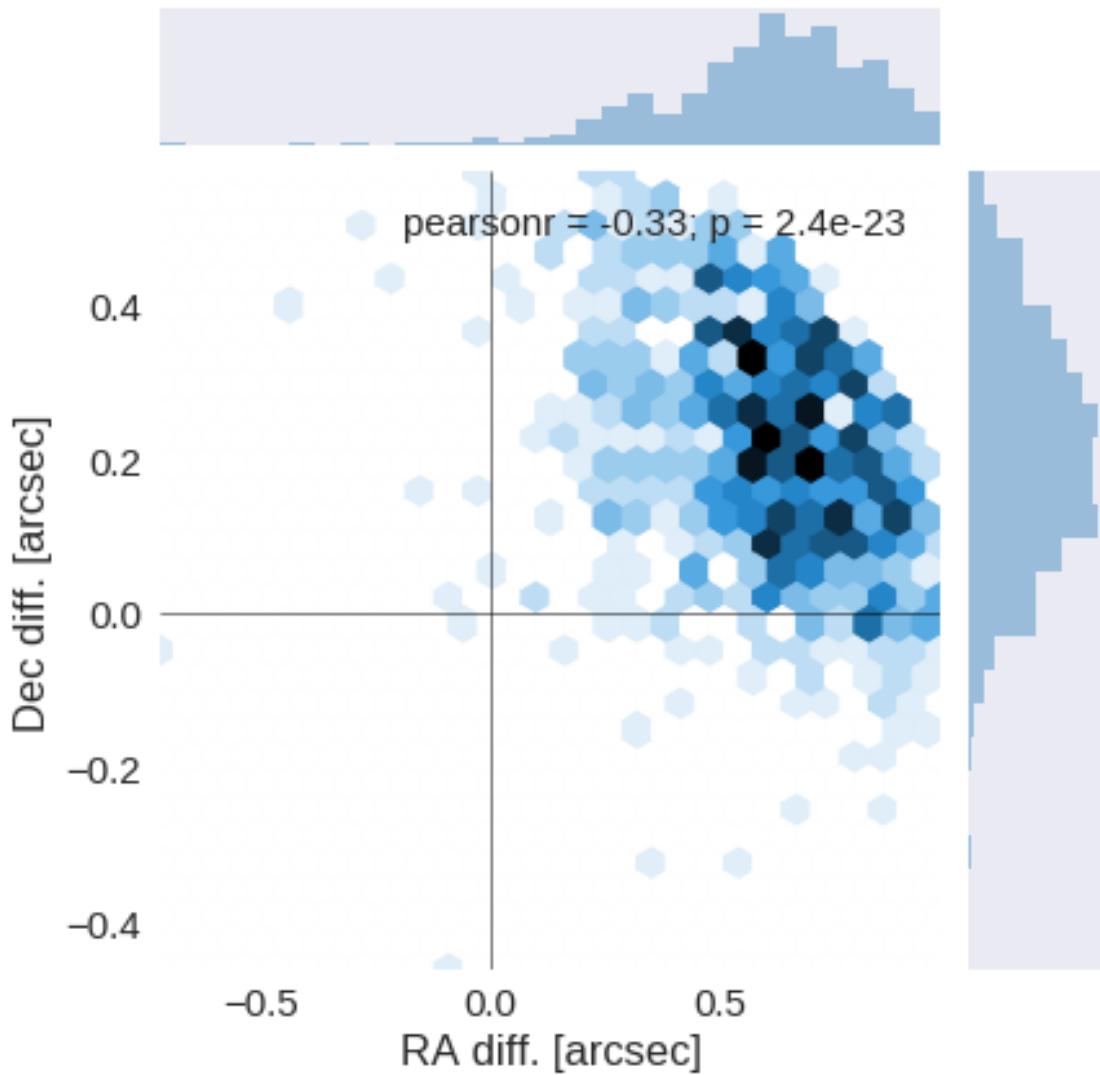
The initial catalogue had 45065 sources.

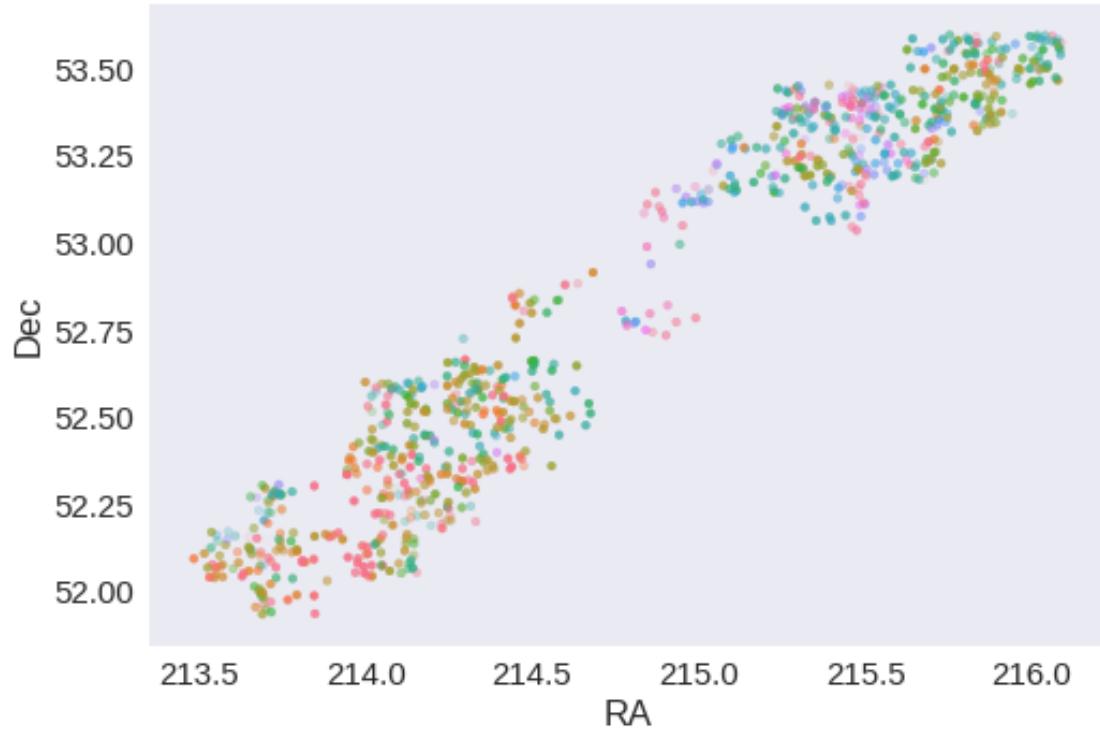
The cleaned catalogue has 45065 sources (0 removed).

The cleaned catalogue has 0 sources flagged as having been cleaned

## 0.5 III - Astrometry correction

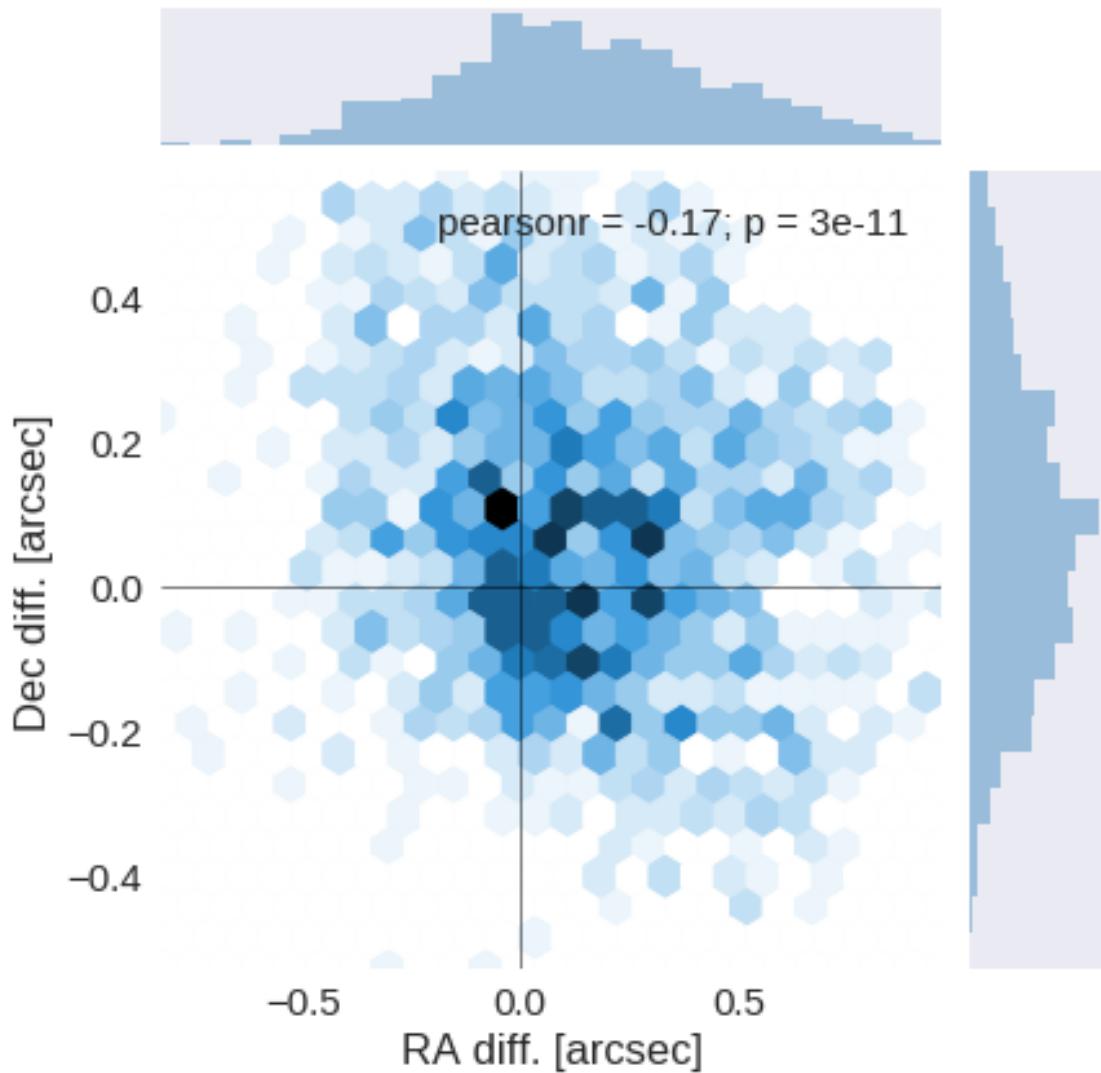
We match the astrometry to the Gaia one. We limit the Gaia catalogue to sources with a g band flux between the 30th and the 70th percentile. Some quick tests show that this give the lower dispersion in the results.

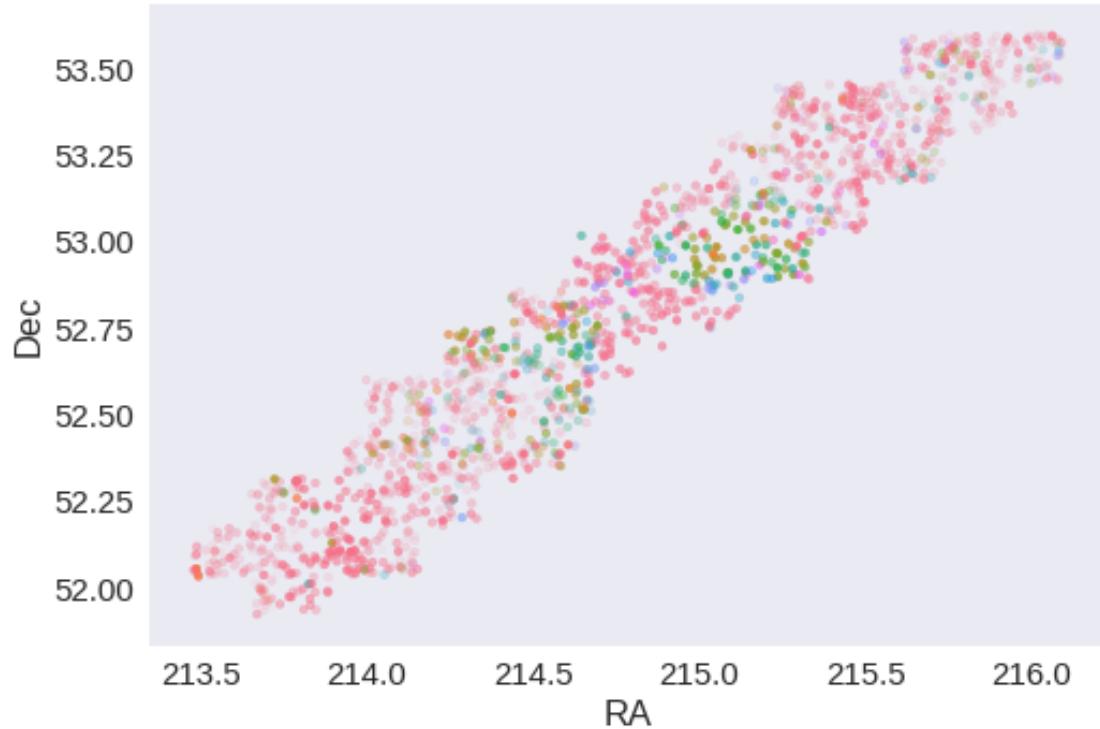




RA correction: -0.6291472751286165 arcsec

Dec correction: -0.21136460382251698 arcsec





## 0.6 IV - Flagging Gaia objects

1680 sources flagged.

## 1 V - Saving to disk

## 1.2 CANDELS-3D-HST

March 8, 2018

### 1 EGS master catalogue

#### 1.1 Preparation of HST CANDELS-3D data

The catalogue comes from dmu0\_CANDELS-3D-HST.

In the catalogue, we keep:

- The identifier (it's unique in the catalogue);
- The position;
- The stellarity;
- The kron magnitude, there doesn't appear to be aperture magnitudes. This may mean the survey is unusable.

```
This notebook was run with herschelhelp_internal version:  
0246c5d (Thu Jan 25 17:01:47 2018 +0000) [with local modifications]  
This notebook was executed on:  
2018-02-07 19:28:11.002418
```

#### 1.2 I - Column selection

```
WARNING: UnitsWarning: '0.3631uJy' did not parse as fits unit: Numeric factor not supported by F  
WARNING: UnitsWarning: '[Msun]' did not parse as fits unit: Invalid character at col 0 [astropy.
```

```
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:76: RuntimeWarning: divide by zero enc  
    magnitudes = 2.5 * (23 - np.log10(fluxes)) - 48.6  
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:80: RuntimeWarning: invalid value enc  
    errors = 2.5 / np.log(10) * errors_on_fluxes / fluxes  
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:76: RuntimeWarning: invalid value enc  
    magnitudes = 2.5 * (23 - np.log10(fluxes)) - 48.6
```

Out[6]: <IPython.core.display.HTML object>

#### 1.3 II - Removal of duplicated sources

We remove duplicated objects from the input catalogues.

```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/astropy/table/column.py:10
Check the NumPy 1.11 release notes for more information.
    ma.MaskedArray.__setitem__(self, index, value)
```

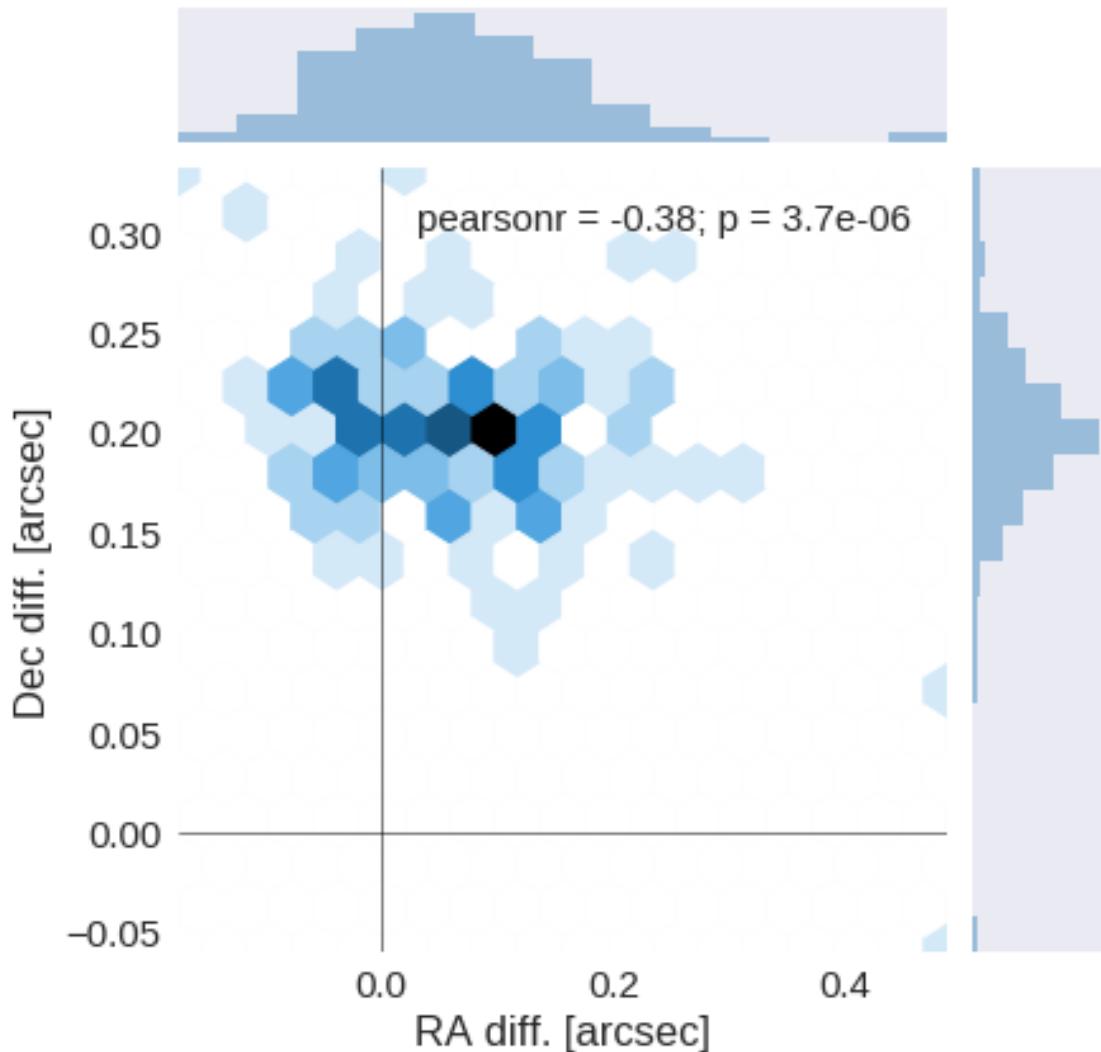
The initial catalogue had 41200 sources.

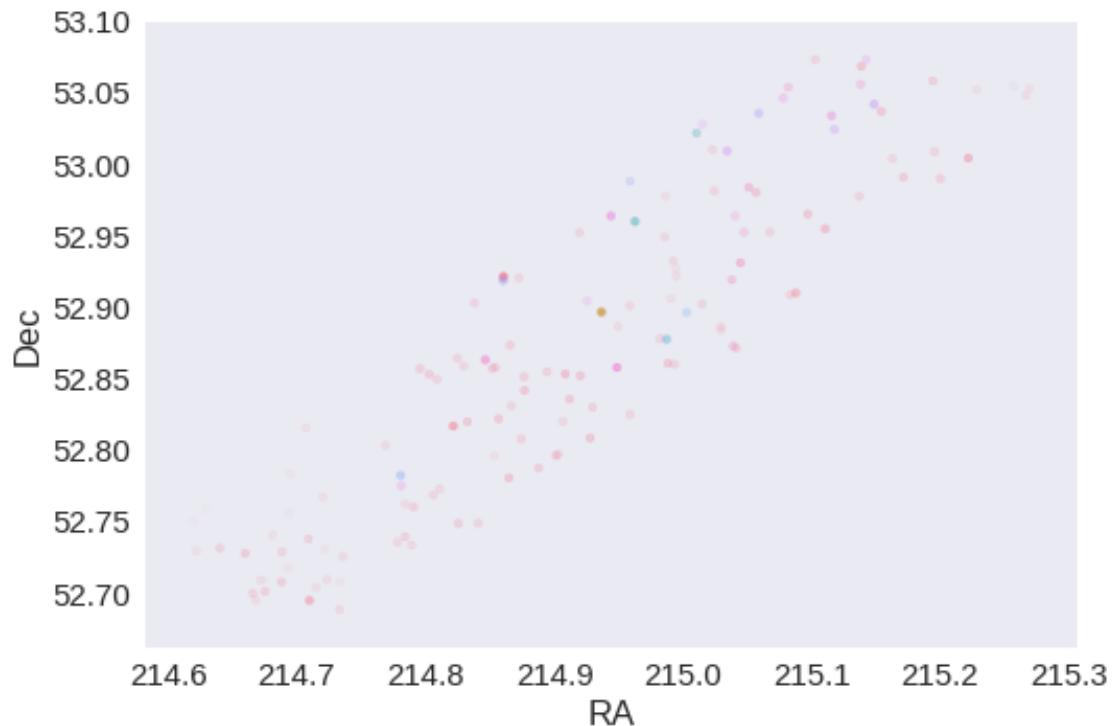
The cleaned catalogue has 41067 sources (133 removed).

The cleaned catalogue has 133 sources flagged as having been cleaned

## 1.4 III - Astrometry correction

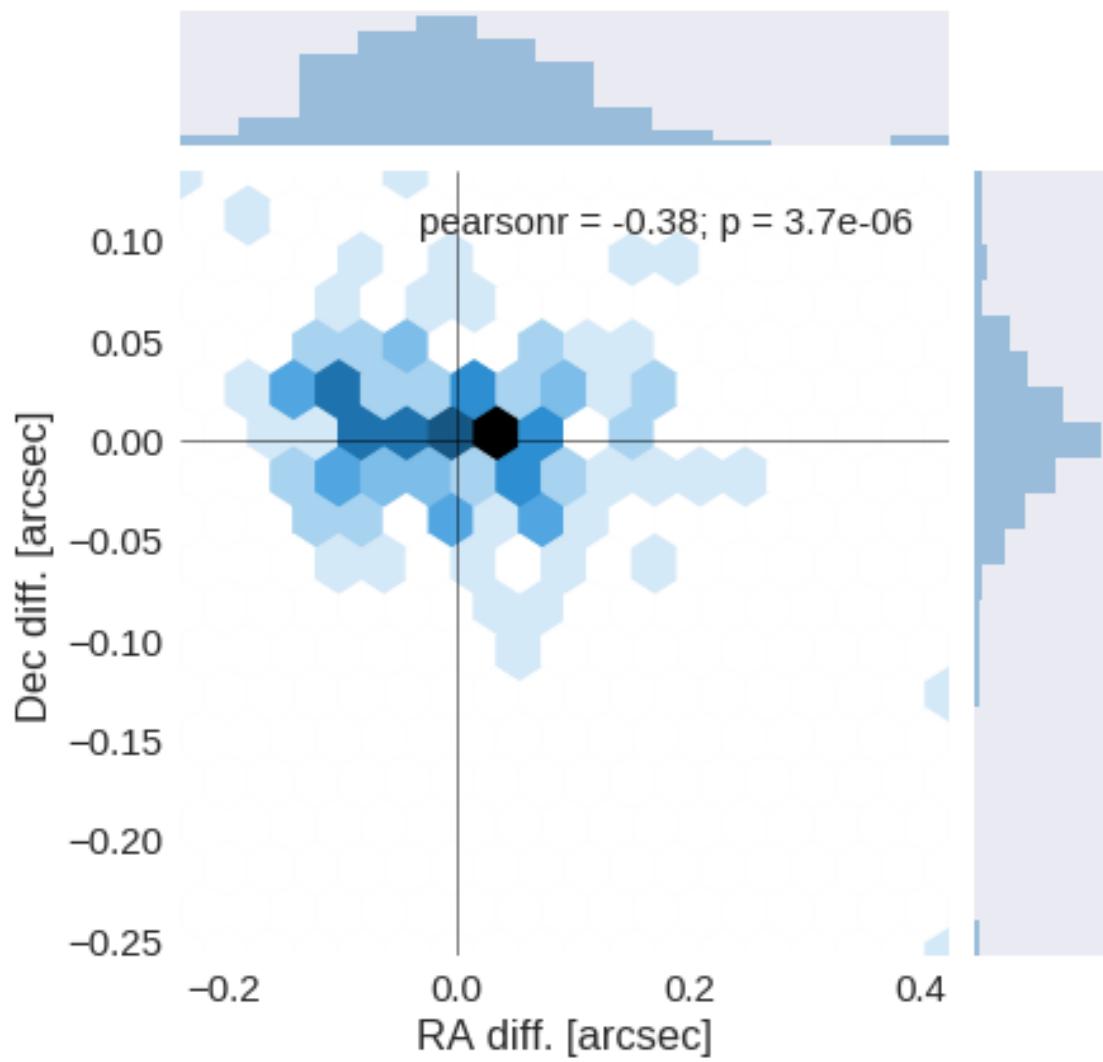
We match the astrometry to the Gaia one. We limit the Gaia catalogue to sources with a g band flux between the 30th and the 70th percentile. Some quick tests show that this give the lower dispersion in the results.





RA correction: -0.06336958314250296 arcsec

Dec correction: -0.19814636340669267 arcsec





## 1.5 IV - Flagging Gaia objects

145 sources flagged.

## 1.6 V - Flagging objects near bright stars

## 2 VI - Saving to disk

## 1.3\_CFHT-WIRDS

March 8, 2018

### 1 EGS master catalogue

#### 1.1 Preparation of Canada France Hawaii Telescope WIRDS Survey (CFHT-WIRDS) data

The catalogue is in dmu0\_CFHT-WIRDS.

In the catalogue, we keep:

- The position;
- The stellarity;
- The aperture magnitude (3 arcsec).
- The total magnitude (Kron like aperture magnitude).

```
This notebook was run with herschelhelp_internal version:  
0246c5d (Thu Jan 25 17:01:47 2018 +0000) [with local modifications]  
This notebook was executed on:  
2018-02-07 19:28:20.058540
```

#### 1.2 I - Column selection

```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/astropy/table/column.py:10  
Check the NumPy 1.11 release notes for more information.  
    ma.MaskedArray.__setitem__(self, index, value)  
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/ipykernel/__main__.py:63:  
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/ipykernel/__main__.py:64:
```

**Out[5]:** <IPython.core.display.HTML object>

#### 1.3 II - Removal of duplicated sources

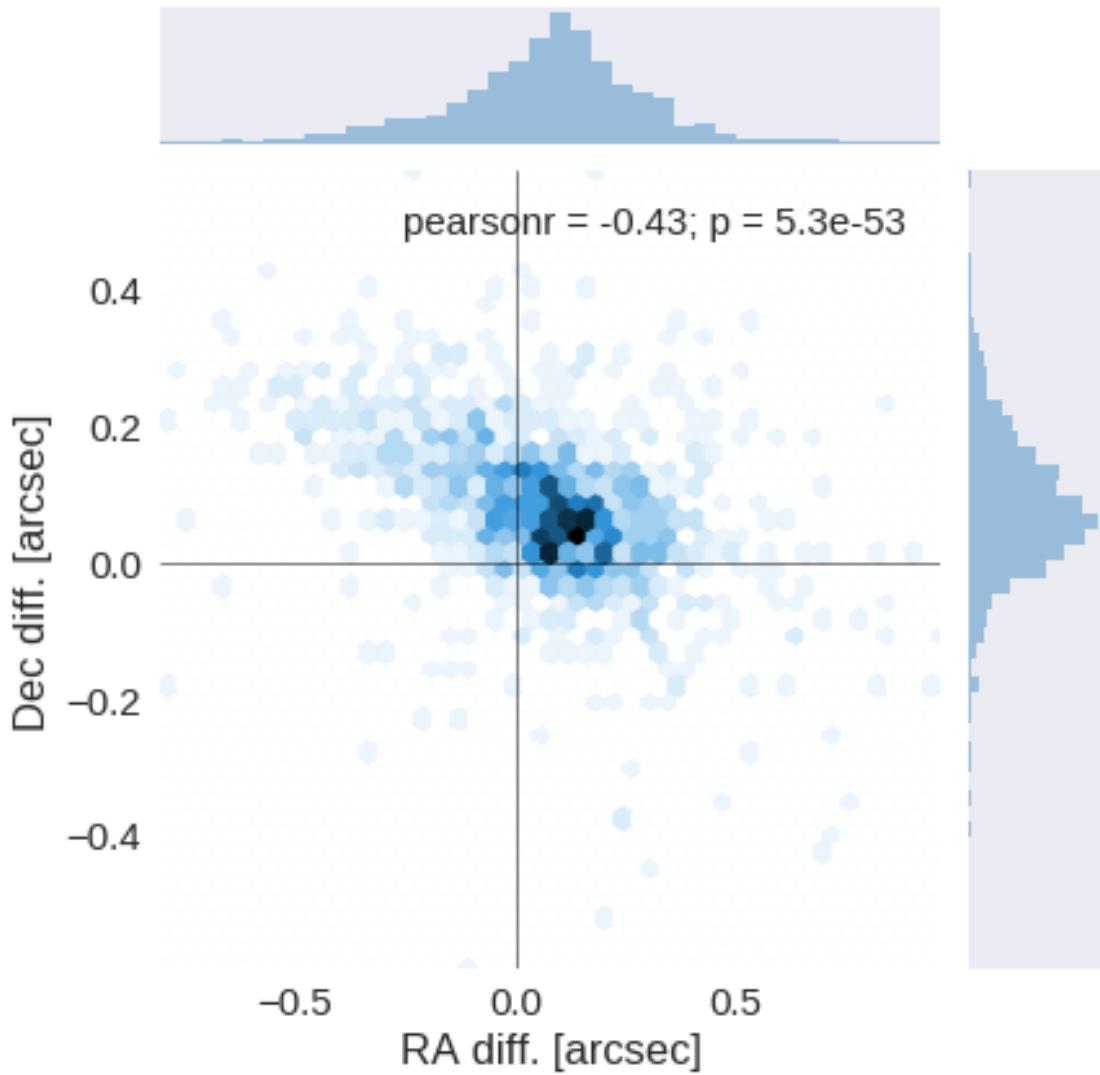
We remove duplicated objects from the input catalogues.

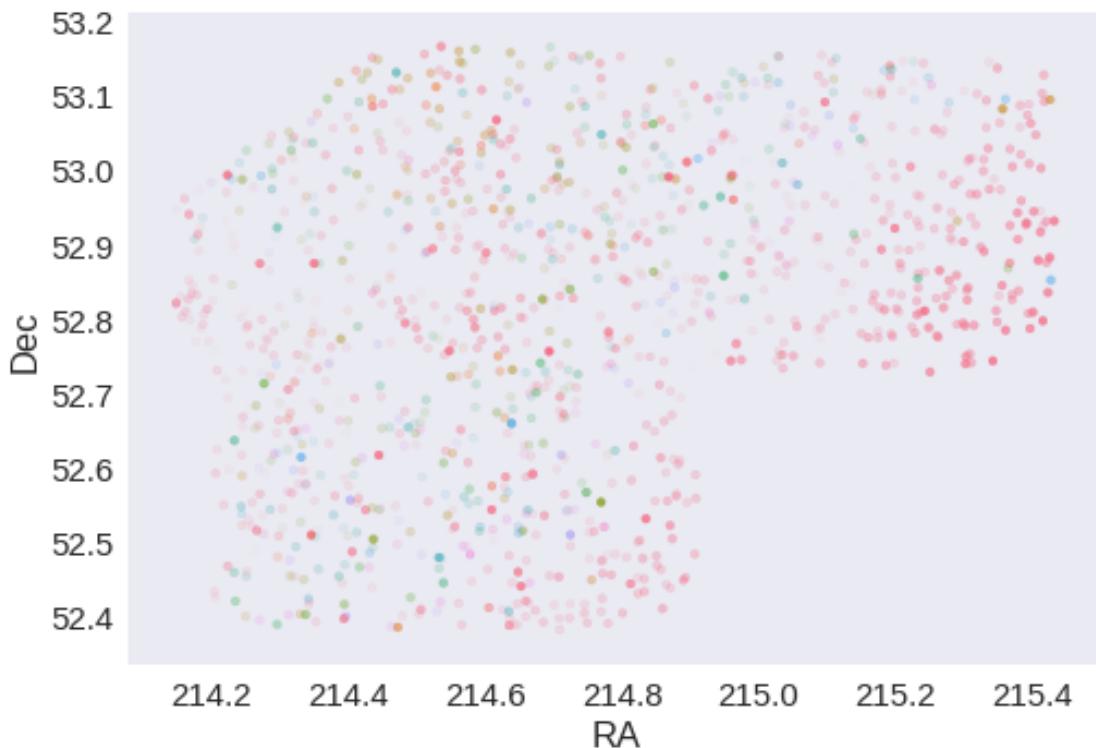
```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/astropy/table/column.py:10  
Check the NumPy 1.11 release notes for more information.  
    ma.MaskedArray.__setitem__(self, index, value)
```

The initial catalogue had 100317 sources.  
The cleaned catalogue has 100317 sources (0 removed).  
The cleaned catalogue has 0 sources flagged as having been cleaned

## 1.4 III - Astrometry correction

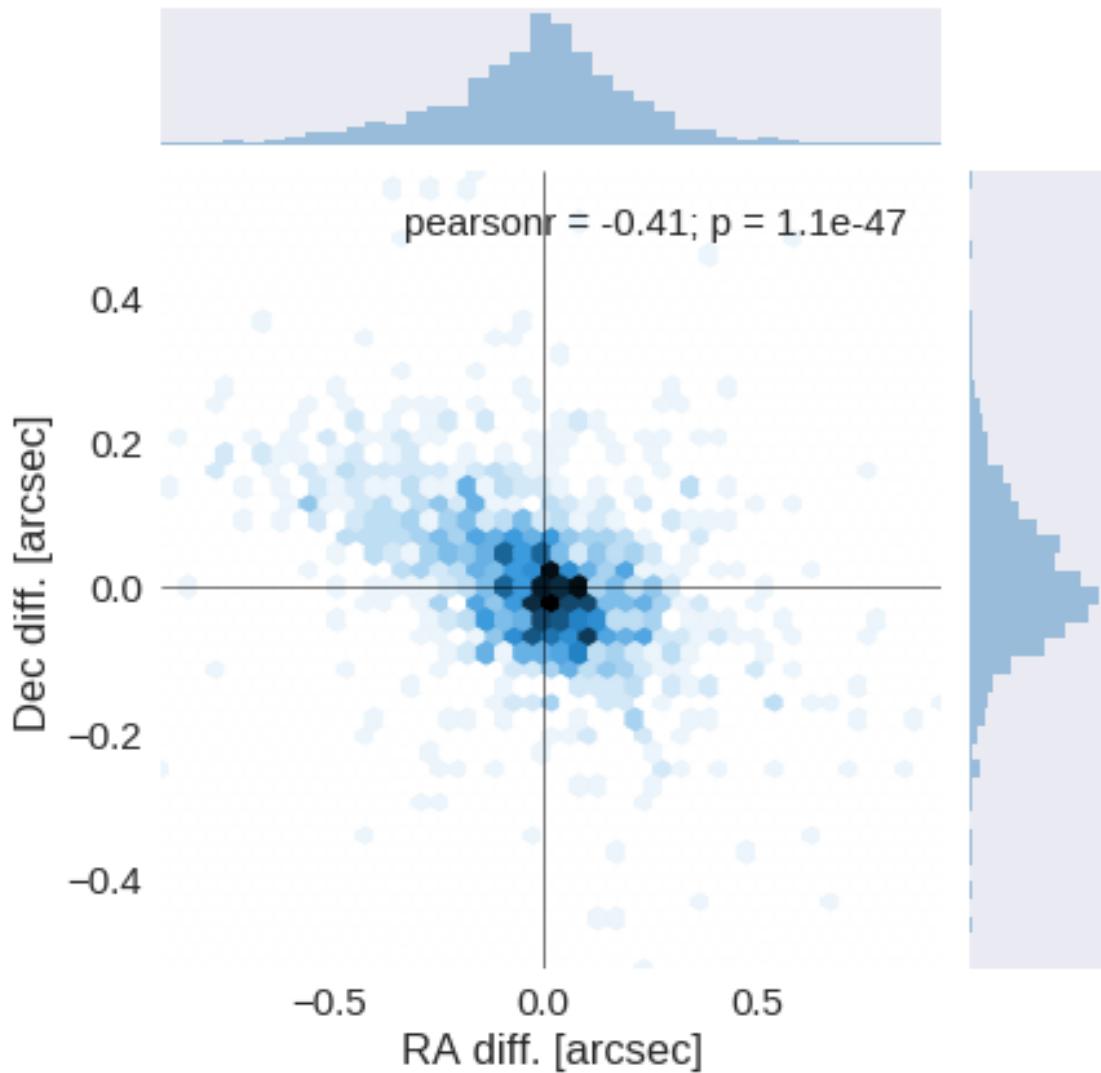
We match the astrometry to the Gaia one. We limit the Gaia catalogue to sources with a g band flux between the 30th and the 70th percentile. Some quick tests show that this give the lower dispersion in the results.

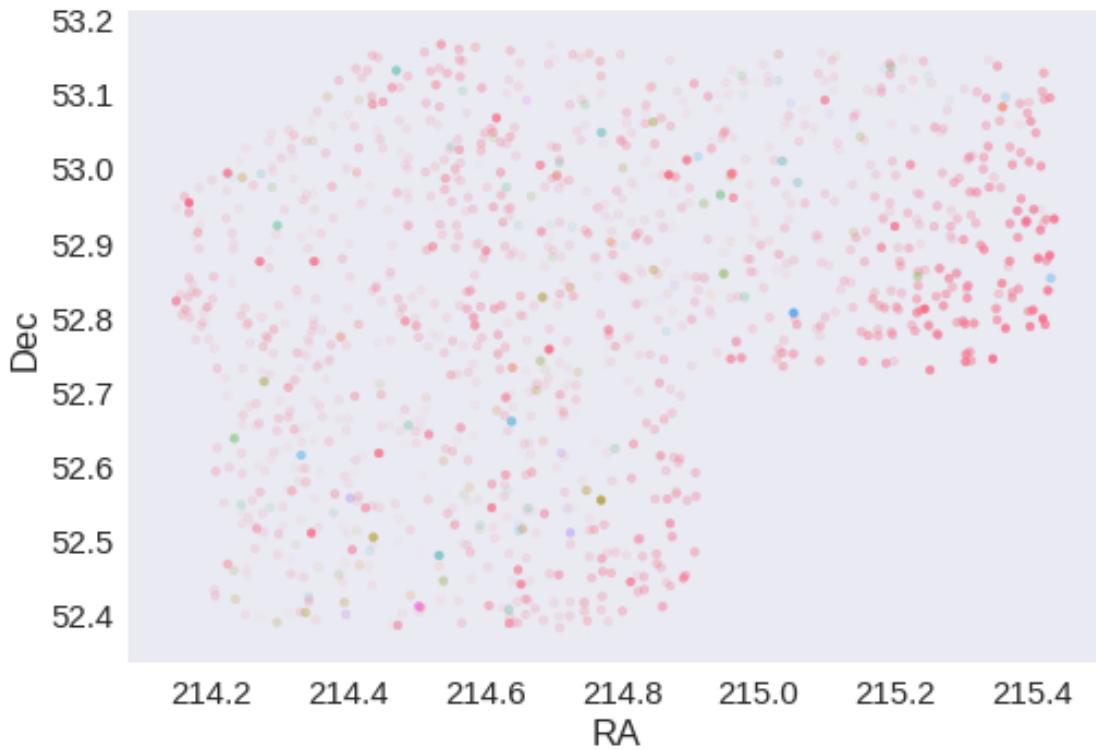




RA correction: -0.08794029236014467 arcsec

Dec correction: -0.0733593735006366 arcsec





## 1.5 IV - Flagging Gaia objects

1193 sources flagged.

## 1.6 V - Flagging objects near bright stars

## 2 VI - Saving to disk

# 1.4a\_CFHTLS-WIDE

March 8, 2018

## 1 EGS master catalogue

### 1.1 Preparation of Canada France Hawaii Telescope Legacy Survey (CFHTLS) wide data

CFHTLS has both a wide area across EGS and a smaller deep field. We will process each independently and add them both to the master catalogue, taking the deep photometry where both are available.

The catalogue is in `dmu0_CFHTLS`.

In the catalogue, we keep:

- The position;
- The stellarity (g band stellarity);
- The aperture magnitude (3 arcsec).
- The total magnitude (Kron like aperture magnitude).

We use the 2007 release, which we take as the date.

```
This notebook was run with herschelhelp_internal version:  
0246c5d (Thu Jan 25 17:01:47 2018 +0000) [with local modifications]  
This notebook was executed on:  
2018-02-07 19:28:32.237264
```

### 1.2 I - Column selection

```
Out[6]: <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
```

### 1.3 II - Removal of duplicated sources

We remove duplicated objects from the input catalogues.

```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/astropy/table/column.py:10  
Check the NumPy 1.11 release notes for more information.  
ma.MaskedArray.__setitem__(self, index, value)
```

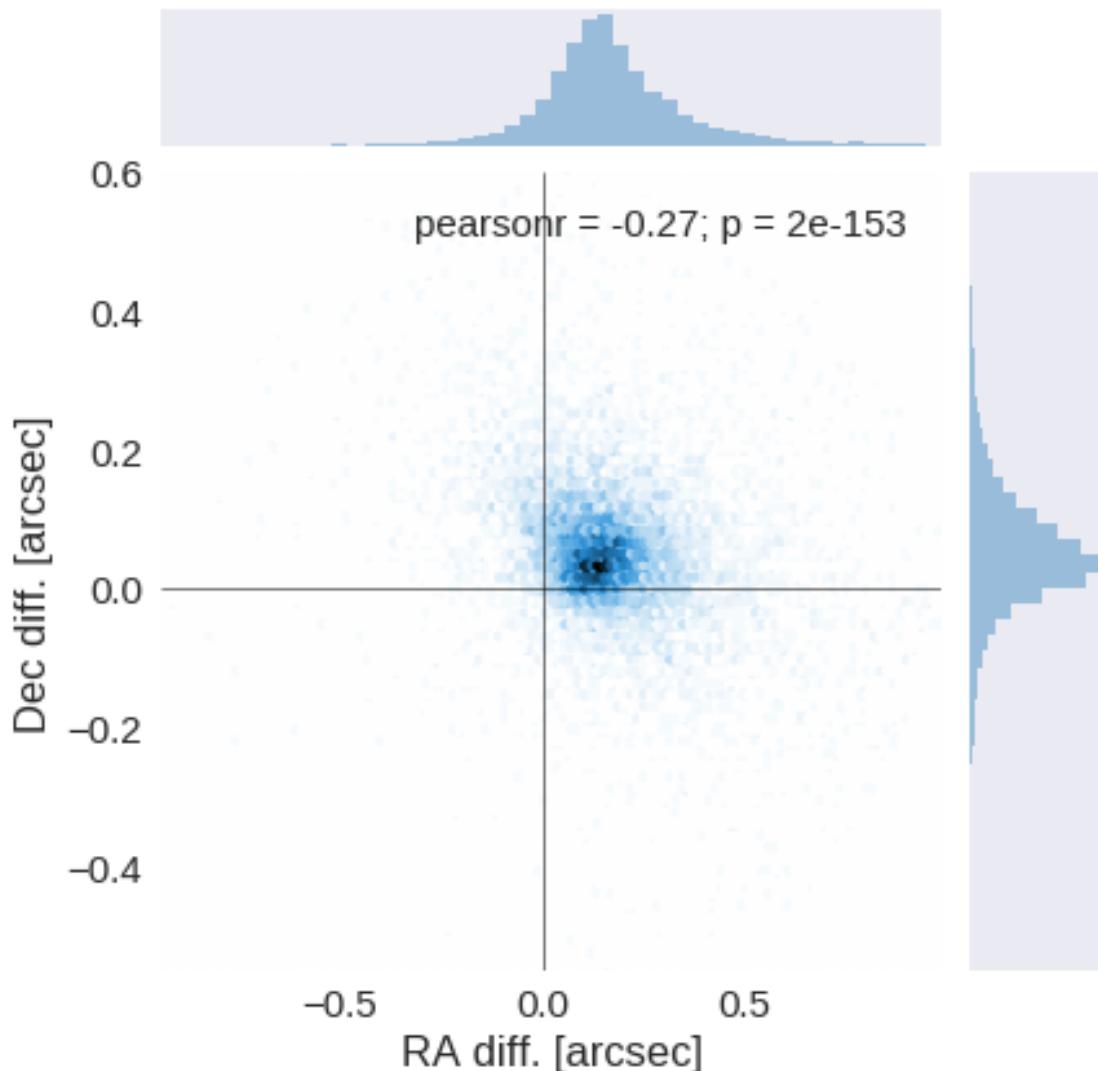
The initial catalogue had 780583 sources.

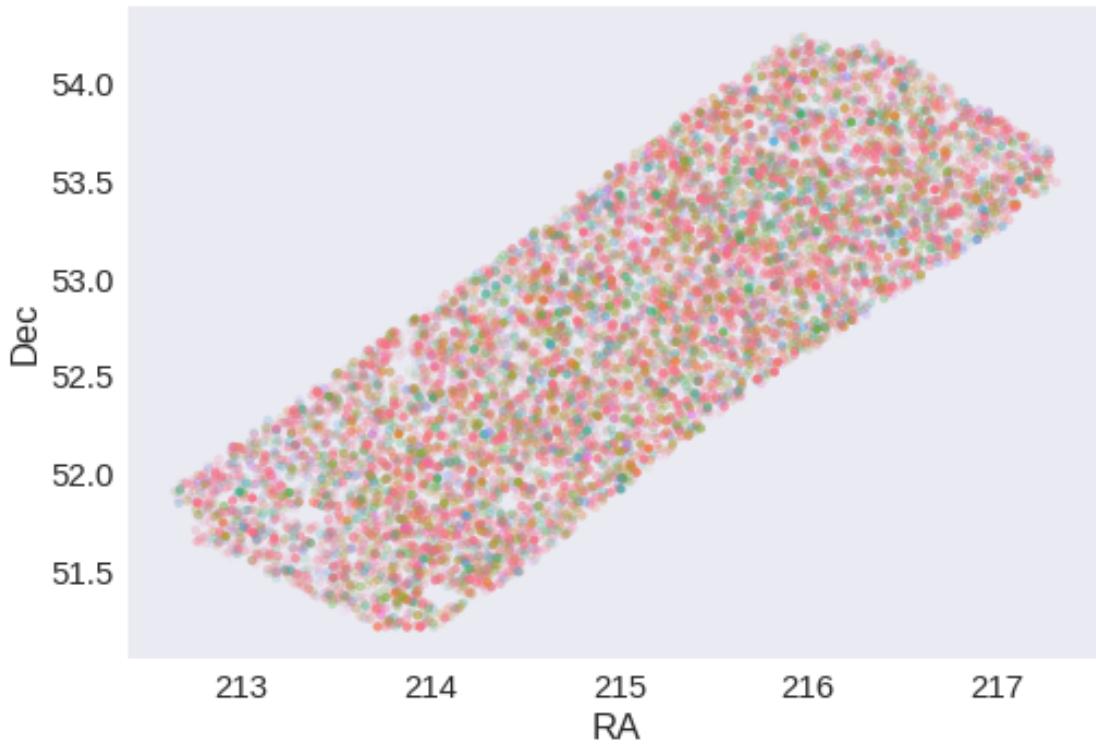
The cleaned catalogue has 780559 sources (24 removed).

The cleaned catalogue has 24 sources flagged as having been cleaned

## 1.4 III - Astrometry correction

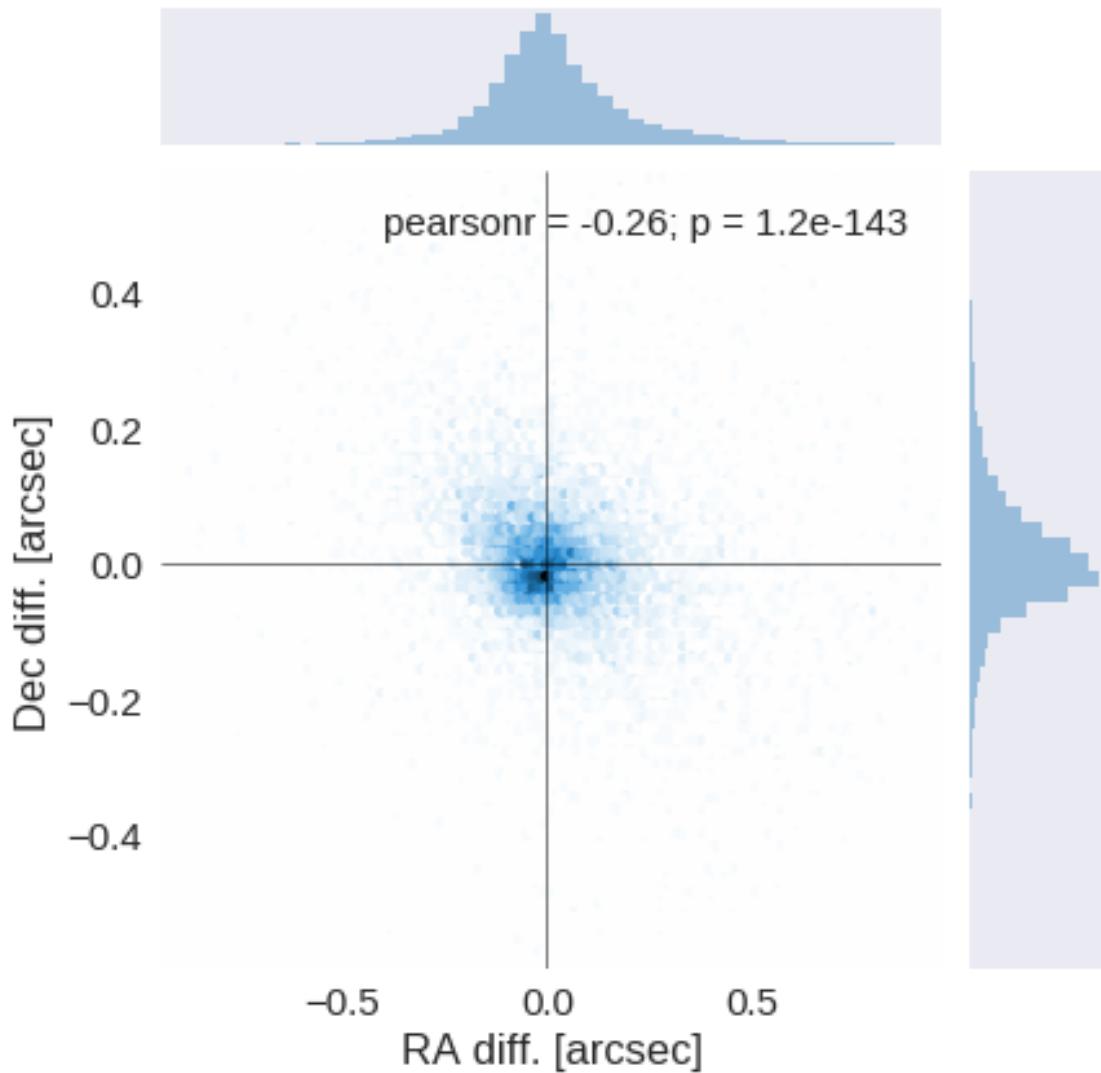
We match the astrometry to the Gaia one. We limit the Gaia catalogue to sources with a g band flux between the 30th and the 70th percentile. Some quick tests show that this give the lower dispersion in the results.

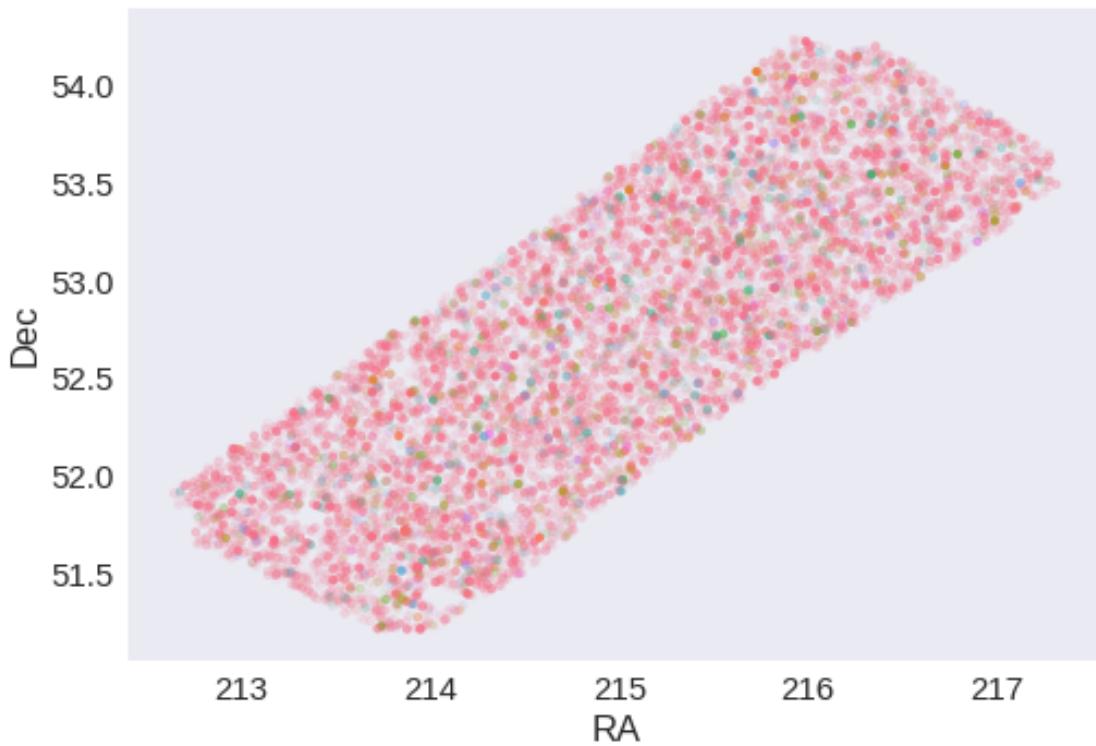




RA correction: -0.14894731443746423 arcsec

Dec correction: -0.04603114763597205 arcsec





## 1.5 IV - Flagging Gaia objects

9254 sources flagged.

## 1.6 V - Flagging objects near bright stars

## 2 VI - Saving to disk

# 1.4b\_CFHTLS-DEEP

March 8, 2018

## 1 EGS master catalogue

### 1.1 Preparation of Canada France Hawaii Telescope Legacy Survey (CFHTLS) data

The catalogue is in dmu0\_CFHTLS.

In the catalogue, we keep:

- The position;
- The stellarity (g band stellarity);
- The aperture magnitude (3 arcsec).
- The total magnitude (Kron like aperture magnitude).

We use the 2007 release, which we take as the date.

```
This notebook was run with herschelhelp_internal version:  
0246c5d (Thu Jan 25 17:01:47 2018 +0000) [with local modifications]  
This notebook was executed on:  
2018-02-07 19:29:17.397499
```

### 1.2 I - Column selection

Out[6]: <IPython.core.display.HTML object>

### 1.3 II - Removal of duplicated sources

We remove duplicated objects from the input catalogues.

```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/astropy/table/column.py:10  
Check the NumPy 1.11 release notes for more information.  
    ma.MaskedArray.__setitem__(self, index, value)
```

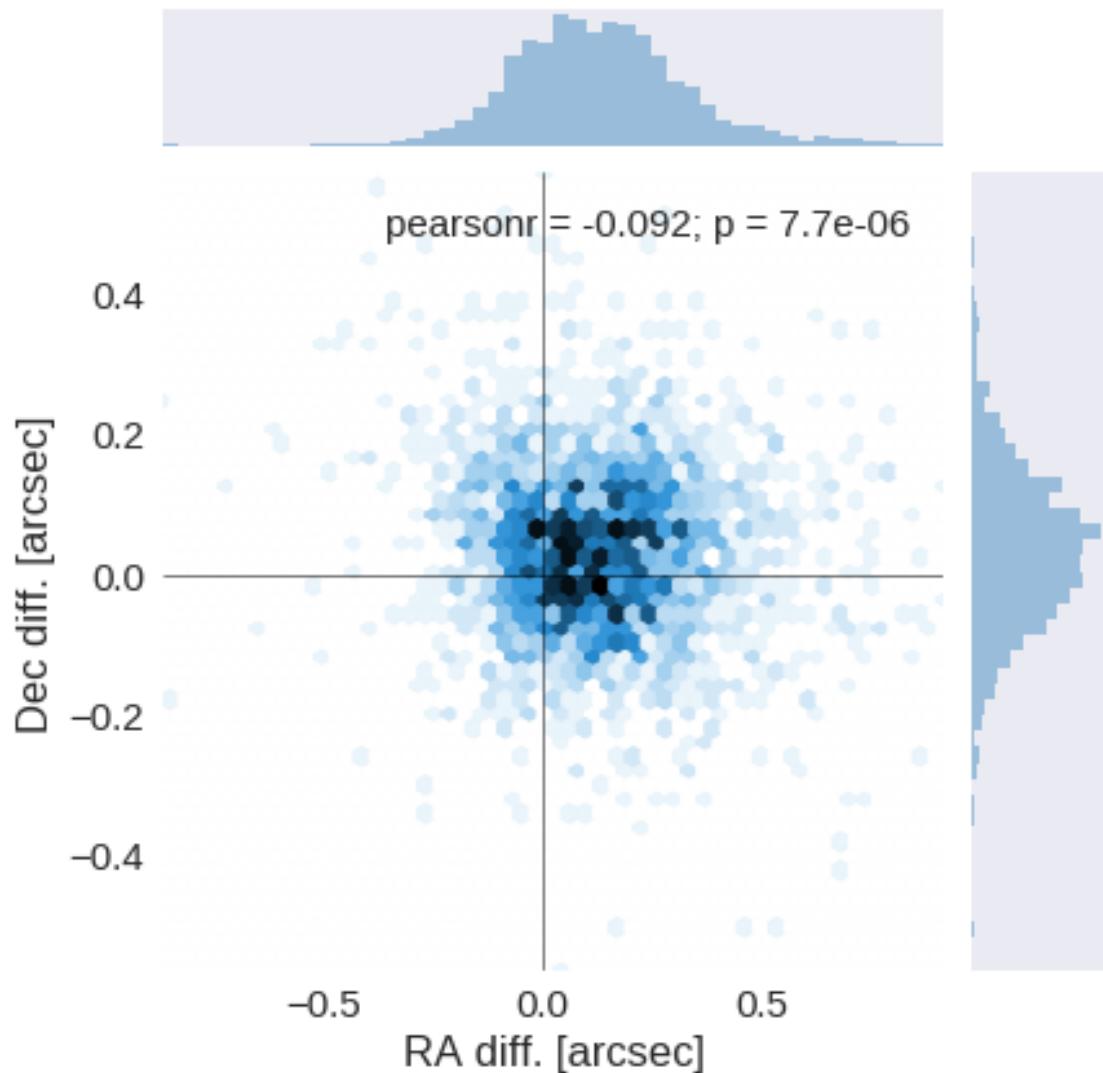
The initial catalogue had 566572 sources.

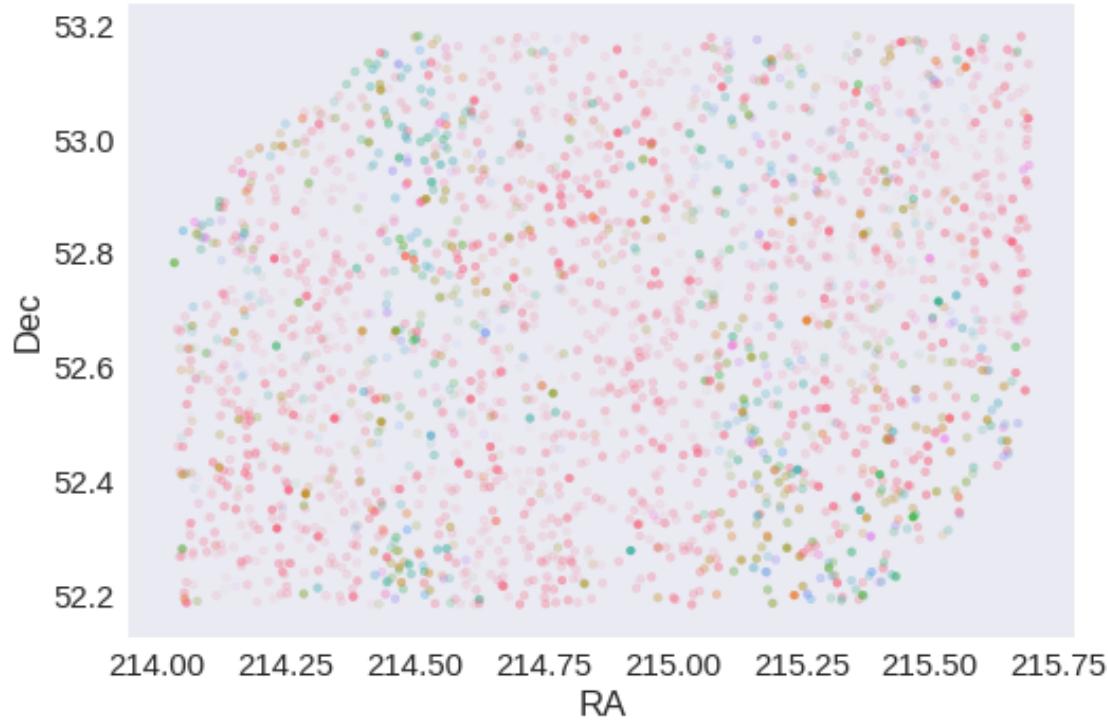
The cleaned catalogue has 566572 sources (0 removed).

The cleaned catalogue has 0 sources flagged as having been cleaned

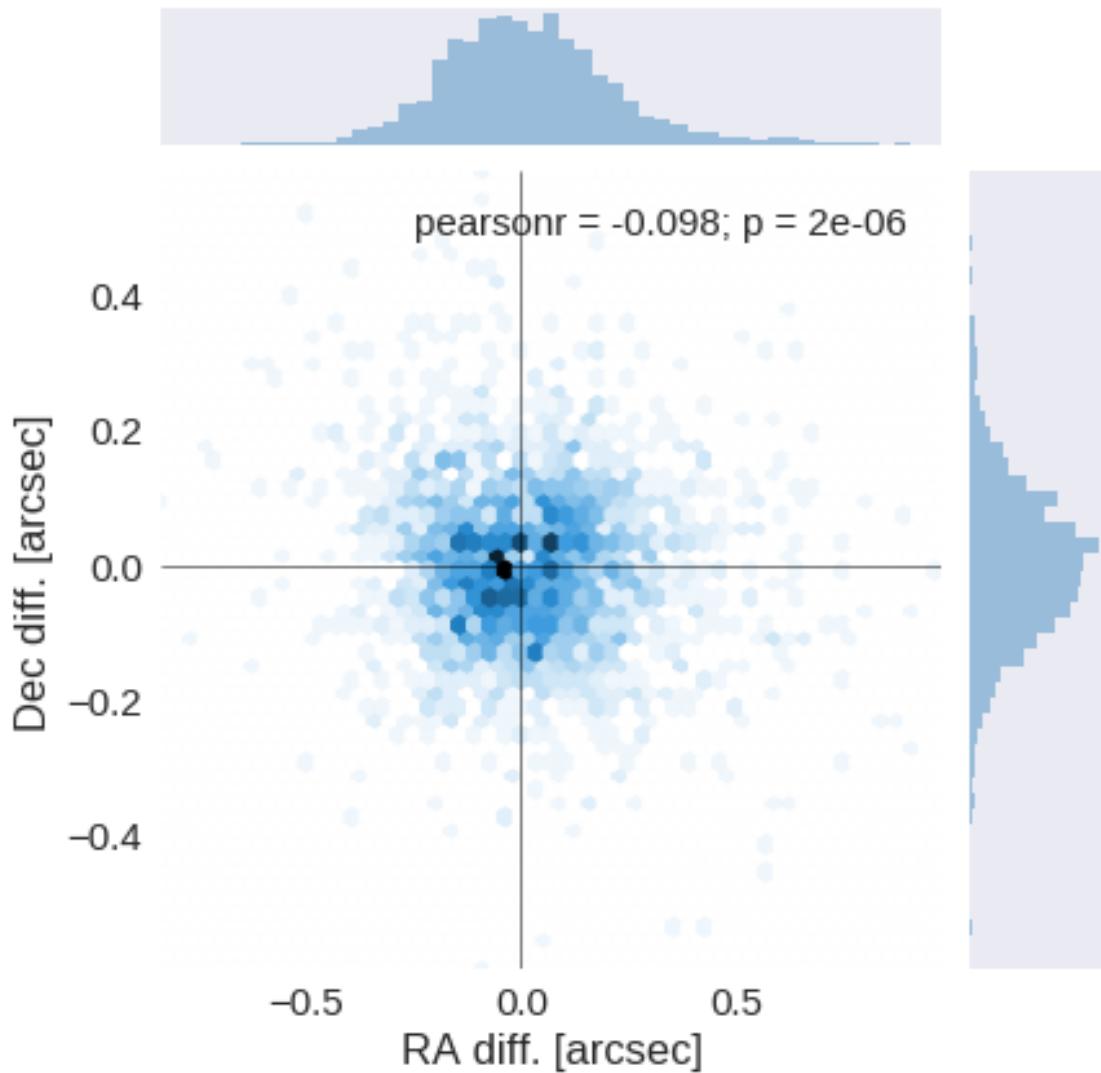
## 1.4 III - Astrometry correction

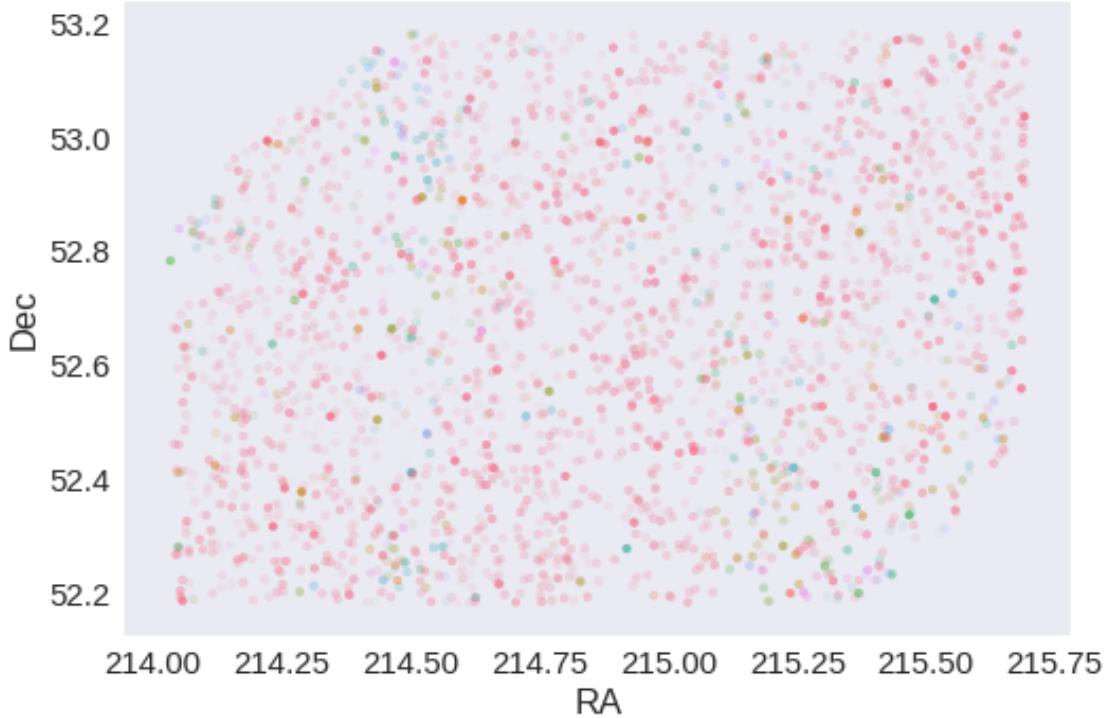
We match the astrometry to the Gaia one. We limit the Gaia catalogue to sources with a g band flux between the 30th and the 70th percentile. Some quick tests show that this give the lower dispersion in the results.





RA correction: -0.11242272060485448 arcsec  
Dec correction: -0.033367632829595095 arcsec





## 1.5 IV - Flagging Gaia objects

2390 sources flagged.

## 1.6 V - Flagging objects near bright stars

## 2 VI - Saving to disk

# 1.5\_CFHTLenS

March 8, 2018

## 1 EGS master catalogue

### 1.1 Preparation of Canada France Hawaii Telescope Lensing Survey (CFHTLenS) data

CFHTLenS catalogue: the catalogue comes from dmu0\_CFHTLenS.

In the catalogue, we keep:

- The identifier (it's unique in the catalogue);
- The position;
- The stellarity;
- The kron magnitude, there doesn't appear to be aperture magnitudes. This may mean the survey is unusable.

We use the publication year 2012 for the epoch.

```
This notebook was run with herschelhelp_internal version:  
0246c5d (Thu Jan 25 17:01:47 2018 +0000) [with local modifications]
```

This notebook was executed on:

```
2018-02-07 19:29:53.426721
```

### 1.2 I - Column selection

```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/astropy/table/column.py:10  
Check the NumPy 1.11 release notes for more information.  
    ma.MaskedArray.__setitem__(self, index, value)  
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/ipykernel/__main__.py:10:  
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/ipykernel/__main__.py:11:
```

**Out[6]:** <IPython.core.display.HTML object>

### 1.3 II - Removal of duplicated sources

We remove duplicated objects from the input catalogues.

```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/astropy/table/column.py:10  
Check the NumPy 1.11 release notes for more information.  
    ma.MaskedArray.__setitem__(self, index, value)
```

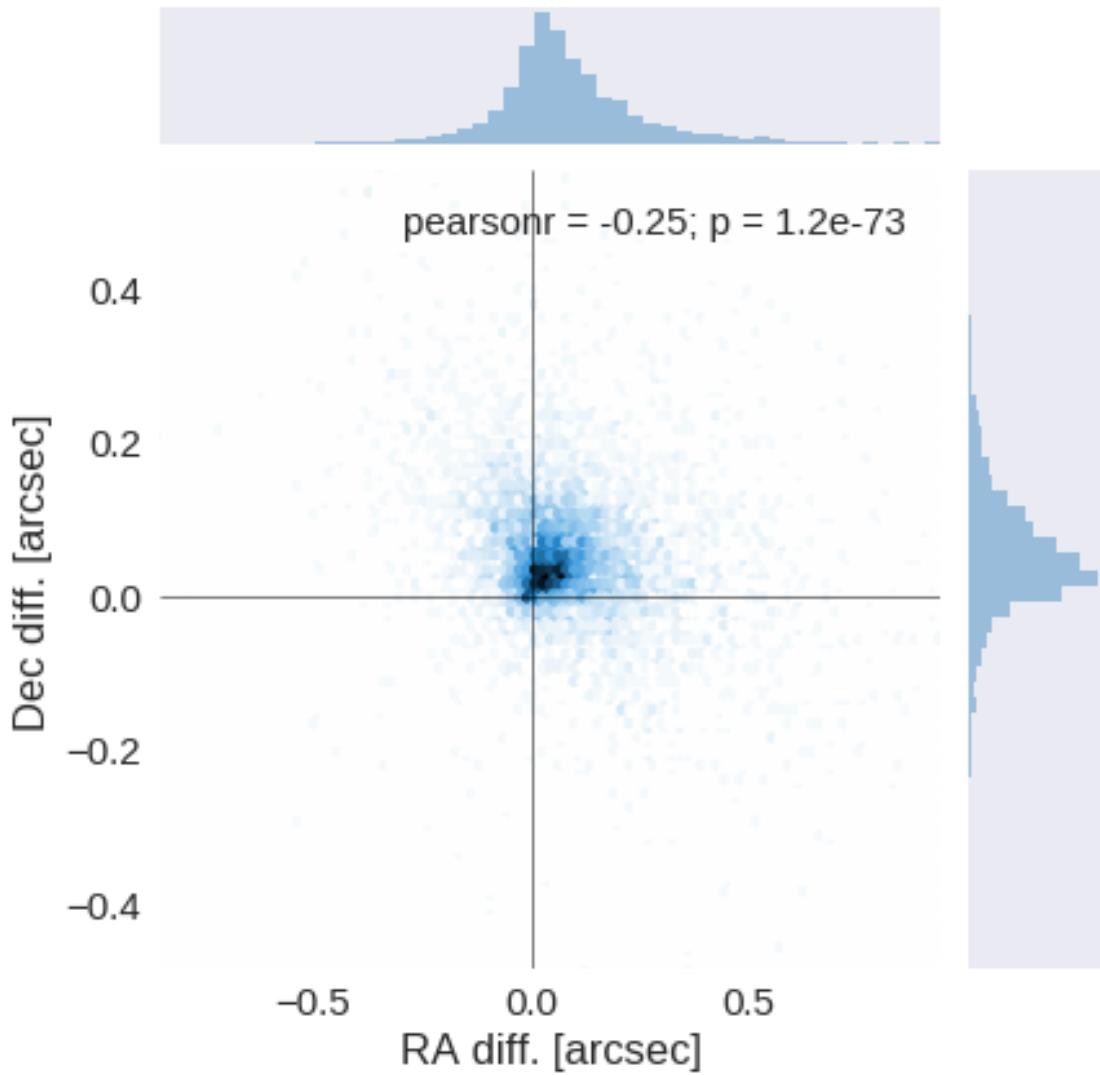
The initial catalogue had 466735 sources.

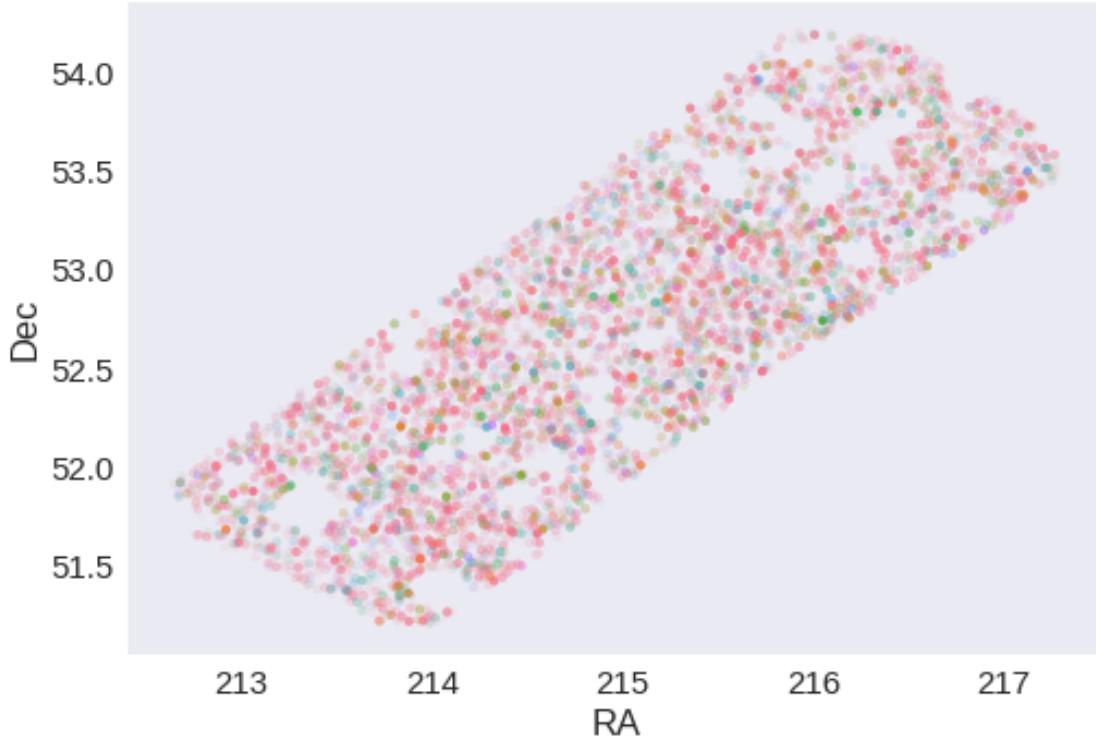
The cleaned catalogue has 466731 sources (4 removed).

The cleaned catalogue has 4 sources flagged as having been cleaned

## 1.4 III - Astrometry correction

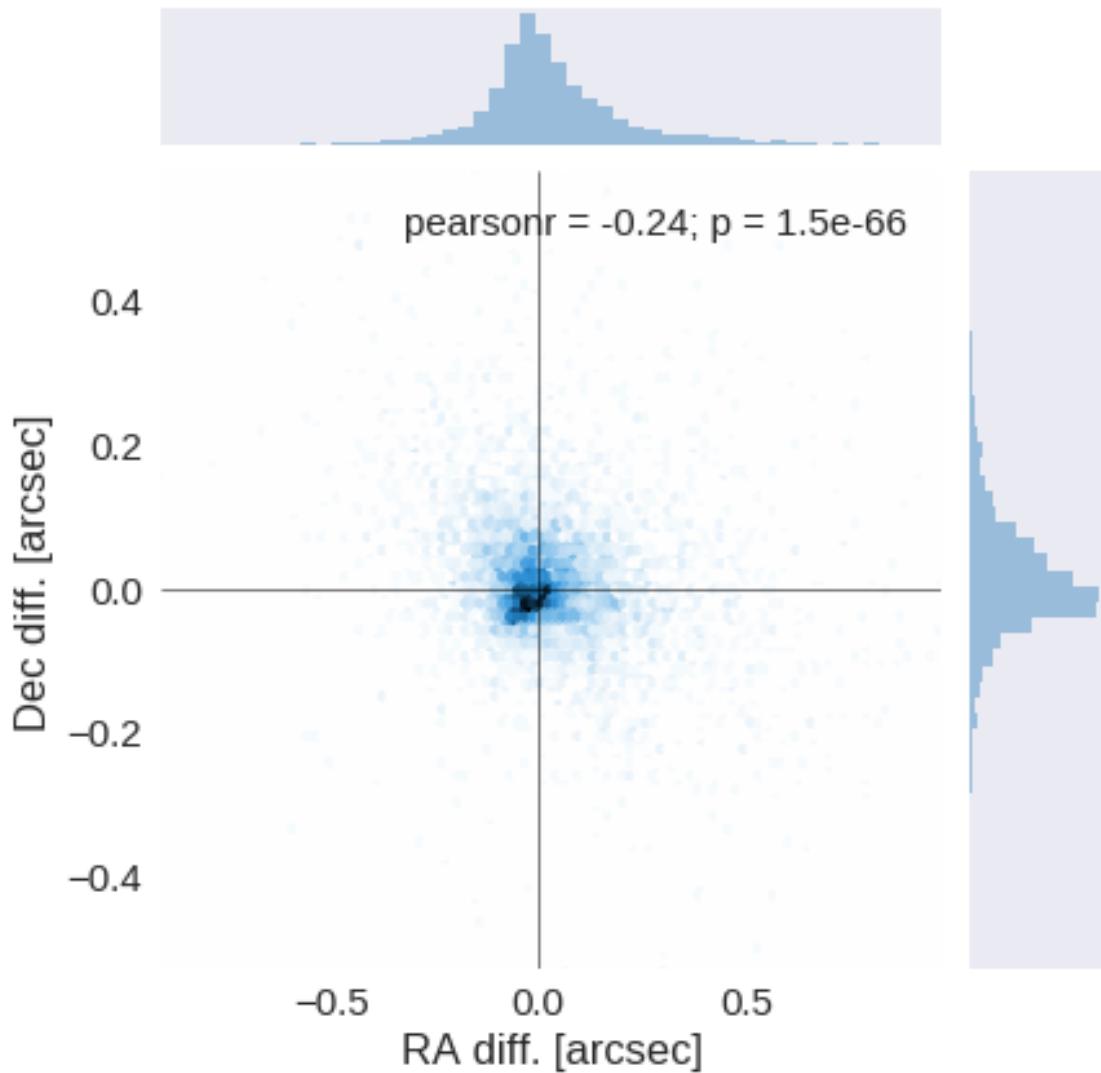
We match the astrometry to the Gaia one. We limit the Gaia catalogue to sources with a g band flux between the 30th and the 70th percentile. Some quick tests show that this give the lower dispersion in the results.

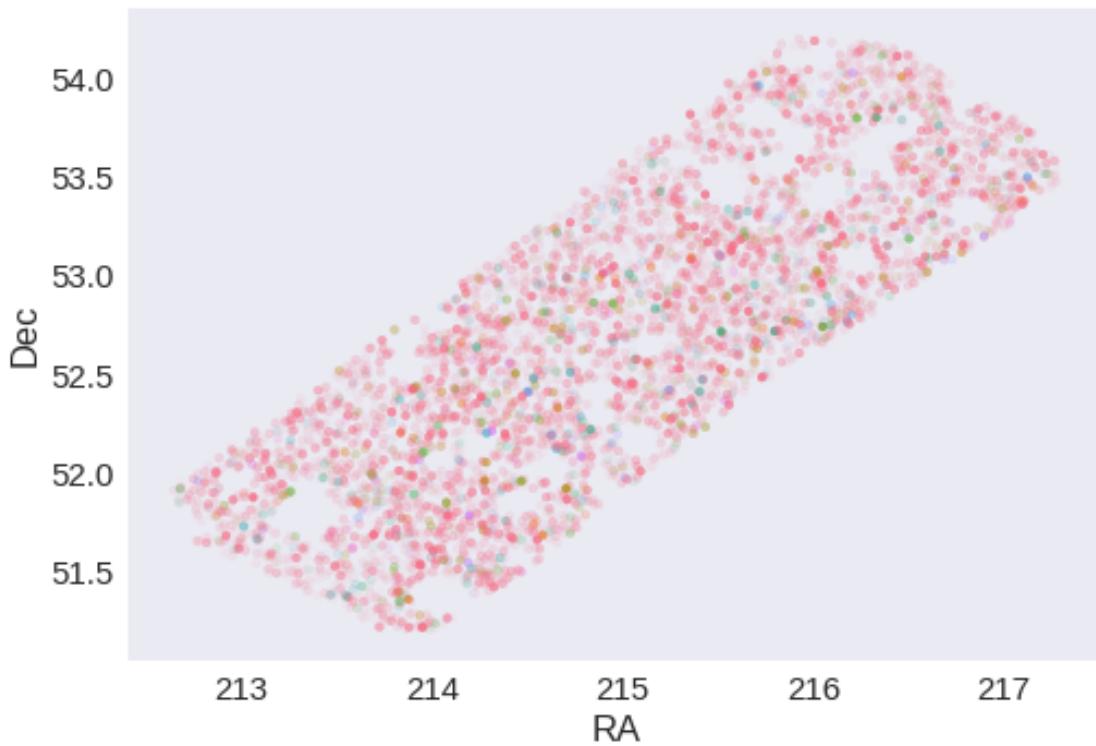




RA correction: -0.054139660204555184 arcsec

Dec correction: -0.043344491388097595 arcsec





## 1.5 IV - Flagging Gaia objects

5159 sources flagged.

## 1.6 V - Flagging objects near bright stars

## 2 VI - Saving to disk

# 1.6 CANDELS-EGS

March 8, 2018

## 1 EGS master catalogue

### 1.1 Preparation of CANDELS-EGS data

CANDELS-EGS catalogue: the catalogue comes from dm0\_CANDELS-EGS.

In the catalogue, we keep:

- The identifier (it's unique in the catalogue);
- The position;
- The stellarity;
- The magnitude for each band in 2 arcsec aperture (aperture 10).
- The kron magnitude to be used as total magnitude (no "auto" magnitude is provided).

We don't know when the maps have been observed. We will use the year of the reference paper.

This notebook was run with herschelhelp\_internal version:  
0246c5d (Thu Jan 25 17:01:47 2018 +0000) [with local modifications]

This notebook was executed on:

2018-02-07 19:30:38.471667

### 1.2 I - Column selection

```
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:76: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in log10  
    magnitudes = 2.5 * (23 - np.log10(fluxes)) - 48.6  
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:76: RuntimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in log10  
    magnitudes = 2.5 * (23 - np.log10(fluxes)) - 48.6  
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:80: RuntimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in log  
    errors = 2.5 / np.log(10) * errors_on_fluxes / fluxes
```

Out[6]: <IPython.core.display.HTML object>

### 1.3 II - Removal of duplicated sources

We remove duplicated objects from the input catalogues.

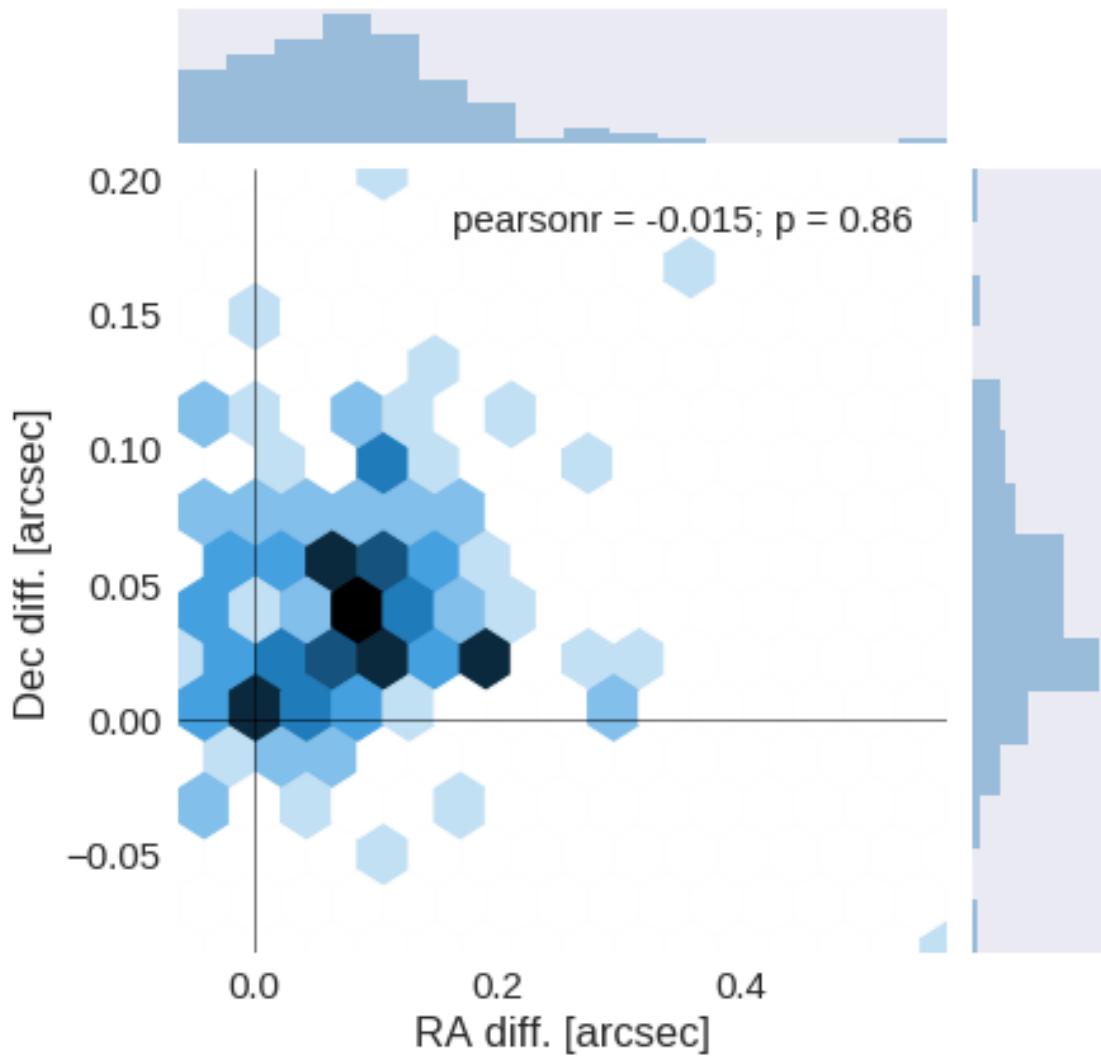
The initial catalogue had 41457 sources.

The cleaned catalogue has 41449 sources (8 removed).

The cleaned catalogue has 8 sources flagged as having been cleaned

## 1.4 III - Astrometry correction

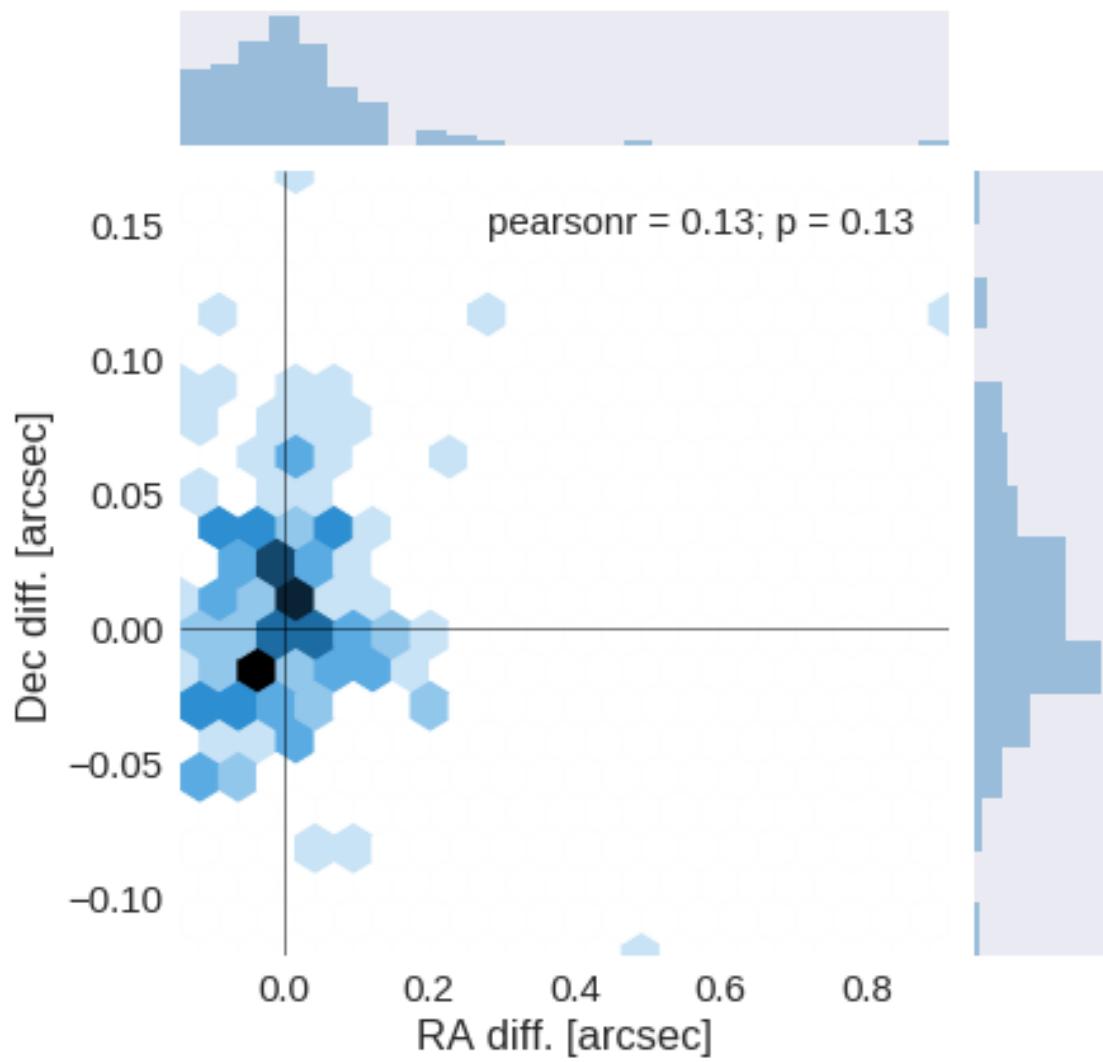
We match the astrometry to the Gaia one. We limit the Gaia catalogue to sources with a g band flux between the 30th and the 70th percentile. Some quick tests show that this give the lower dispersion in the results.

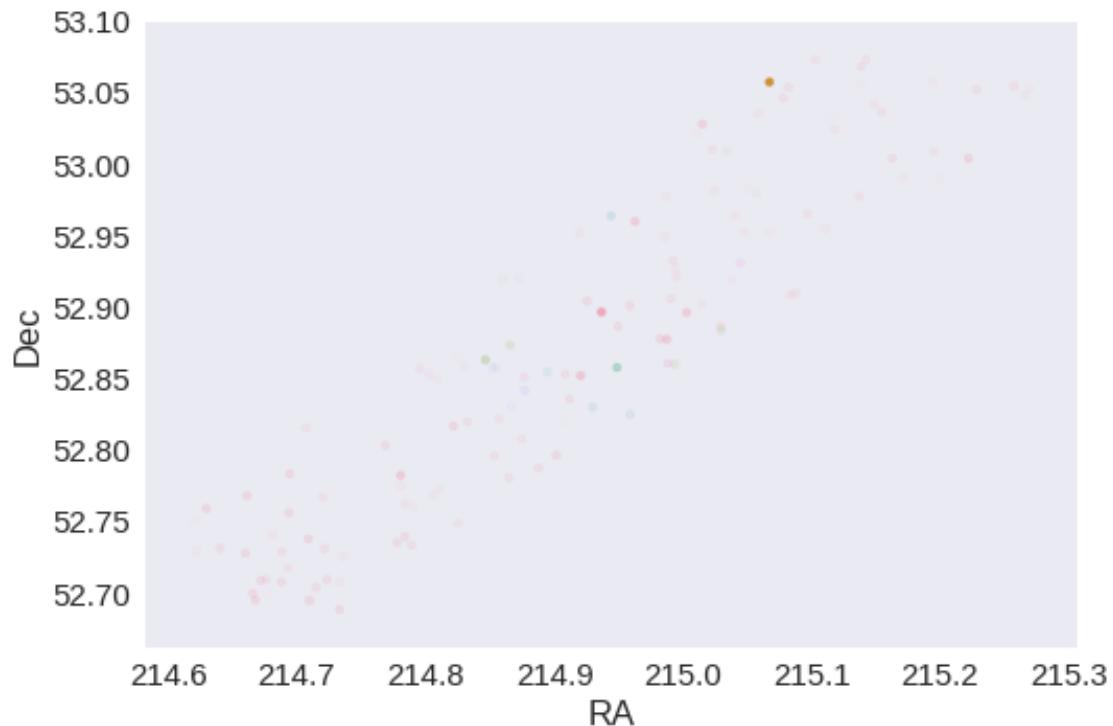




RA correction: -0.07893977393678142 arcsec

Dec correction: -0.034441607530766305 arcsec





## 1.5 IV - Flagging Gaia objects

160 sources flagged.

## 2 V - Saving to disk

# 1.7\_DEEP2

March 8, 2018

## 1 EGS master catalogue

### 1.1 Preparation of DEEP2 data

DEEP2 catalogue: the catalogue comes from dm0\_DEEP2.

In the catalogue, we keep:

- The identifier (it's unique in the catalogue);
- The position;
- The stellarity;
- The total magnitude. No aperture magnitudes are given.

We don't know when the maps have been observed. We will use the year of the reference paper.

```
This notebook was run with herschelhelp_internal version:  
0246c5d (Thu Jan 25 17:01:47 2018 +0000) [with local modifications]  
This notebook was executed on:  
2018-02-07 19:30:51.539432
```

### 1.2 I - Column selection

```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/astropy/table/column.py:10  
Check the NumPy 1.11 release notes for more information.  
    ma.MaskedArray.__setitem__(self, index, value)
```

**Out[6]:** <IPython.core.display.HTML object>

### 1.3 II - Removal of duplicated sources

We remove duplicated objects from the input catalogues.

```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/astropy/table/column.py:10  
Check the NumPy 1.11 release notes for more information.  
    ma.MaskedArray.__setitem__(self, index, value)
```

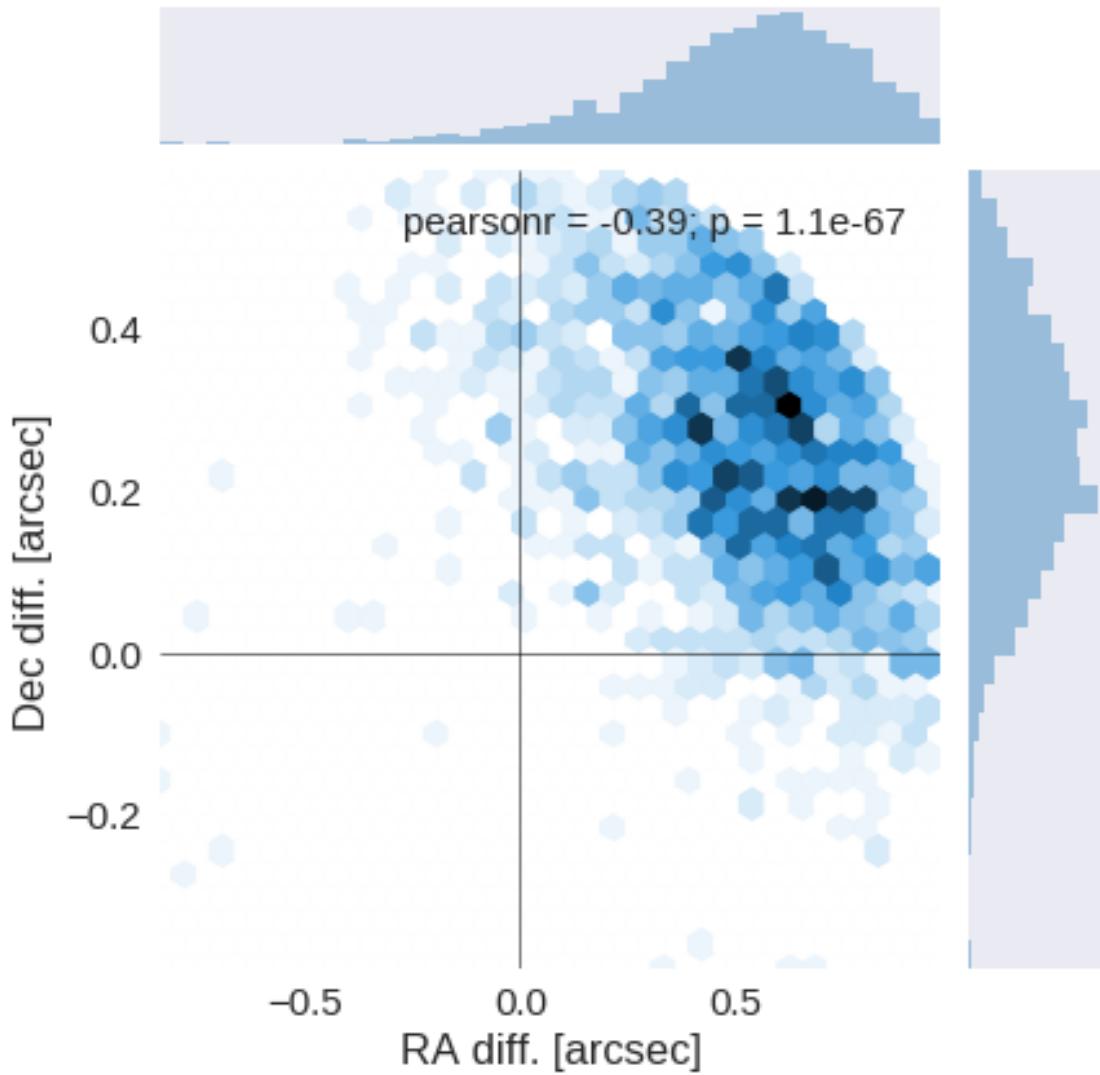
The initial catalogue had 208517 sources.

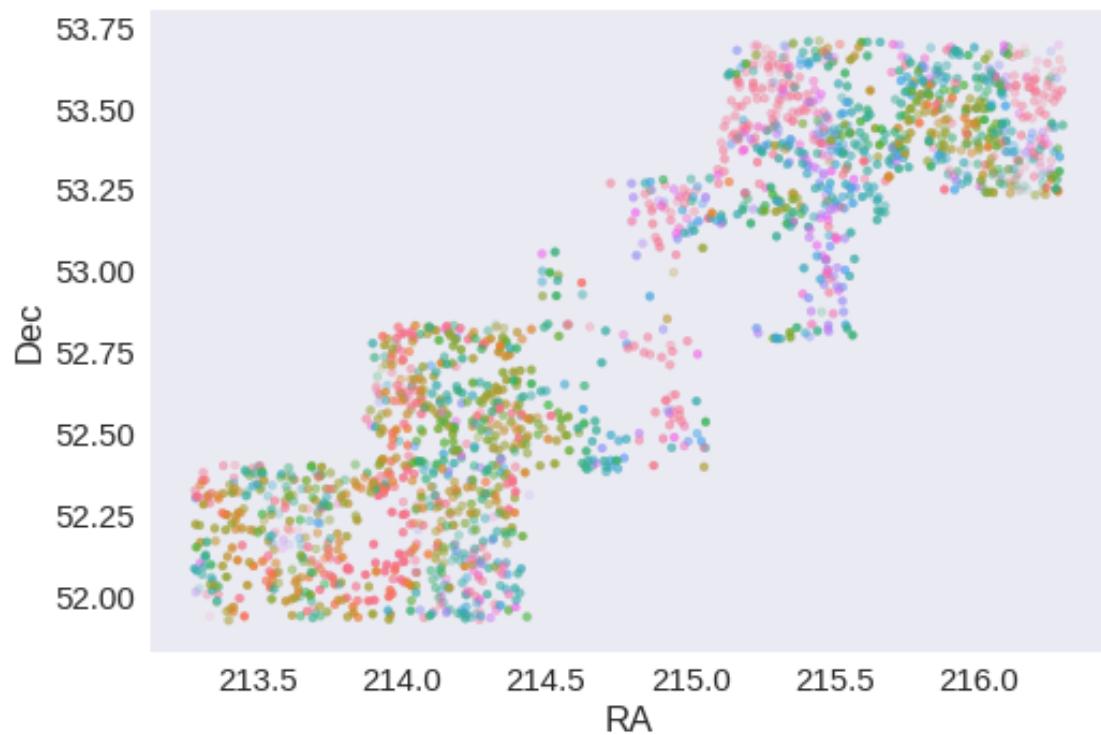
The cleaned catalogue has 204382 sources (4135 removed).

The cleaned catalogue has 4134 sources flagged as having been cleaned

## 1.4 III - Astrometry correction

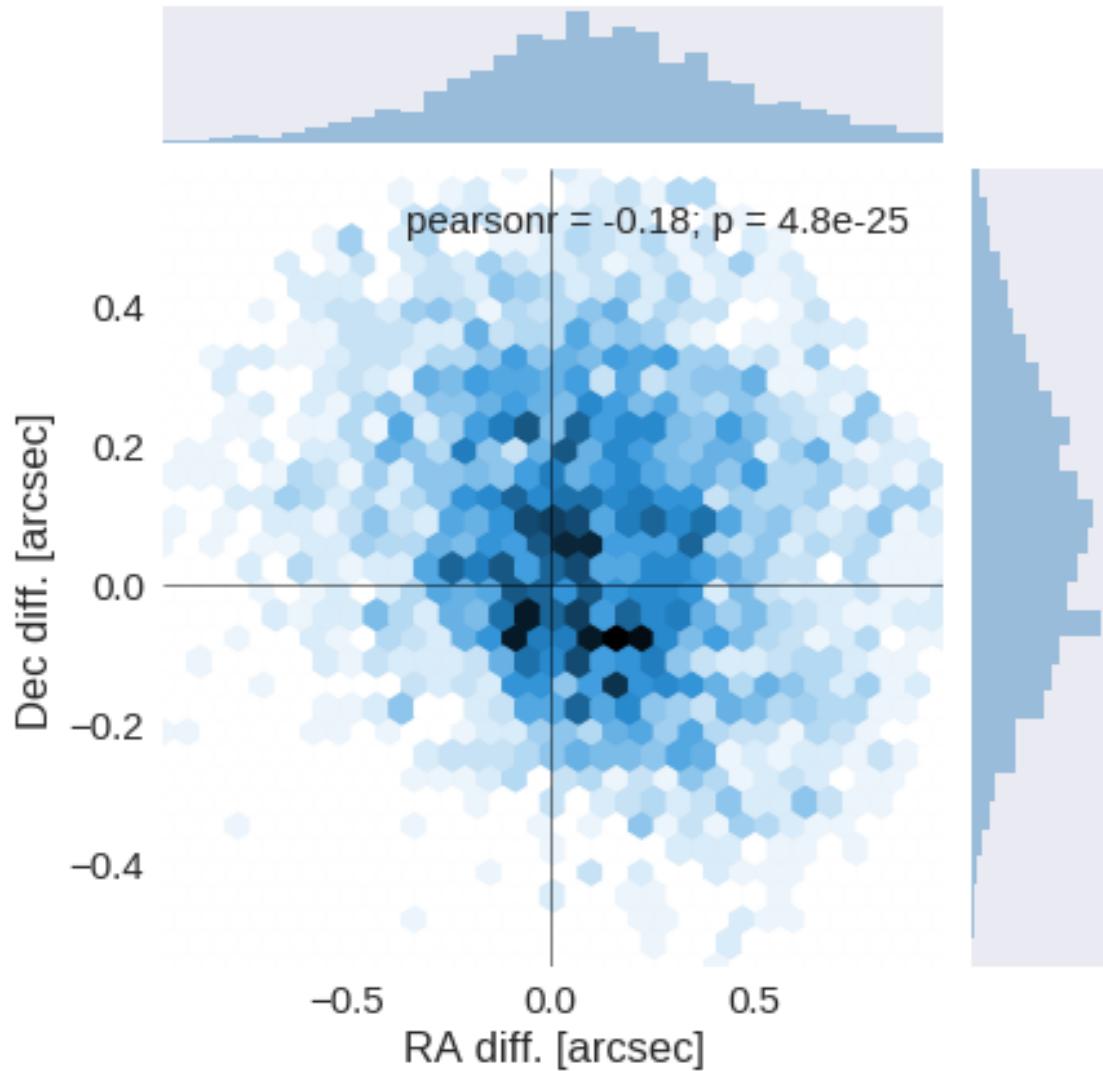
We match the astrometry to the Gaia one. We limit the Gaia catalogue to sources with a g band flux between the 30th and the 70th percentile. Some quick tests show that this give the lower dispersion in the results.

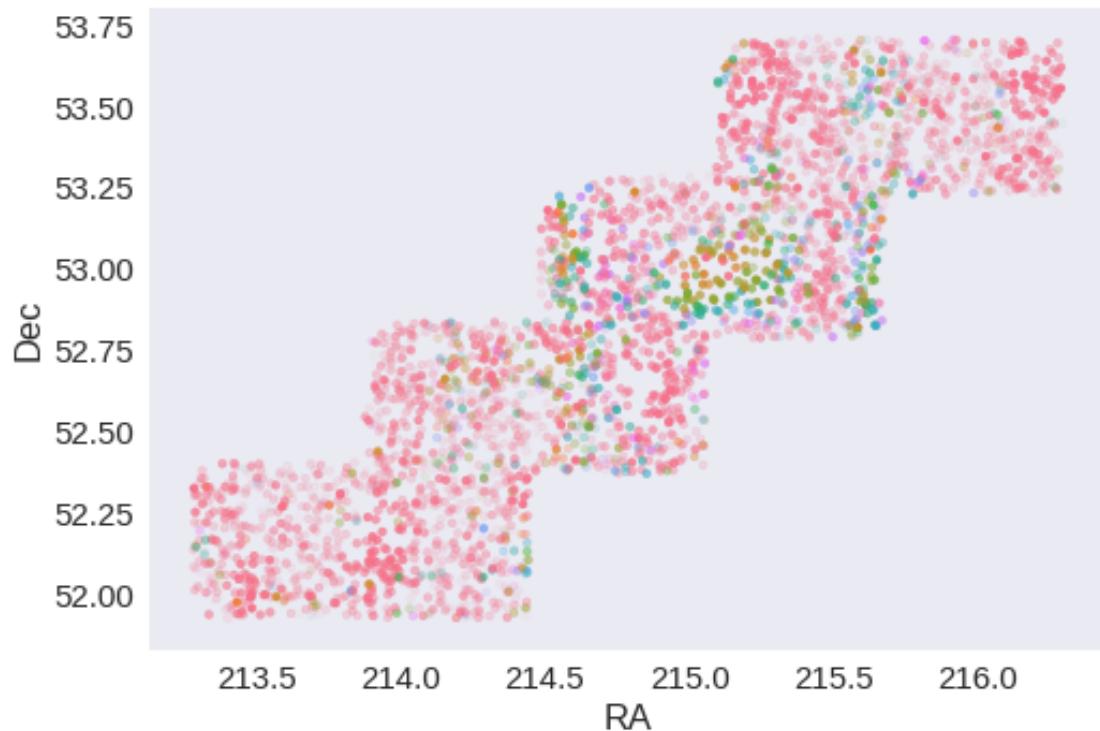




RA correction: -0.5583843305942082 arcsec

Dec correction: -0.24953763438304577 arcsec





### 1.5 IV - Flagging Gaia objects

3592 sources flagged.

## 2 V - Saving to disk

# 1.8\_IRAC-EGS

March 8, 2018

## 1 EGS master catalogue

### 1.1 Preparation of IRAC-EGS data

IRAC-EGS catalogue: the catalogue comes from dmu0\_IRAC-EGS.

In the catalogue, we keep:

- The identifier (it's unique in the catalogue);
- The position;
- The total flux (no aperture fluxes given).

We don't know when the maps have been observed. We will use the year of the reference paper.

```
This notebook was run with herschelhelp_internal version:  
0246c5d (Thu Jan 25 17:01:47 2018 +0000) [with local modifications]  
This notebook was executed on:  
2018-02-17 12:58:20.299746
```

### 1.2 I - Column selection

Out[6]: <IPython.core.display.HTML object>

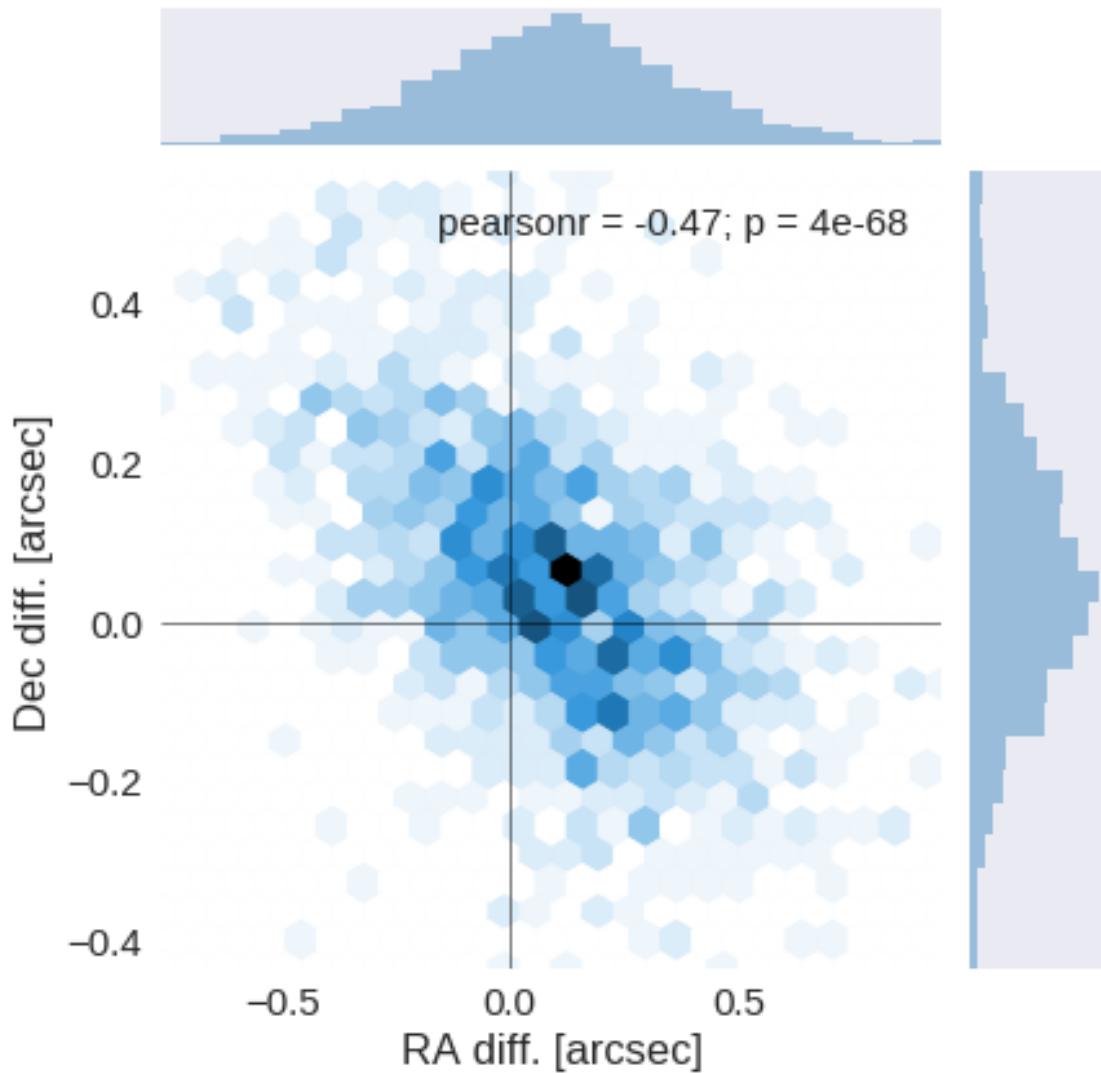
### 1.3 II - Removal of duplicated sources

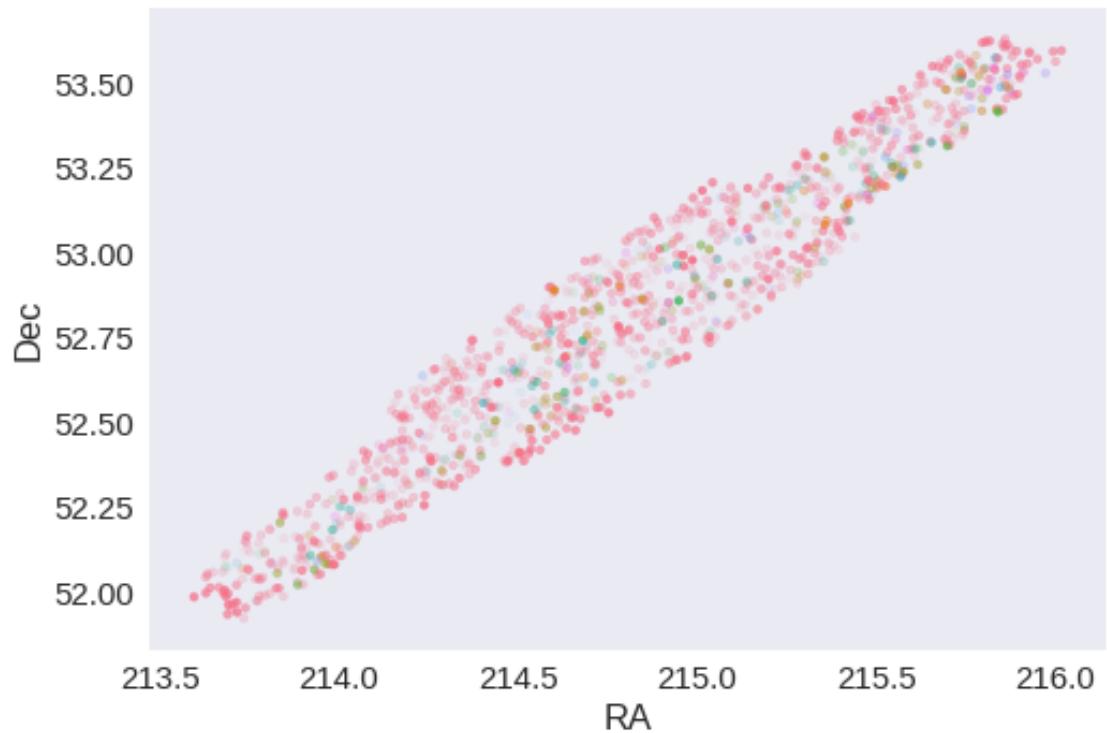
We remove duplicated objects from the input catalogues.

```
The initial catalogue had 117929 sources.  
The cleaned catalogue has 117929 sources (0 removed).  
The cleaned catalogue has 0 sources flagged as having been cleaned
```

### 1.4 III - Astrometry correction

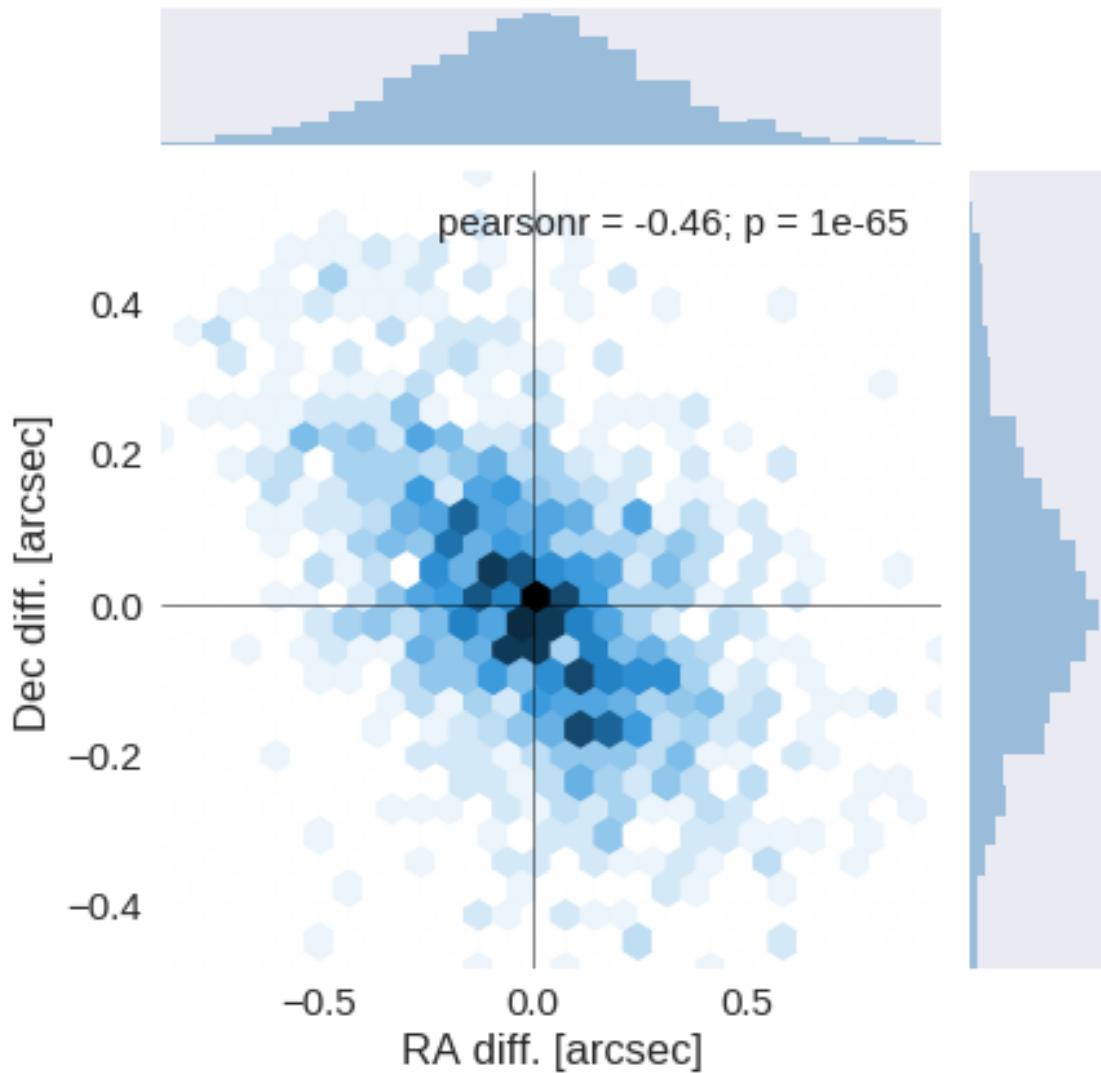
We match the astrometry to the Gaia one. We limit the Gaia catalogue to sources with a g band flux between the 30th and the 70th percentile. Some quick tests show that this give the lower dispersion in the results.

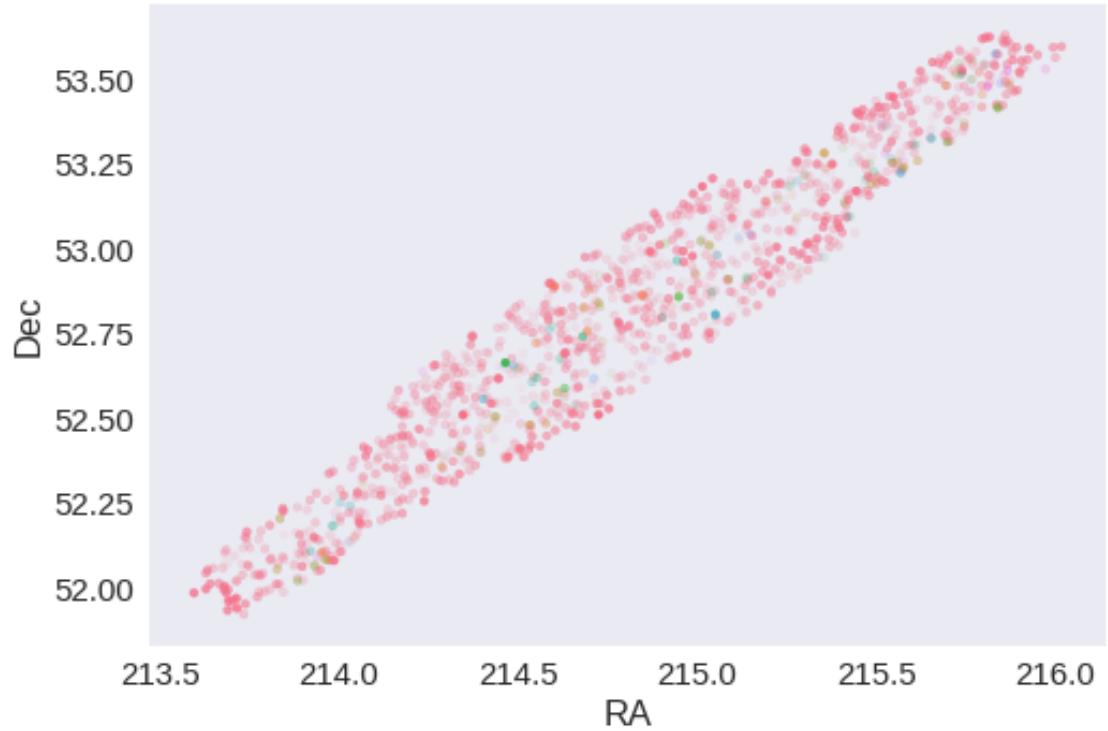




RA correction: -0.10139878082782161 arcsec

Dec correction: -0.05154244758358573 arcsec





## 1.5 IV - Flagging Gaia objects

1297 sources flagged.

## 2 V - Saving to disk

# 1.9\_HSC

March 8, 2018

## 1 EGS master catalogue

### 1.1 Preparation of Hyper Suprime-Cam Subaru Strategic Program Catalogues (HSC-SSP) wide data

This catalogue comes from dmu0\_HSC. We only have n921 and n816 photometry on the ultradeep field.

In the catalogue, we keep:

- The object\_id as unique object identifier;
- The position;
- The g, r, i, z, y aperture magnitude in 2" that we aperture correct;
- The g, r, i, z, y kron fluxes and magnitudes.
- The extended flag that we convert to a stellar.

We don't know when the maps have been observed. We will use the year of the reference paper.

```
This notebook was run with herschelhelp_internal version:  
0246c5d (Thu Jan 25 17:01:47 2018 +0000) [with local modifications]  
This notebook was executed on:  
2018-02-07 19:31:20.726269
```

### 1.2 I - Aperture correction

To compute aperture correction we need to determine two parameters: the target aperture and the range of magnitudes for the stars that will be used to compute the correction.

**Target aperture:** To determine the target aperture, we simulate a curve of growth using the provided apertures and draw two figures:

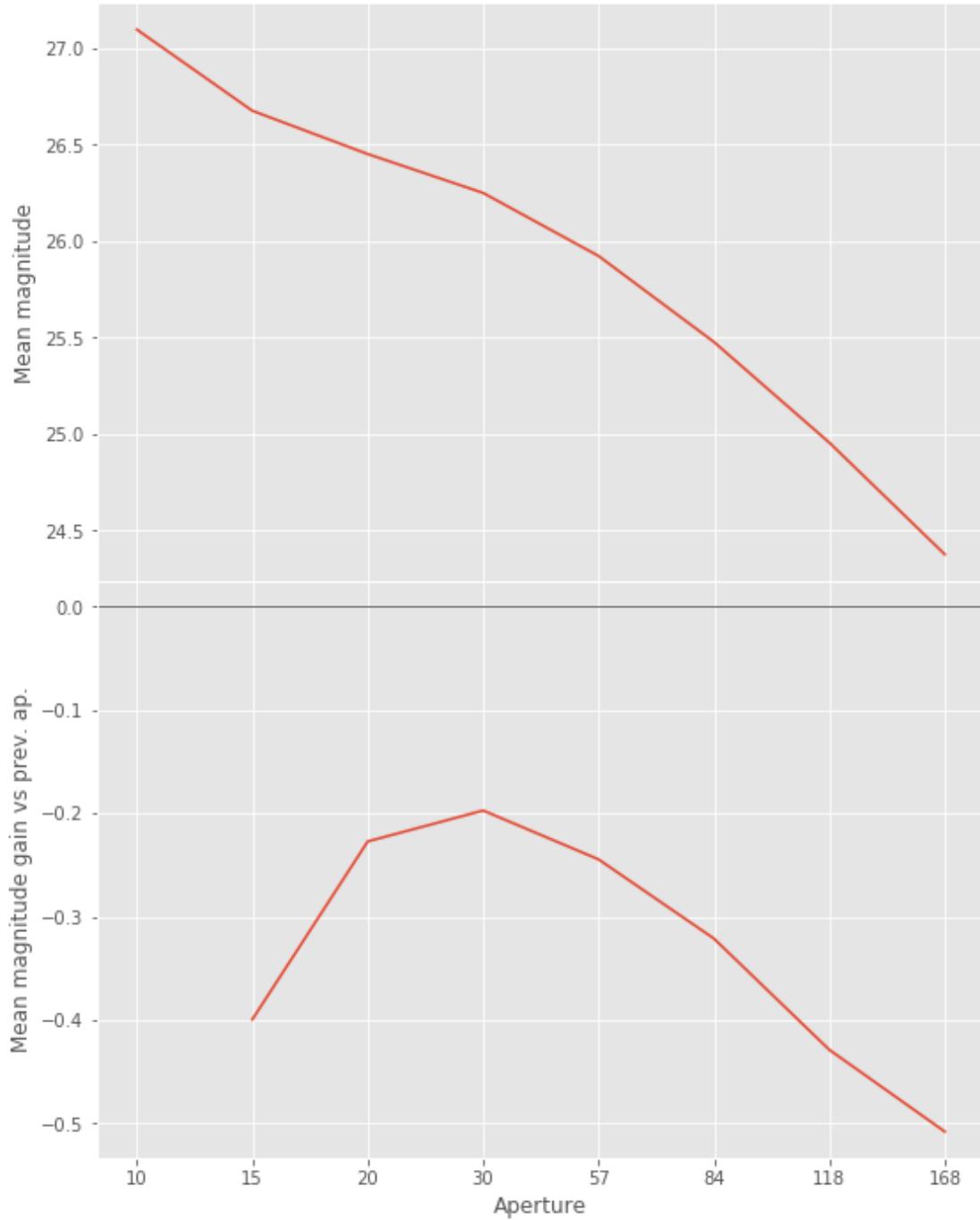
- The evolution of the magnitudes of the objects by plotting on the same plot aperture number vs the mean magnitude.
- The mean gain (loss when negative) of magnitude is each aperture compared to the previous (except for the first of course).

As target aperture, we should use the smallest (i.e. less noisy) aperture for which most of the flux is captured.

**Magnitude range:** To know what limits in aperture to use when doing the aperture correction, we plot for each magnitude bin the correction that is computed and its RMS. We should then use the wide limits (to use more stars) where the correction is stable and with few dispersion.

### 1.2.1 I.a - g band

```
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/masterlist.py:850: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in less than  
mags = magnitudes[:, stellarity > stel_threshold].copy()
```

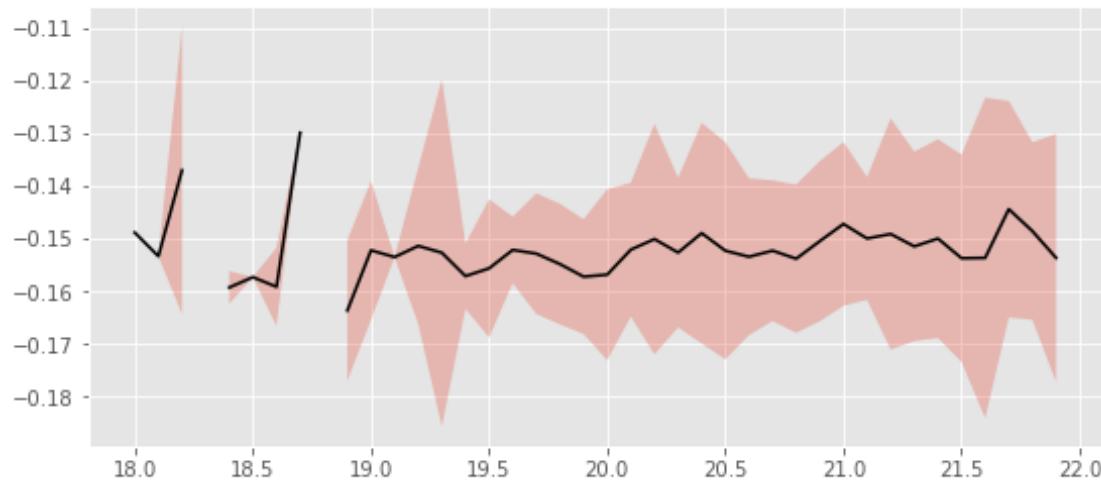


We will use aperture 57 as target.

```

/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/masterlist.py:903: RuntimeWarning: invalid value
    mask = stellarity > .9
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/astropy/table/column.py:10
Check the NumPy 1.11 release notes for more information.
    ma.MaskedArray.__setitem__(self, index, value)
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:129: RuntimeWarning: invalid value enc
    mask &= (stellarity > 0.9)
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:131: RuntimeWarning: invalid value enc
    mask &= (mag >= mag_min)
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:133: RuntimeWarning: invalid value enc
    mask &= (mag <= mag_max)

```



We will use magnitudes between 18.5 and 20.8

Aperture correction for g band:  
 Correction: -0.1536693572998047  
 Number of source used: 477  
 RMS: 0.013336935836438763

```

/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:129: RuntimeWarning: invalid value enc
    mask &= (stellarity > 0.9)
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:131: RuntimeWarning: invalid value enc
    mask &= (mag >= mag_min)
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:133: RuntimeWarning: invalid value enc
    mask &= (mag <= mag_max)

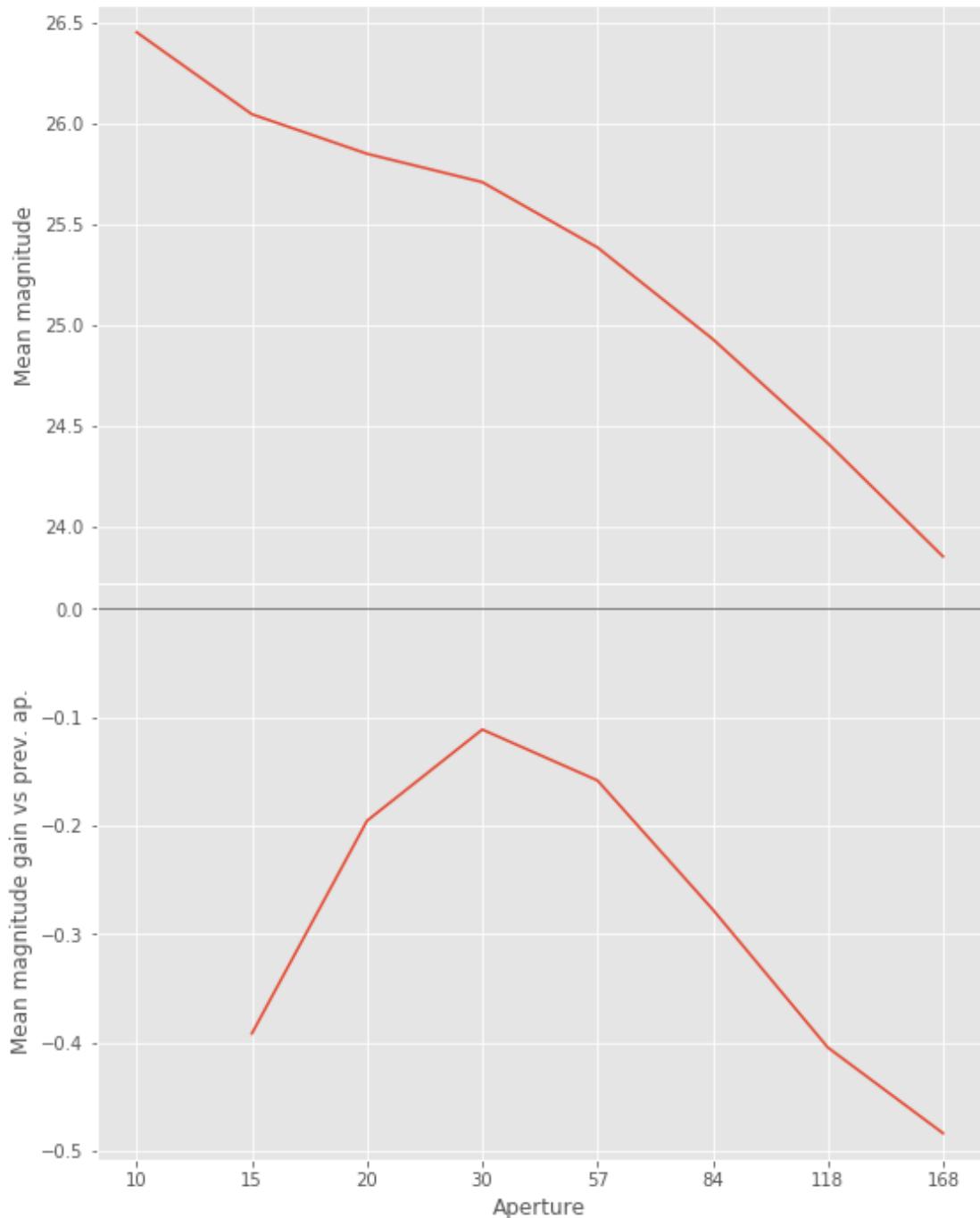
```

### 1.2.2 I.b - r band

```

/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/masterlist.py:850: RuntimeWarning: invalid value
    mags = magnitudes[:, stellarity > stel_threshold].copy()

```



We will use aperture 57 as target.

```
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/masterlist.py:903: RuntimeWarning: invalid value
  mask = stellarity > .9
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/astropy/table/column.py:10
```

```
Check the NumPy 1.11 release notes for more information.
```

```
    ma.MaskedArray.__setitem__(self, index, value)
```

```
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:129: RuntimeWarning: invalid value enc
```

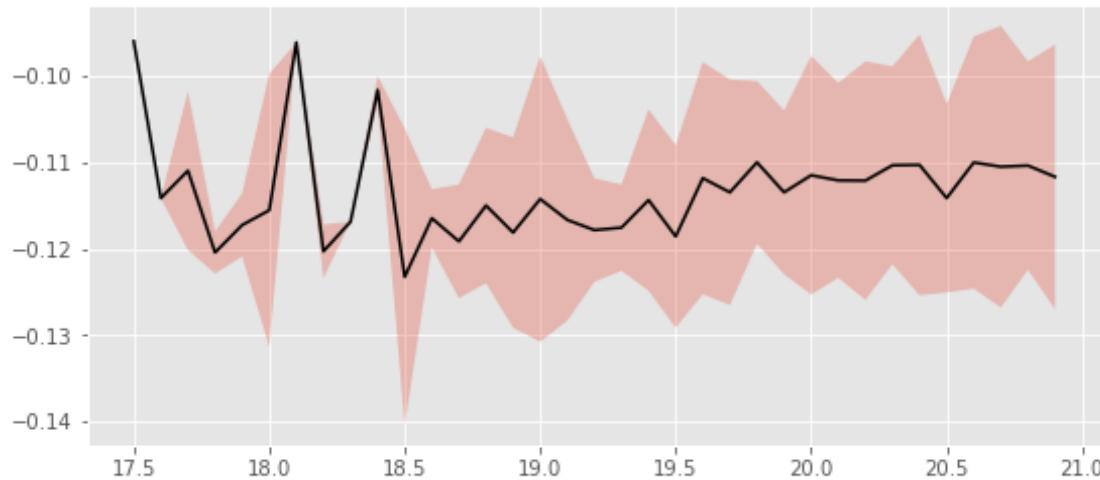
```
    mask &= (stellarity > 0.9)
```

```
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:131: RuntimeWarning: invalid value enc
```

```
    mask &= (mag >= mag_min)
```

```
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:133: RuntimeWarning: invalid value enc
```

```
    mask &= (mag <= mag_max)
```



We use magnitudes between 19.5 and 20.5.

```
Aperture correction for r band:
```

```
Correction: -0.11204338073730469
```

```
Number of source used: 606
```

```
RMS: 0.012112590040337011
```

```
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:129: RuntimeWarning: invalid value enc
```

```
    mask &= (stellarity > 0.9)
```

```
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:131: RuntimeWarning: invalid value enc
```

```
    mask &= (mag >= mag_min)
```

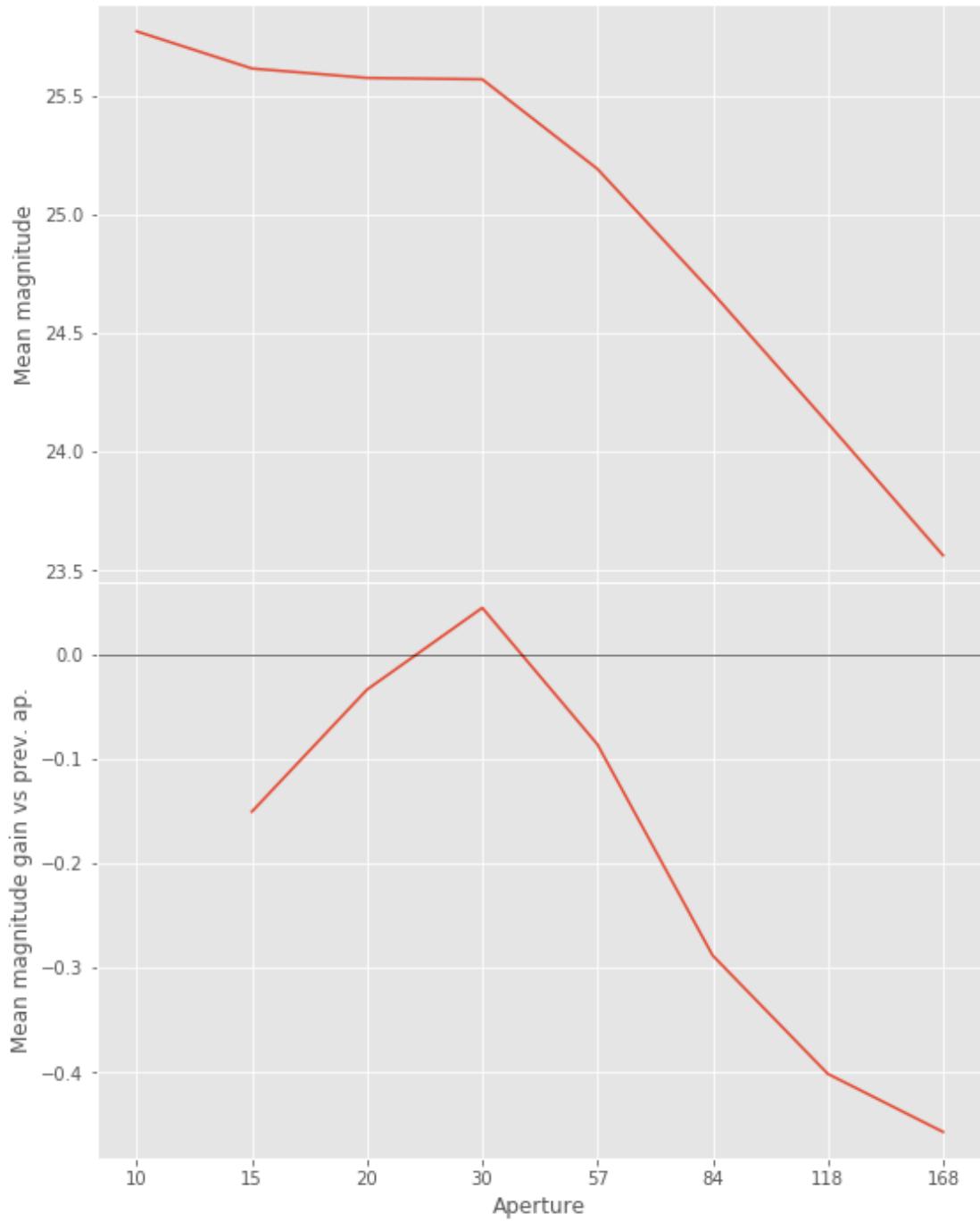
```
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:133: RuntimeWarning: invalid value enc
```

```
    mask &= (mag <= mag_max)
```

### 1.2.3 I.c - i band

```
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/masterlist.py:850: RuntimeWarning: invalid val
```

```
    mags = magnitudes[:, stellarity > stel_threshold].copy()
```



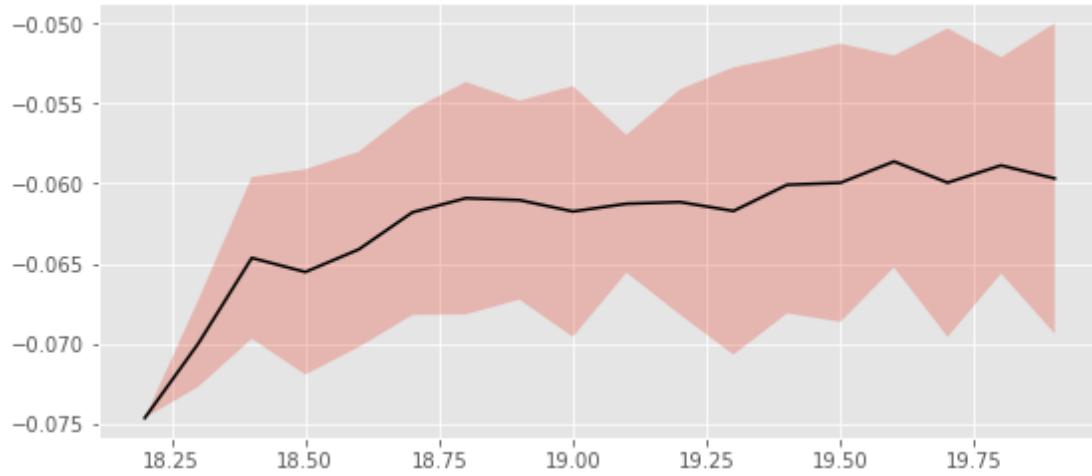
We will use aperture 57 as target.

```
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/masterlist.py:903: RuntimeWarning: invalid value
  mask = stellarity > .9
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/astropy/table/column.py:10
Check the NumPy 1.11 release notes for more information.
  ma.MaskedArray.__setitem__(self, index, value)
```

```

/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:129: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in less than equal
    mask &= (stellarity > 0.9)
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:131: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in less than equal
    mask &= (mag >= mag_min)
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:133: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in less than equal
    mask &= (mag <= mag_max)

```



We use magnitudes between 18.5 and 19.8.

```

Aperture correction for i band:
Correction: -0.06093025207519531
Number of source used: 831
RMS: 0.007157356612245586

```

```

/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:129: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in less than equal
    mask &= (stellarity > 0.9)
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:131: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in less than equal
    mask &= (mag >= mag_min)
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:133: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in less than equal
    mask &= (mag <= mag_max)

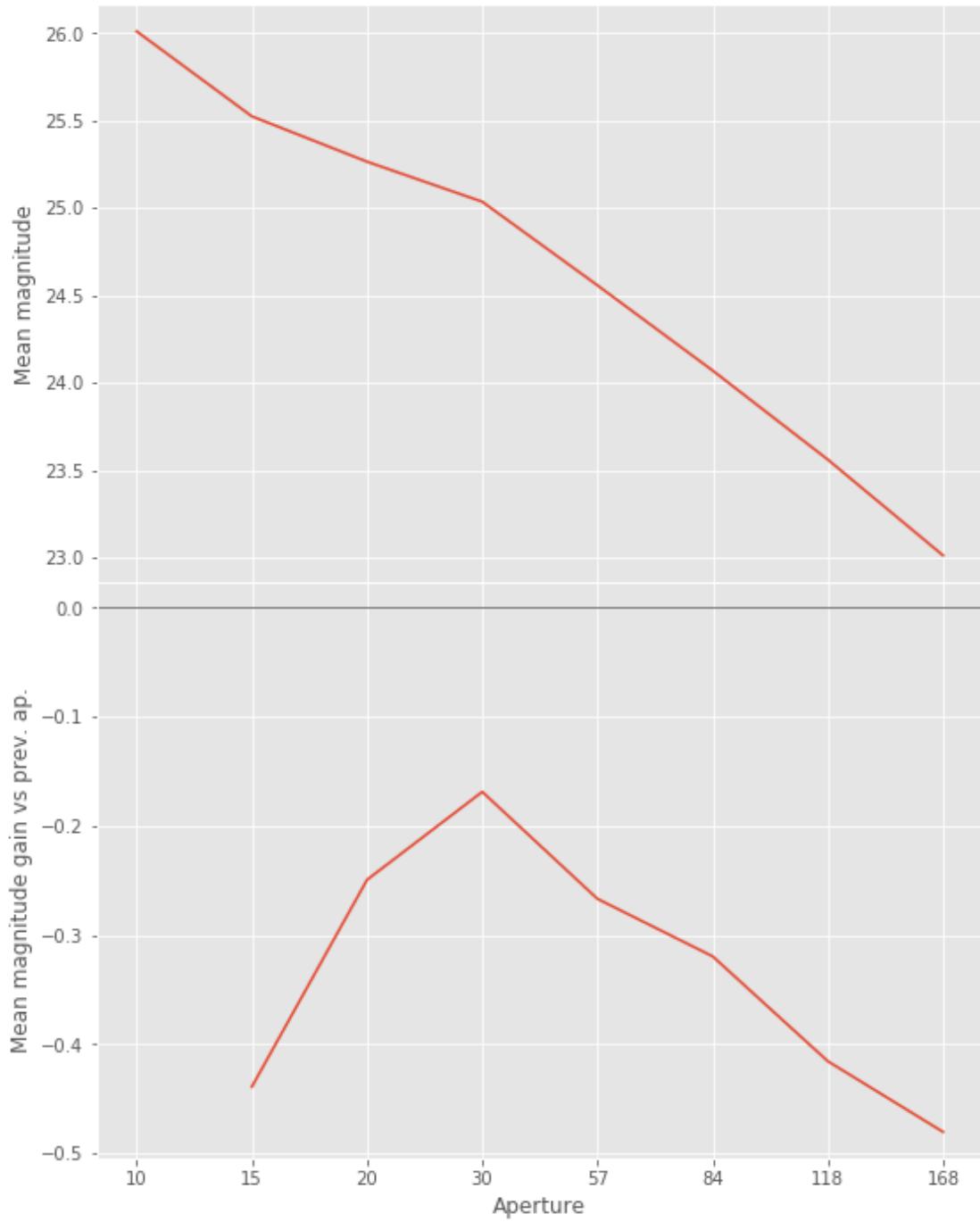
```

#### 1.2.4 I.d - z band

```

/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/masterlist.py:850: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in less than equal
    mags = magnitudes[:, stellarity > stel_threshold].copy()

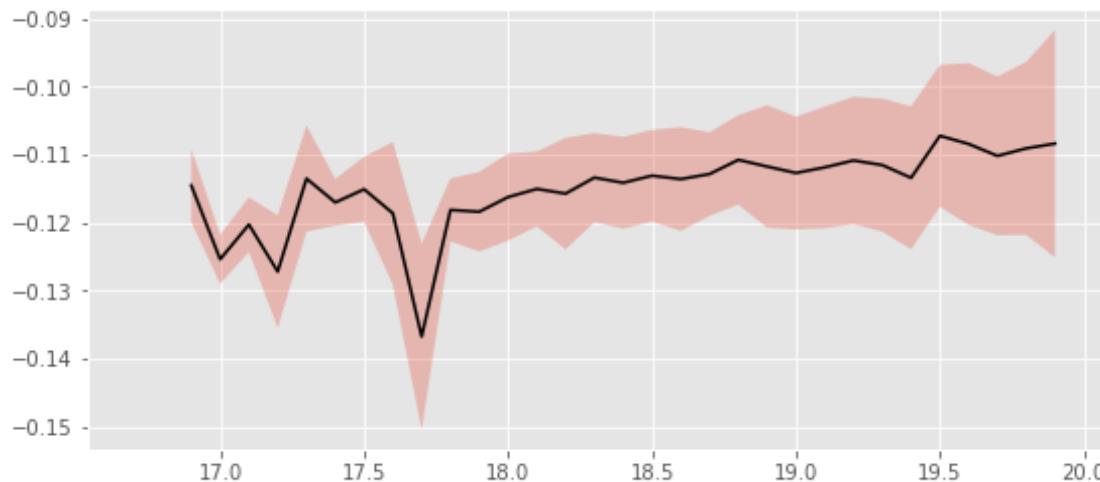
```



We will use aperture 57 as target.

```
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/masterlist.py:903: RuntimeWarning: invalid value
  mask = stellarity > .9
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/astropy/table/column.py:10
Check the NumPy 1.11 release notes for more information.
  ma.MaskedArray.__setitem__(self, index, value)
```

```
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:129: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in less than or equal to
    mask &= (stellarity > 0.9)
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:131: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in less than or equal to
    mask &= (mag >= mag_min)
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:133: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in less than or equal to
    mask &= (mag <= mag_max)
```



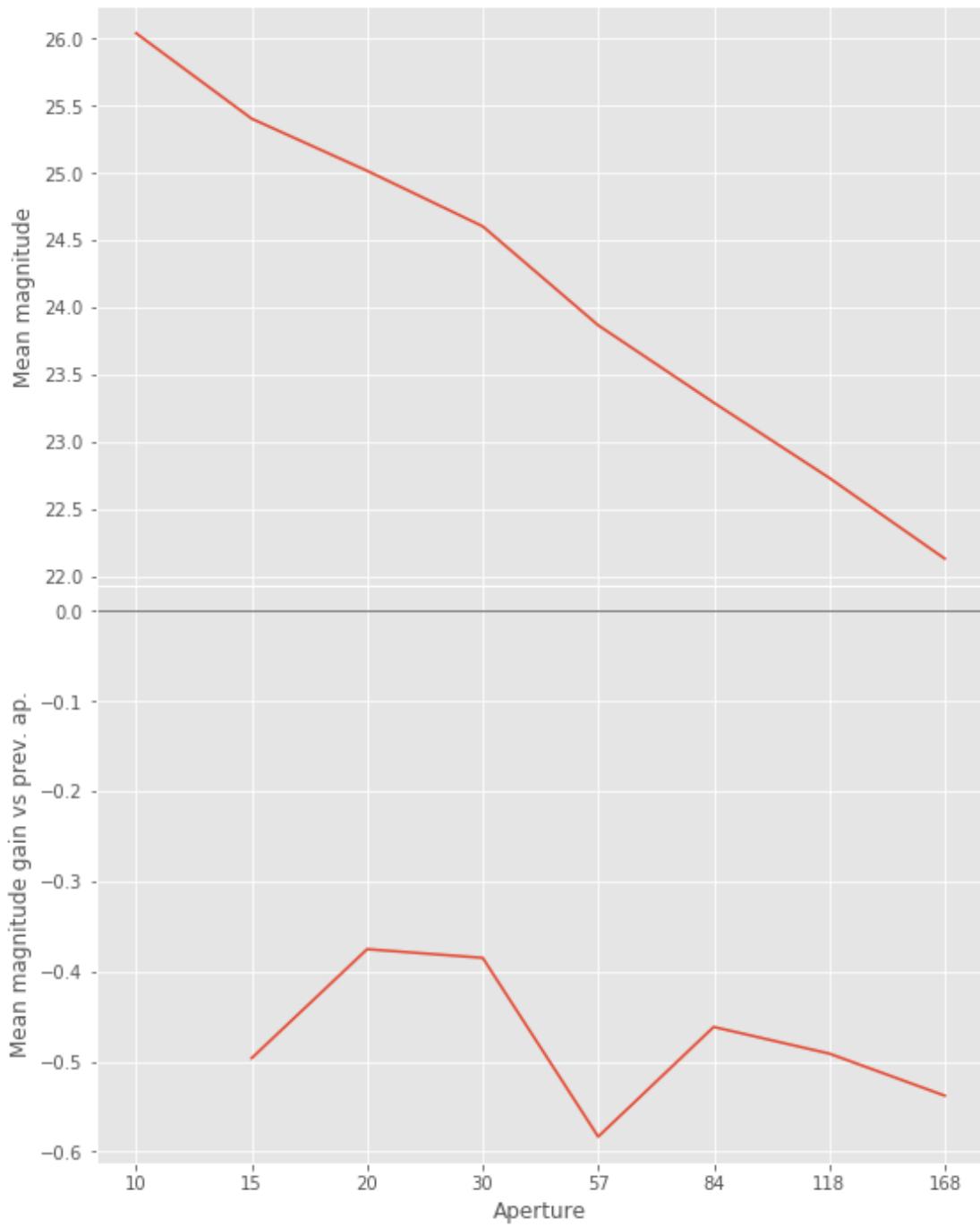
We use magnitudes between 17.5 and 18.8.

```
Aperture correction for z band:
Correction: -0.1141510009765625
Number of source used: 333
RMS: 0.00688200402082919
```

```
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:129: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in less than or equal to
    mask &= (stellarity > 0.9)
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:131: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in less than or equal to
    mask &= (mag >= mag_min)
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:133: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in less than or equal to
    mask &= (mag <= mag_max)
```

### 1.2.5 I.e - y band

```
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/masterlist.py:850: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in less than or equal to
    mags = magnitudes[:, stellarity > stel_threshold].copy()
```



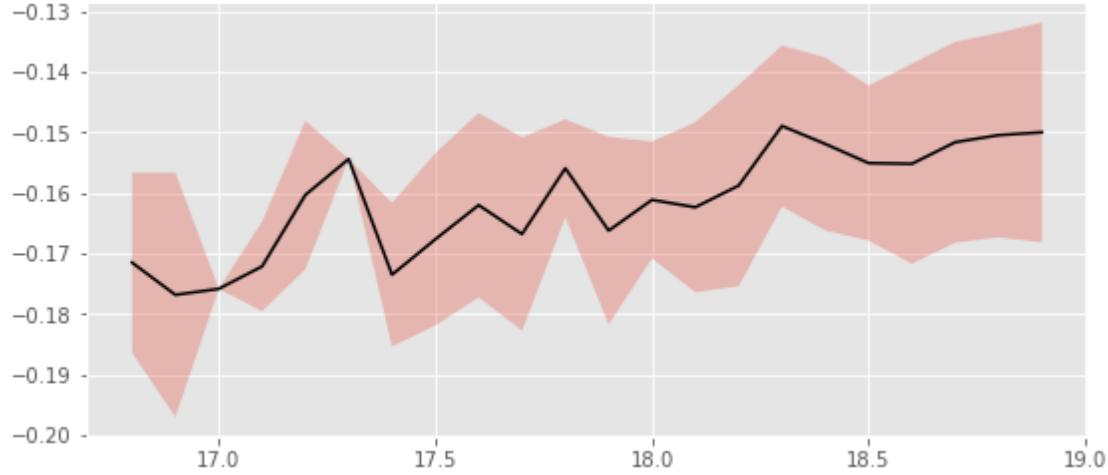
We will use aperture 57 as target.

```
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/masterlist.py:903: RuntimeWarning: invalid value
  mask = stellarity > .9
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/astropy/table/column.py:10
Check the NumPy 1.11 release notes for more information.
  ma.MaskedArray.__setitem__(self, index, value)
```

```

/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:129: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in less than equal
    mask &= (stellarity > 0.9)
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:131: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in less than equal
    mask &= (mag >= mag_min)
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:133: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in less than equal
    mask &= (mag <= mag_max)

```



We use magnitudes between 17.6 and 18.7.

Aperture correction for y band:

Correction: -0.15555763244628906

Number of source used: 334

RMS: 0.015017790515423833

```

/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:129: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in less than equal
    mask &= (stellarity > 0.9)
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:131: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in less than equal
    mask &= (mag >= mag_min)
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:133: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in less than equal
    mask &= (mag <= mag_max)

```

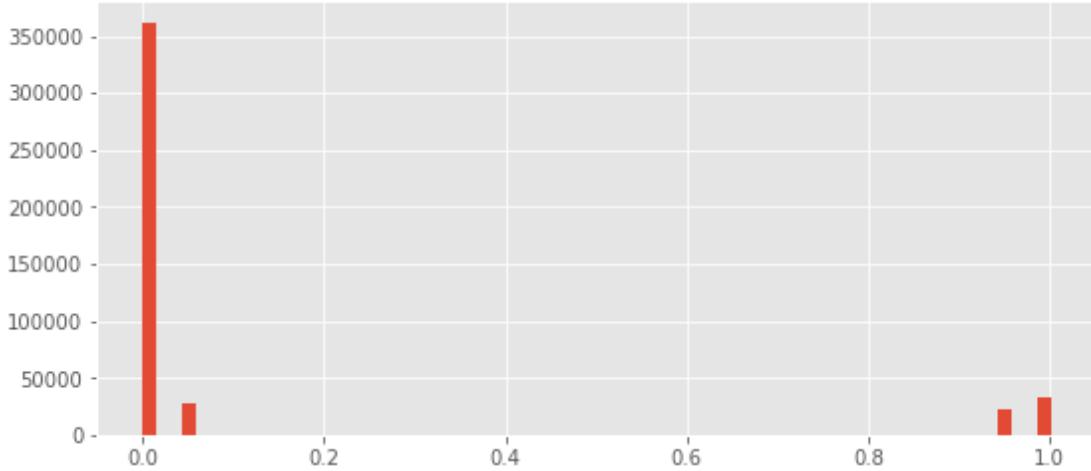
### 1.3 II - Stellarity

HSC does not provide a 0 to 1 stellarity value but a 0/1 extended flag in each band. We are using the same method as UKIDSS ([cf this page](#)) to compute a stellarity based on the class in each band:

$$P(star) = \frac{\prod_i P(star)_i}{\prod_i P(star)_i + \prod_i P(galaxy)_i}$$

where  $i$  is the band, and with using the same probabilities as UKDISS:

HSC flag	UKIDSS flag	Meaning	P(star)	P(galaxy)	P(noise)	P(saturated)
0	-9	Saturated	0.0	0.0	5.0	95.0
	-3	Probable galaxy	25.0	70.0	5.0	0.0
	-2	Probable star	70.0	25.0	5.0	0.0
	-1	Star	90.0	5.0	5.0	0.0
	0	Noise	5.0	5.0	90.0	0.0
	+1	Galaxy	5.0	90.0	5.0	0.0



## 1.4 II - Column selection

Out [29] : <IPython.core.display.HTML object>

## 1.5 III - Removal of duplicated sources

We remove duplicated objects from the input catalogues.

```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/astropy/table/column.py:10
Check the NumPy 1.11 release notes for more information.
    ma.MaskedArray.__setitem__(self, index, value)
```

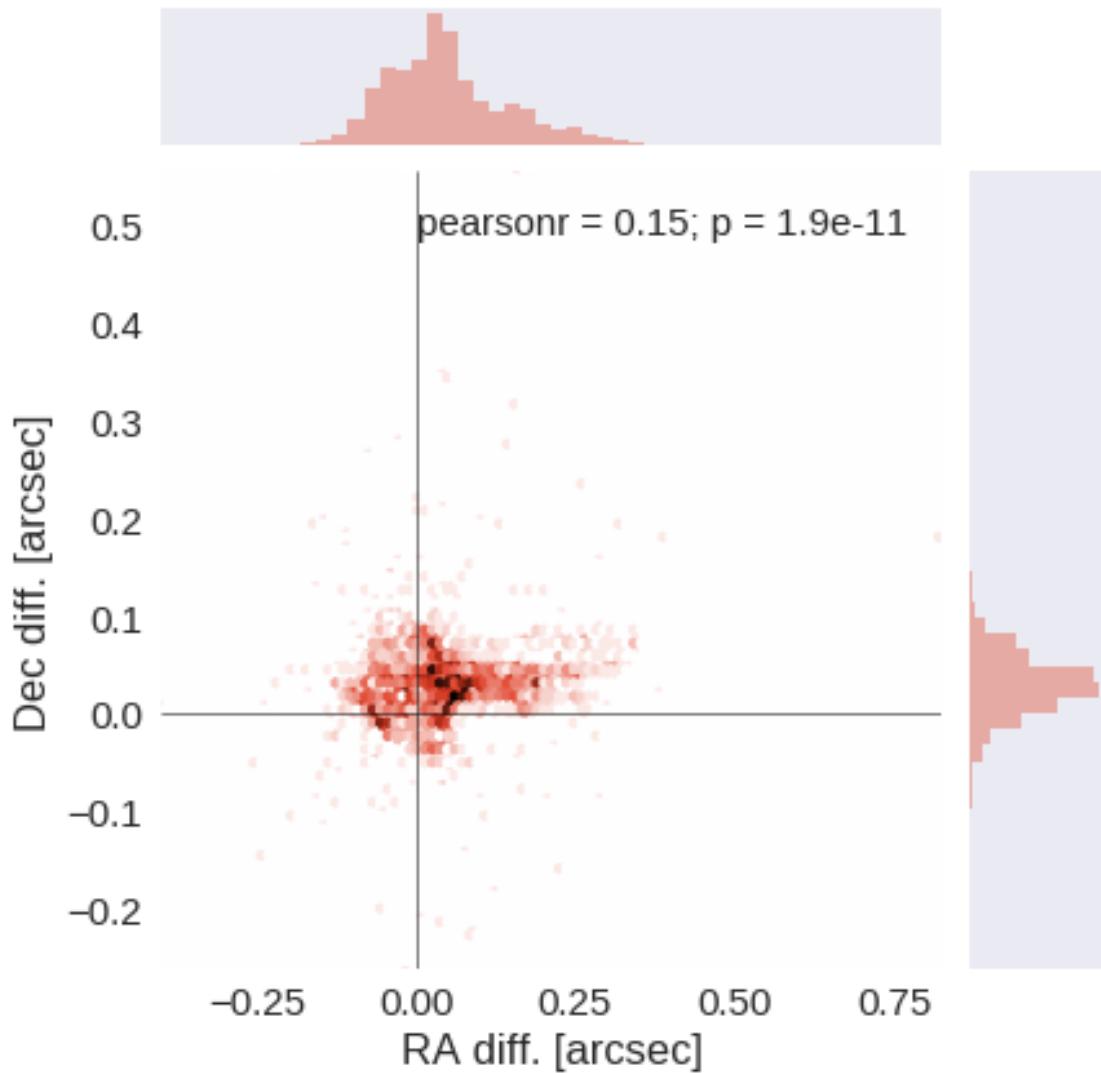
The initial catalogue had 444602 sources.

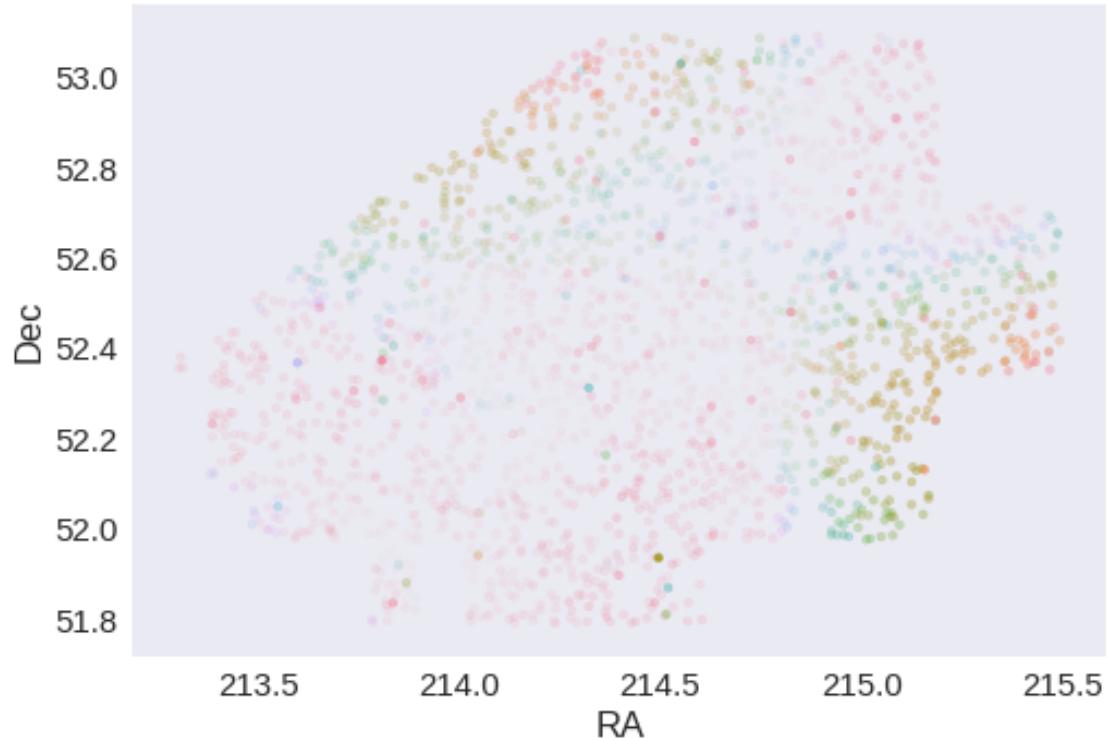
The cleaned catalogue has 444573 sources (29 removed).

The cleaned catalogue has 29 sources flagged as having been cleaned

## 1.6 III - Astrometry correction

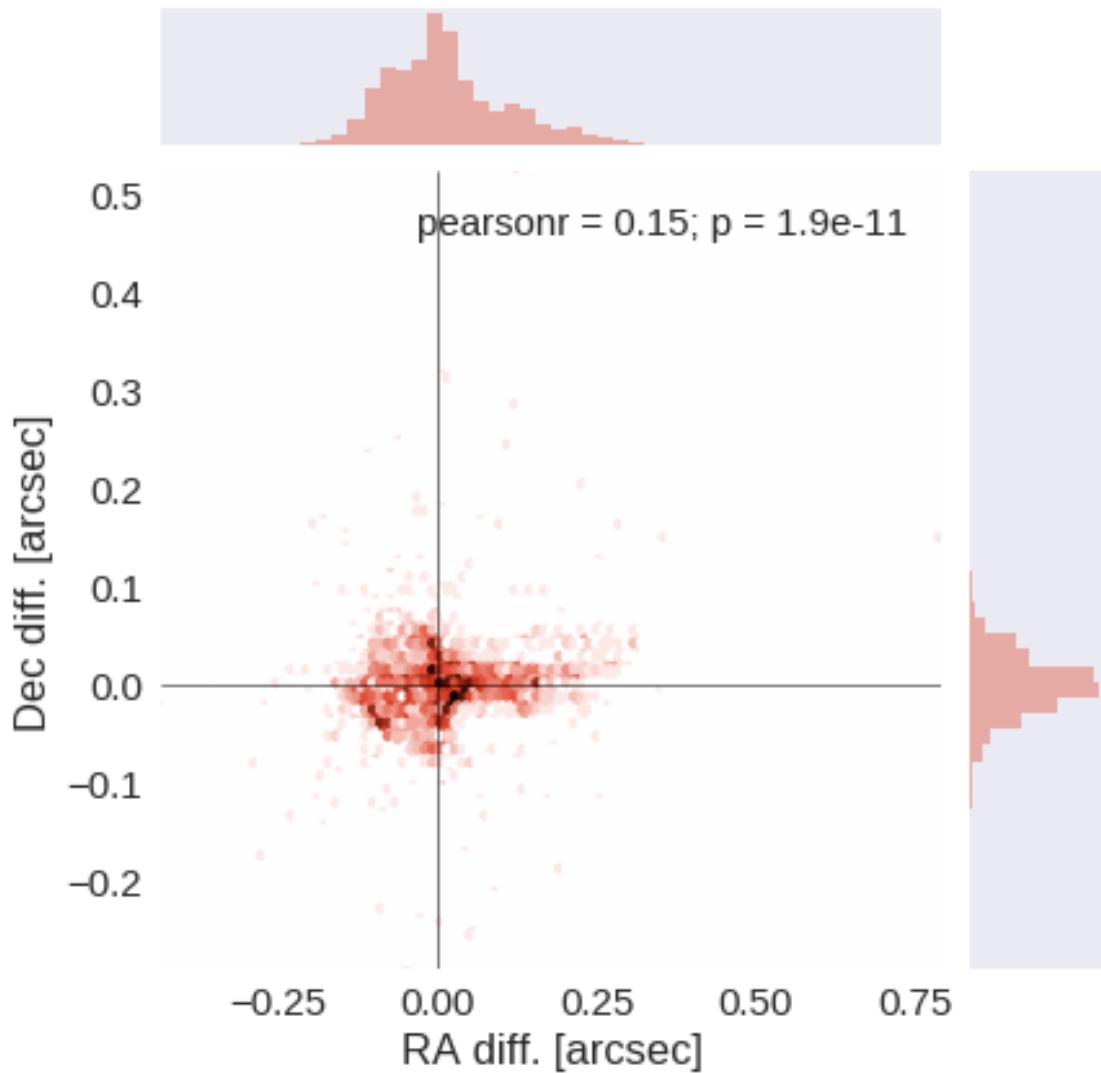
We match the astrometry to the Gaia one. We limit the Gaia catalogue to sources with a g band flux between the 30th and the 70th percentile. Some quick tests show that this give the lower dispersion in the results.

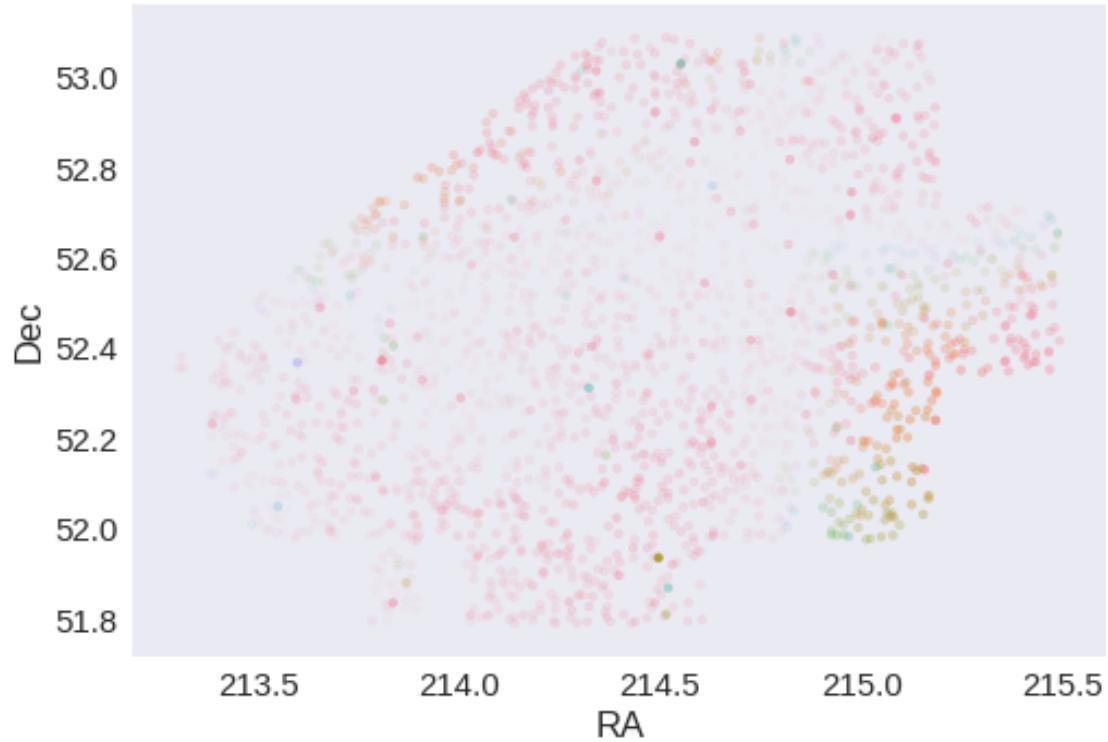




RA correction: -0.03406401734764586 arcsec

Dec correction: -0.03037861431209876 arcsec





## 1.7 IV - Flagging Gaia objects

2264 sources flagged.

## 2 V - Saving to disk

## 1.10\_PanSTARRS1-3SS

March 8, 2018

### 1 EGS master catalogue

#### 1.1 Preparation of Pan-STARRS1 - 3pi Steradian Survey (3SS) data

This catalogue comes from dm0\_PanSTARRS1-3SS.

In the catalogue, we keep:

- The uniquePspSSTid as unique object identifier;
- The r-band position which is given for all the sources;
- The grizy <band>FApMag aperture magnitude (see below);
- The grizy <band>FKronMag as total magnitude.

The Pan-STARRS1-3SS catalogue provides for each band an aperture magnitude defined as “In PS1, an ‘optimal’ aperture radius is determined based on the local PSF. The wings of the same analytic PSF are then used to extrapolate the flux measured inside this aperture to a ‘total’ flux.”

The observations used for the catalogue were done between 2010 and 2015 ([ref](#)).

**TODO:** Check if the detection flag can be used to know in which bands an object was detected to construct the coverage maps.

**TODO:** Check for stellarity.

```
This notebook was run with herschelhelp_internal version:  
0246c5d (Thu Jan 25 17:01:47 2018 +0000) [with local modifications]  
This notebook was executed on:  
2018-02-07 19:32:35.006844
```

#### 1.2 I - Column selection

```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/astropy/table/column.py:10  
Check the NumPy 1.11 release notes for more information.  
    ma.MaskedArray.__setitem__(self, index, value)
```

**Out [6]:** <IPython.core.display.HTML object>

### 1.3 II - Removal of duplicated sources

We remove duplicated objects from the input catalogues.

```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/astropy/table/column.py:10  
Check the NumPy 1.11 release notes for more information.
```

```
ma.MaskedArray.__setitem__(self, index, value)
```

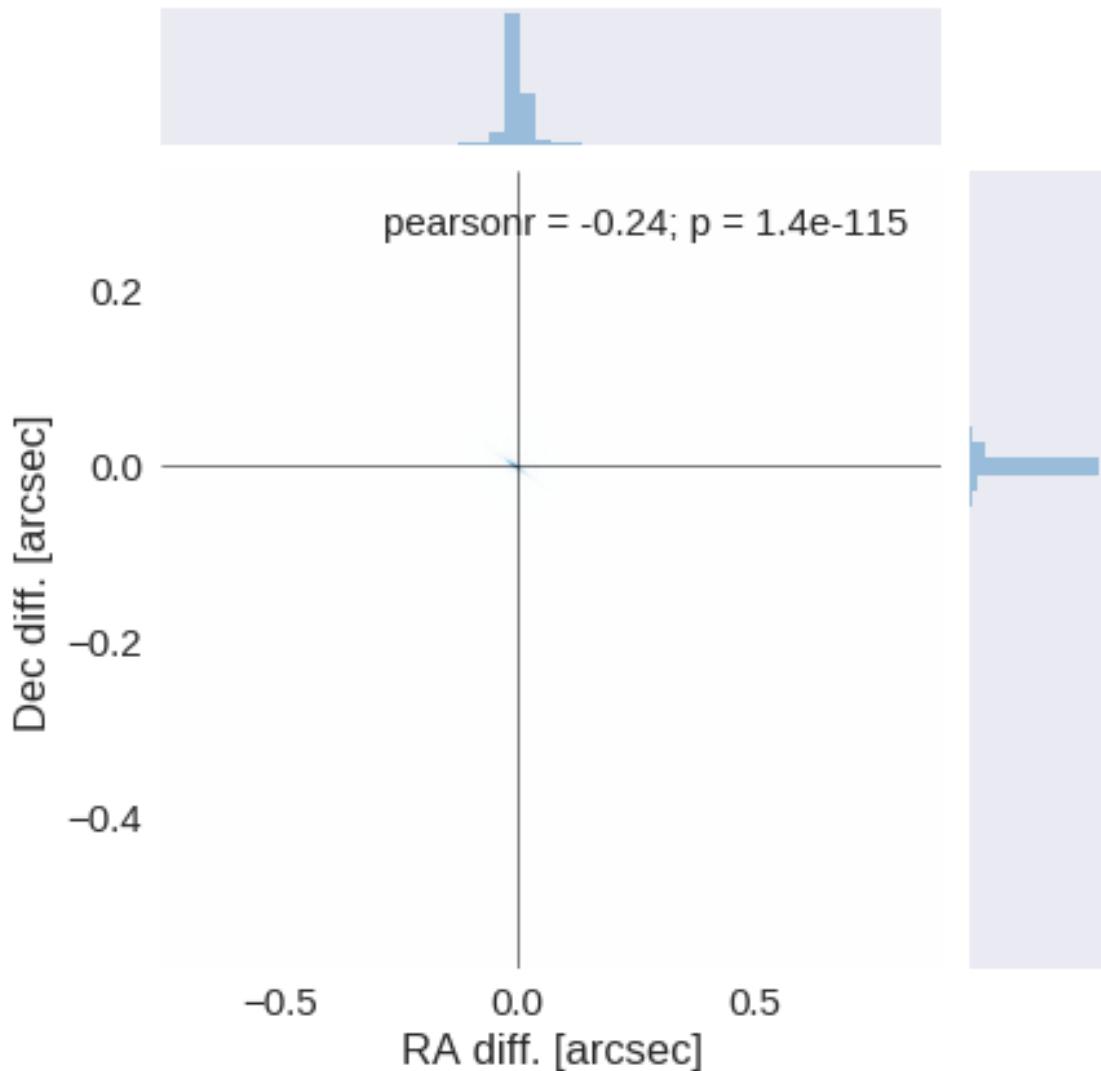
The initial catalogue had 59217 sources.

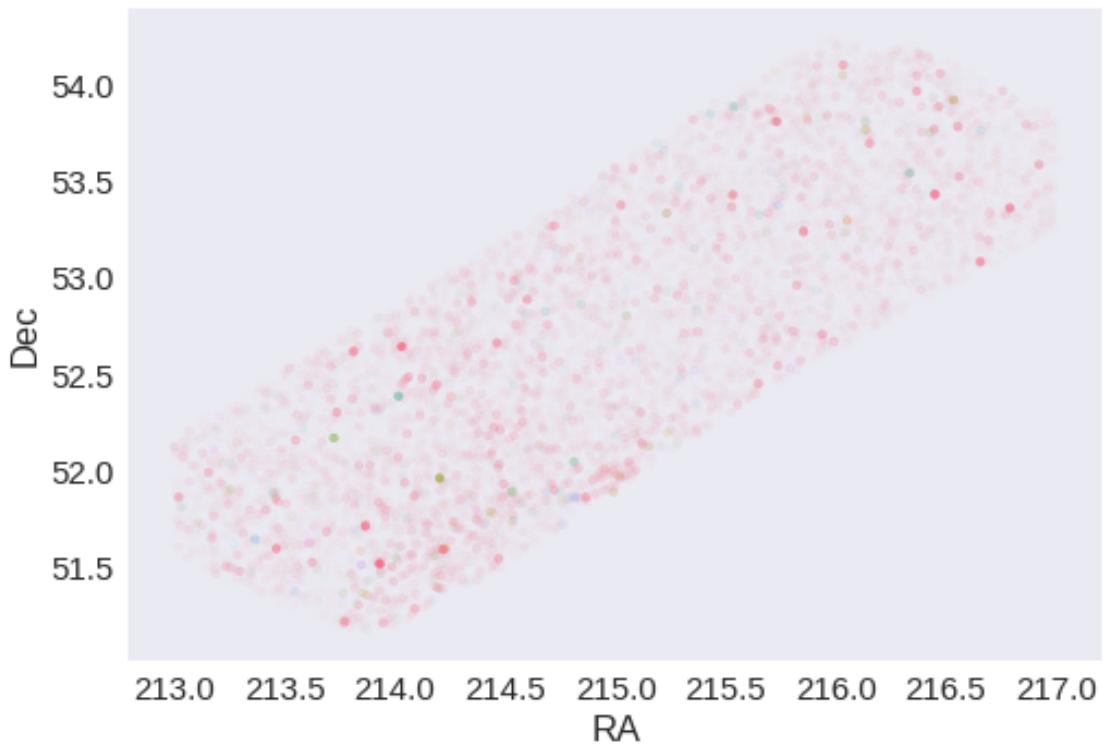
The cleaned catalogue has 59207 sources (10 removed).

The cleaned catalogue has 10 sources flagged as having been cleaned

### 1.4 III - Astrometry correction

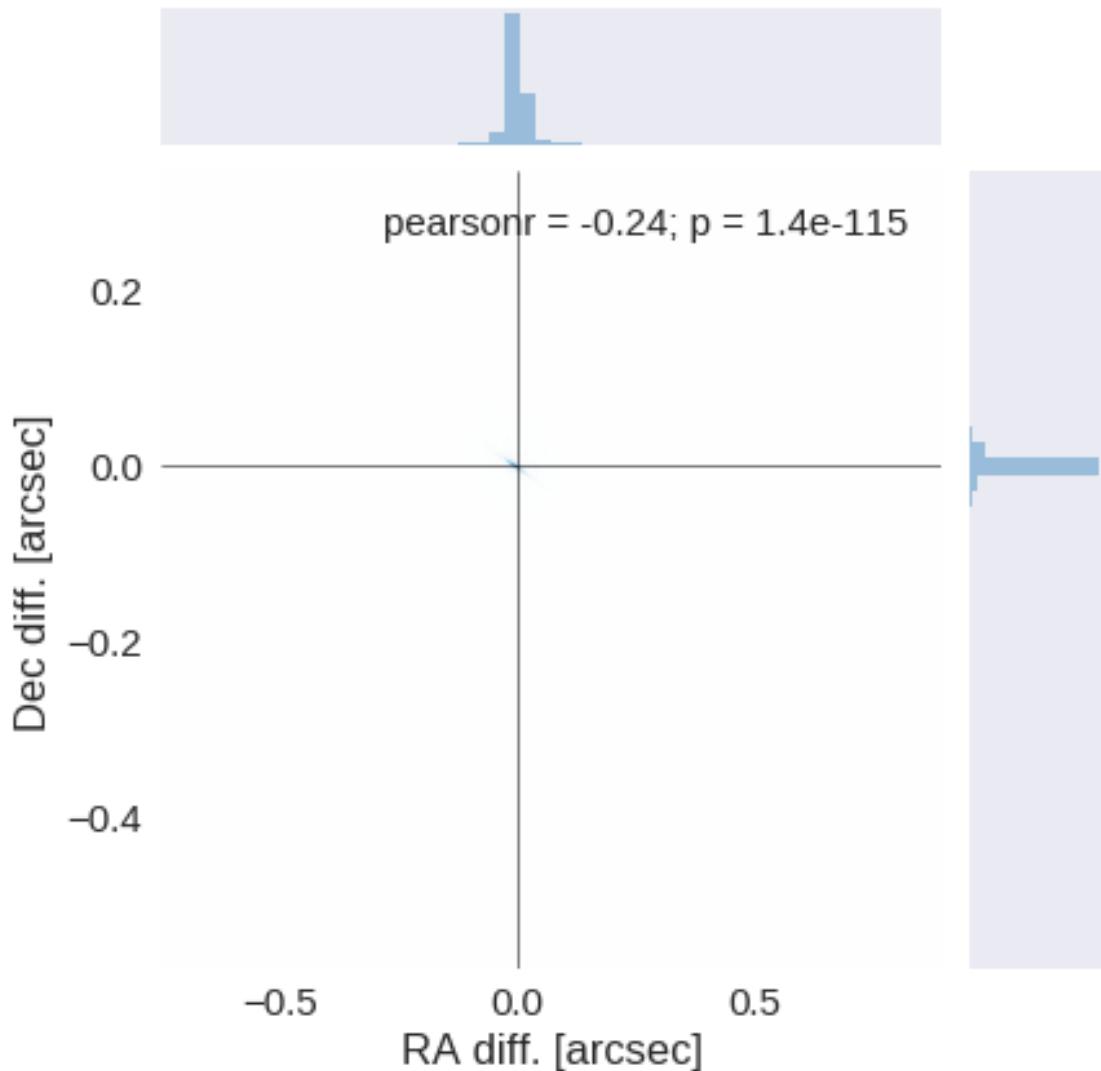
We match the astrometry to the Gaia one. We limit the Gaia catalogue to sources with a g band flux between the 30th and the 70th percentile. Some quick tests show that this give the lower dispersion in the results.

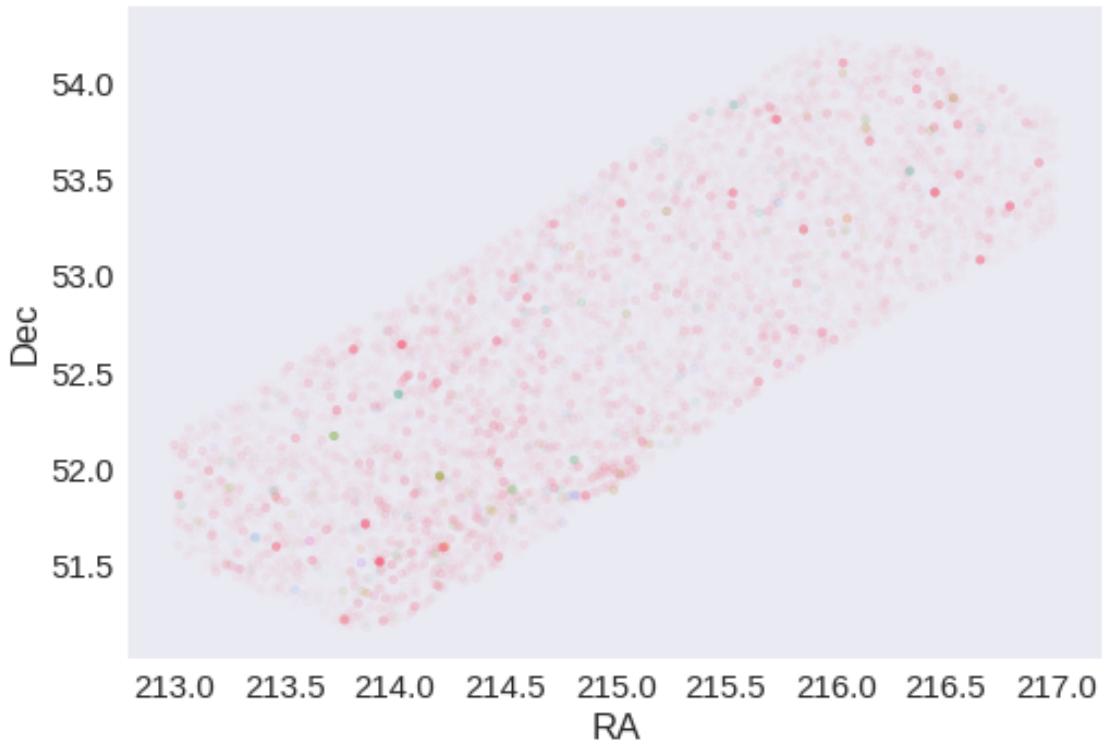




RA correction: 0.0004886441843154898 arcsec

Dec correction: -0.000554433862021142 arcsec





## 1.5 IV - Flagging Gaia objects

9109 sources flagged.

## 2 V - Saving to disk

# 1.11\_LegacySurvey

March 8, 2018

## 1 EGS master catalogue

### 1.1 Preparation of Legacy Survey data

The catalogue comes from dmu0\_LegacySurvey.

In the catalogue, we keep:

- The identifier (it's unique in the catalogue);
- The position;
- The stellarity;
- The aperture fluxes. Are these aperture corrected?
- The kron magnitude to be used as total magnitude (no “auto” magnitude is provided).

We don't know when the maps have been observed. We will use the year of the reference paper.

```
This notebook was run with herschelhelp_internal version:  
0246c5d (Thu Jan 25 17:01:47 2018 +0000) [with local modifications]  
This notebook was executed on:  
2018-02-17 01:25:06.846749
```

```
WARNING: UnitsWarning: '1/deg^2' did not parse as fits unit: Numeric factor not supported by FITS  
WARNING: UnitsWarning: 'nanomaggy' did not parse as fits unit: At col 0, Unit 'nanomaggy' not supported  
WARNING: UnitsWarning: '1/nanomaggy^2' did not parse as fits unit: Numeric factor not supported  
WARNING: UnitsWarning: '1/arcsec^2' did not parse as fits unit: Numeric factor not supported by FITS
```

### 1.2 I - Aperture correction

To compute aperture correction we need to determine two parameters: the target aperture and the range of magnitudes for the stars that will be used to compute the correction.

**Target aperture:** To determine the target aperture, we simulate a curve of growth using the provided apertures and draw two figures:

- The evolution of the magnitudes of the objects by plotting on the same plot aperture number vs the mean magnitude.

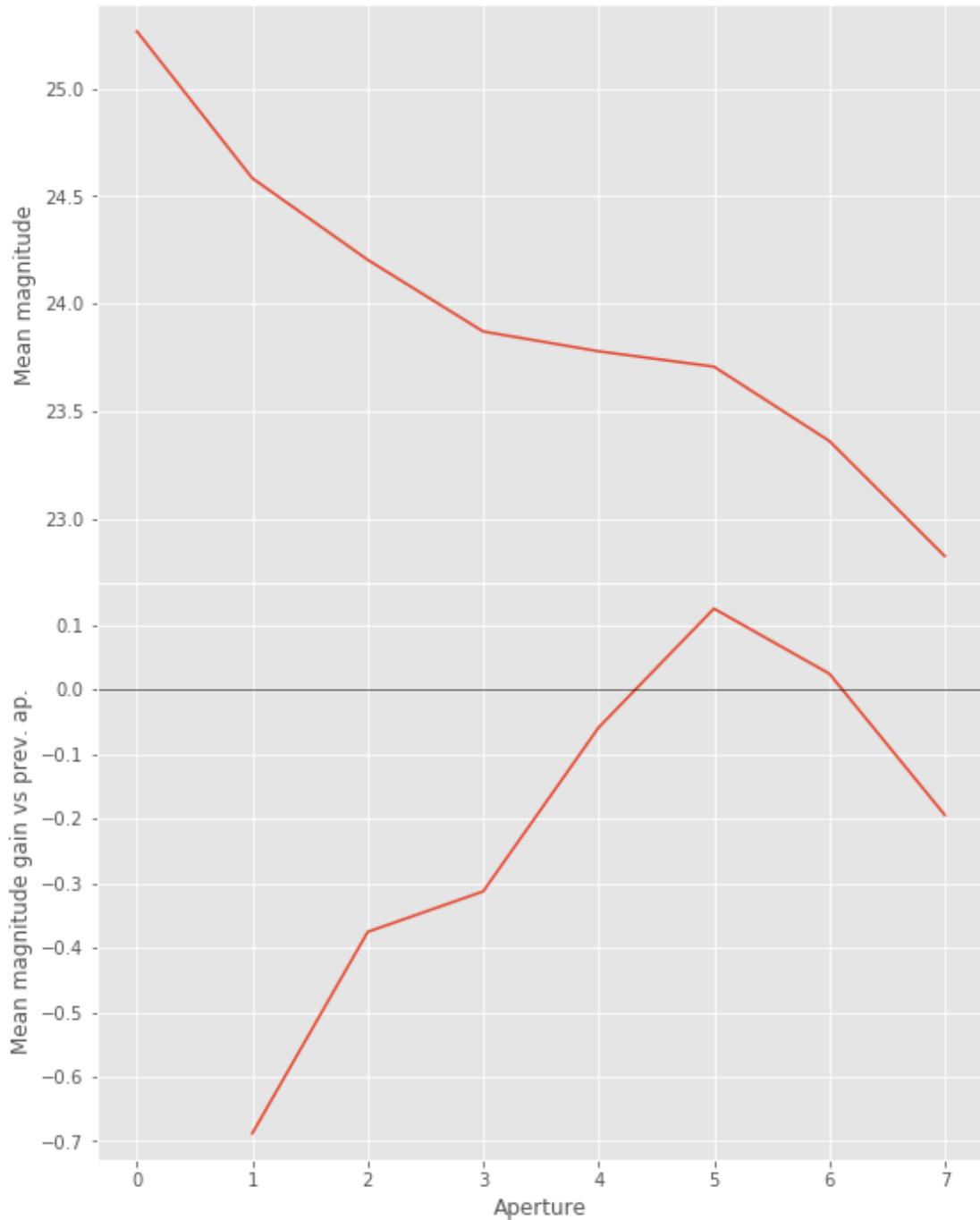
- The mean gain (loss when negative) of magnitude is each aperture compared to the previous (except for the first of course).

As target aperture, we should use the smallest (i.e. less noisy) aperture for which most of the flux is captured.

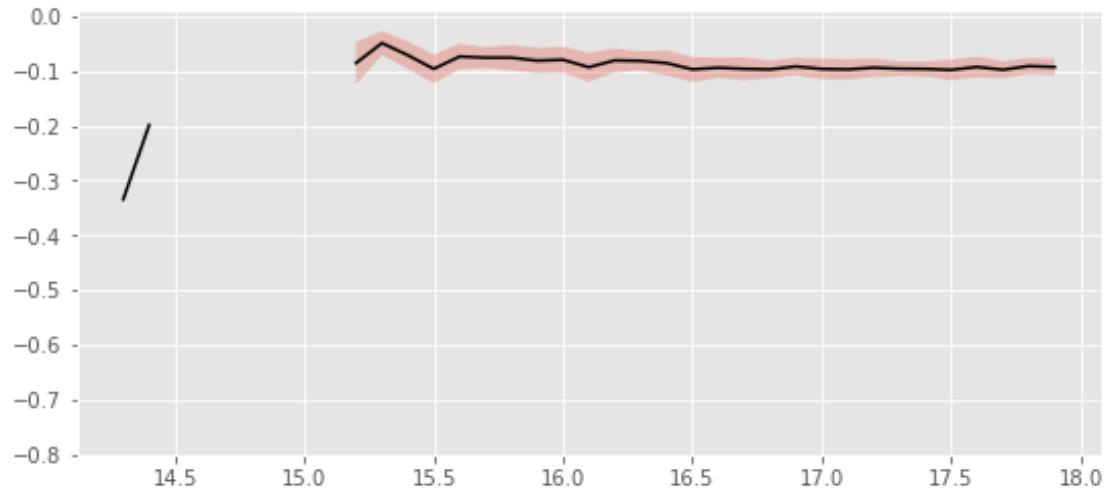
**Magnitude range:** To know what limits in aperture to use when doing the aperture correction, we plot for each magnitude bin the correction that is computed and its RMS. We should then use the wide limits (to use more stars) where the correction is stable and with few dispersion.

```
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:76: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in log10
    magnitudes = 2.5 * (23 - np.log10(fluxes)) - 48.6
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:76: RuntimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in log10
    magnitudes = 2.5 * (23 - np.log10(fluxes)) - 48.6
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:80: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in log
    errors = 2.5 / np.log(10) * errors_on_fluxes / fluxes
```

### 1.2.1 I.a - g band



We will use aperture 5 as target.



We will use magnitudes between 17.0 and 18.5

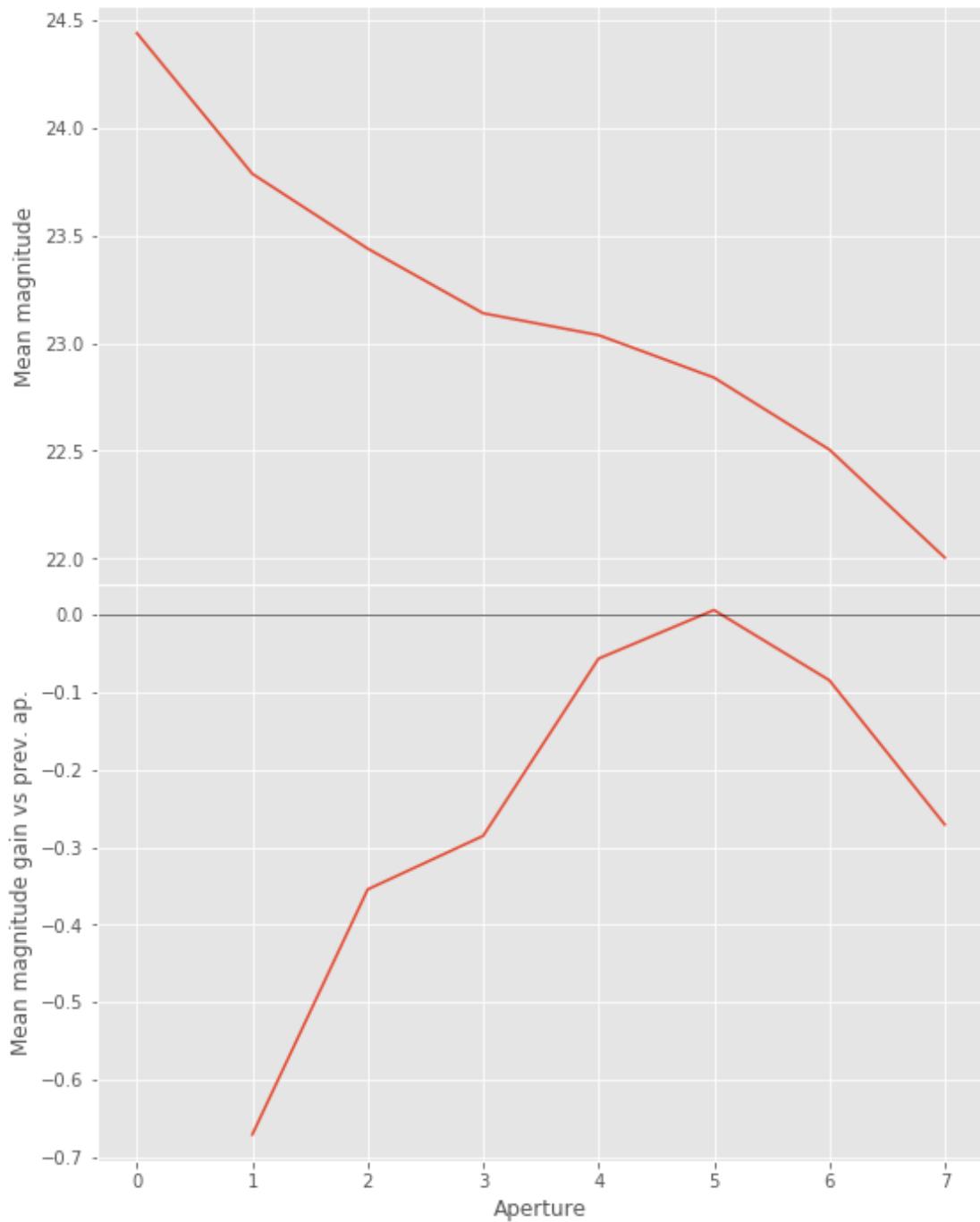
Aperture correction for g band:

Correction: -0.09441636798258202

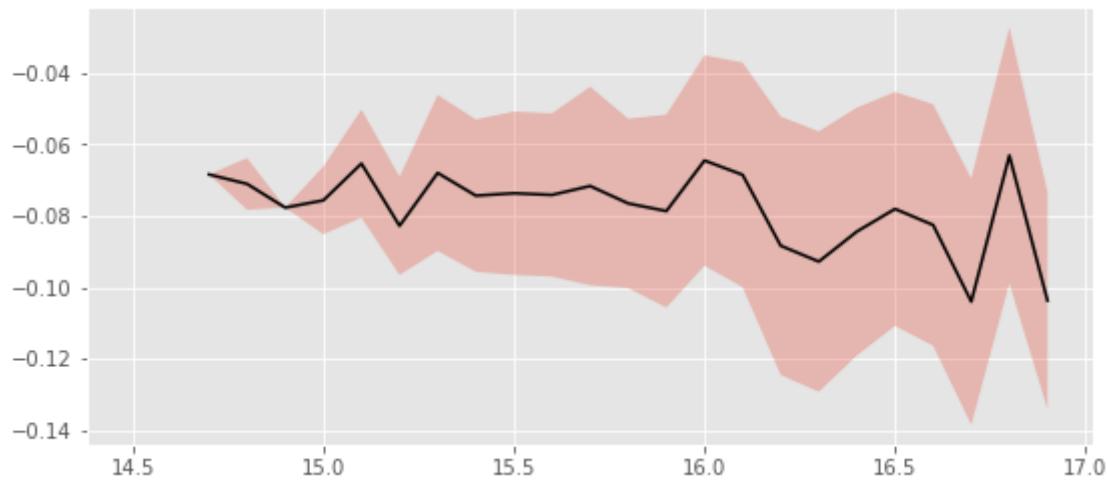
Number of source used: 1084

RMS: 0.01606272315484677

### 1.2.2 I.b - r band



We will use aperture 5 as target.



We use magnitudes between 17.0 and 18.5.

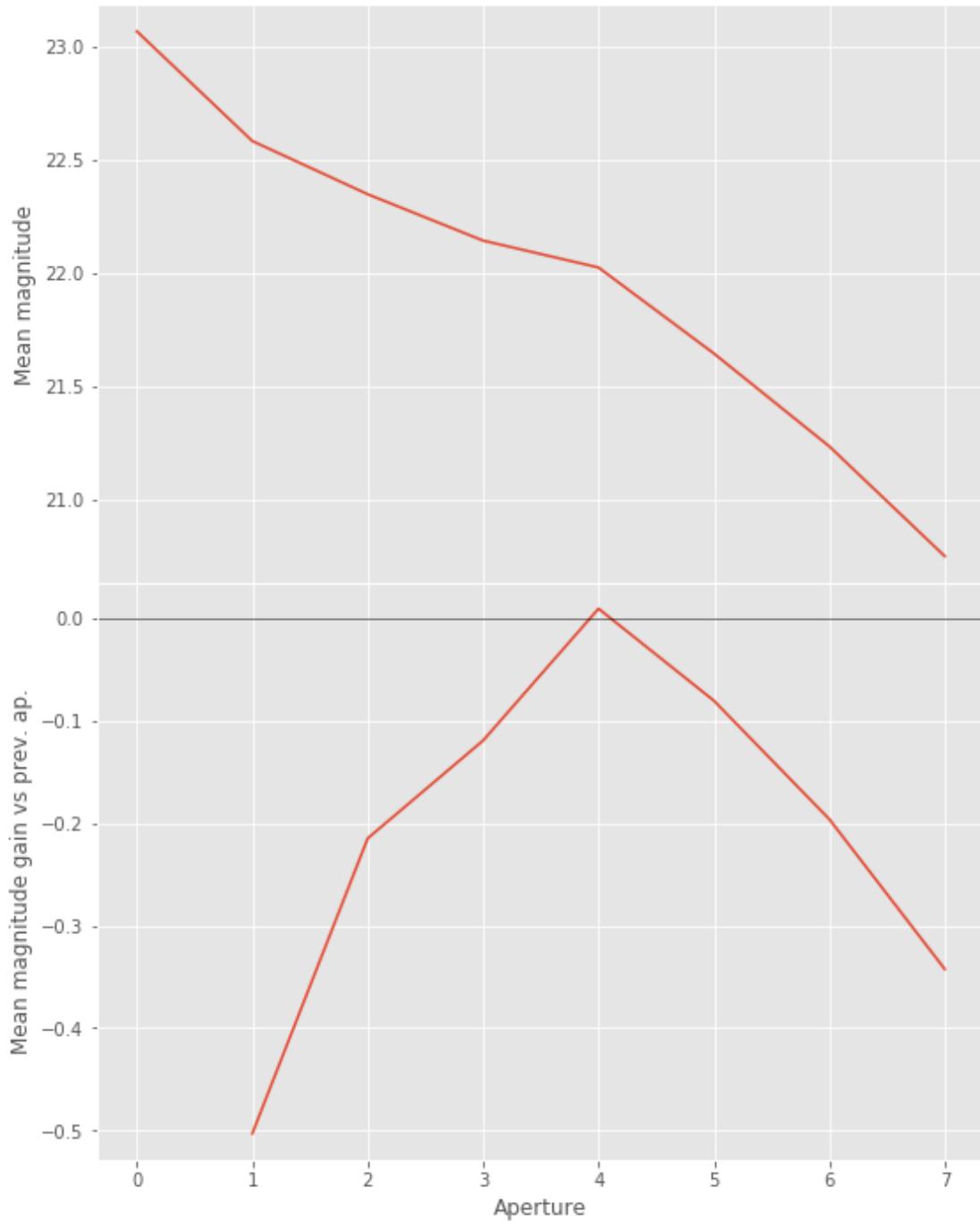
Aperture correction for r band:

Correction: -0.08614945231256144

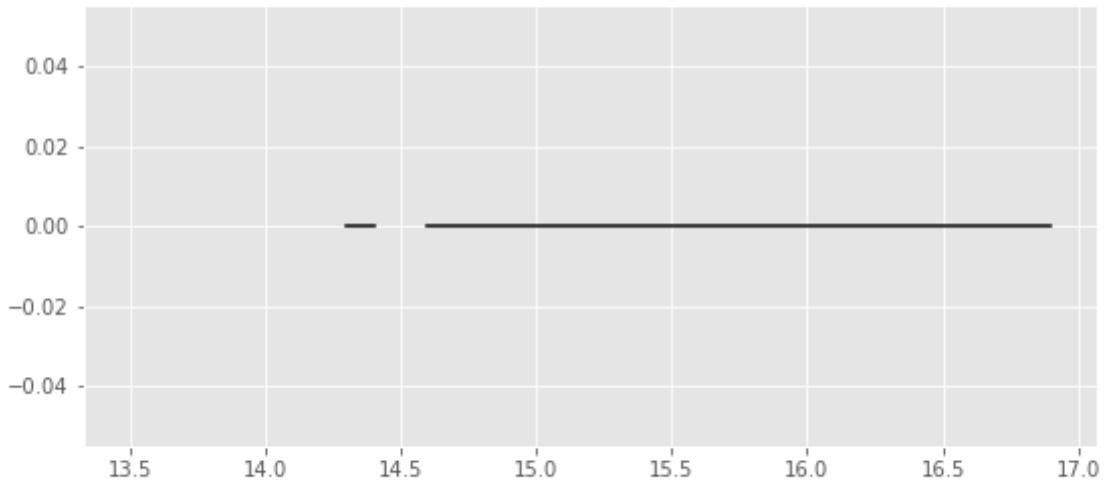
Number of source used: 1513

RMS: 0.03438196144974404

### 1.2.3 I.c - z band



We will use aperture 4 as target.



We use magnitudes between 16.0 and 17.5.

Aperture correction for z band:

Correction: -0.033215372542812815

Number of source used: 1183

RMS: 0.012679290276947705

### 1.3 II - Stellarity

Legacy Survey does not provide a 0 to 1 stellarity so we replace items flagged as PSF according to the following table:

$$P(star) = \frac{\prod_i P(star)_i}{\prod_i P(star)_i + \prod_i P(galaxy)_i}$$

where  $i$  is the band, and with using the same probabilities as UKDISS:

HSC flag	UKIDSS flag	Meaning	P(star)	P(galaxy)	P(noise)	P(saturated)
0	-9	Saturated	0.0	0.0	5.0	95.0
	-3	Probable galaxy	25.0	70.0	5.0	0.0
	-2	Probable star	70.0	25.0	5.0	0.0
	-1	Star	90.0	5.0	5.0	0.0
	0	Noise	5.0	5.0	90.0	0.0
	+1	Galaxy	5.0	90.0	5.0	0.0

### 1.4 II - Column selection

```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/ipykernel/_main__.py:17:
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:76: RuntimeWarning: divide by zero enc
    magnitudes = 2.5 * (23 - np.log10(fluxes)) - 48.6
```

```
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:76: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in log
  magnitudes = 2.5 * (23 - np.log10(fluxes)) - 48.6
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:43: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in divide
  errors = np.log(10)/2.5 * fluxes * errors_on_magnitudes
/opt/herschelhelp_internal/herschelhelp_internal/utils.py:80: RuntimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in log
  errors = 2.5 / np.log(10) * errors_on_fluxes / fluxes
```

Out[19]: <IPython.core.display.HTML object>

## 1.5 III - Removal of duplicated sources

We remove duplicated objects from the input catalogues.

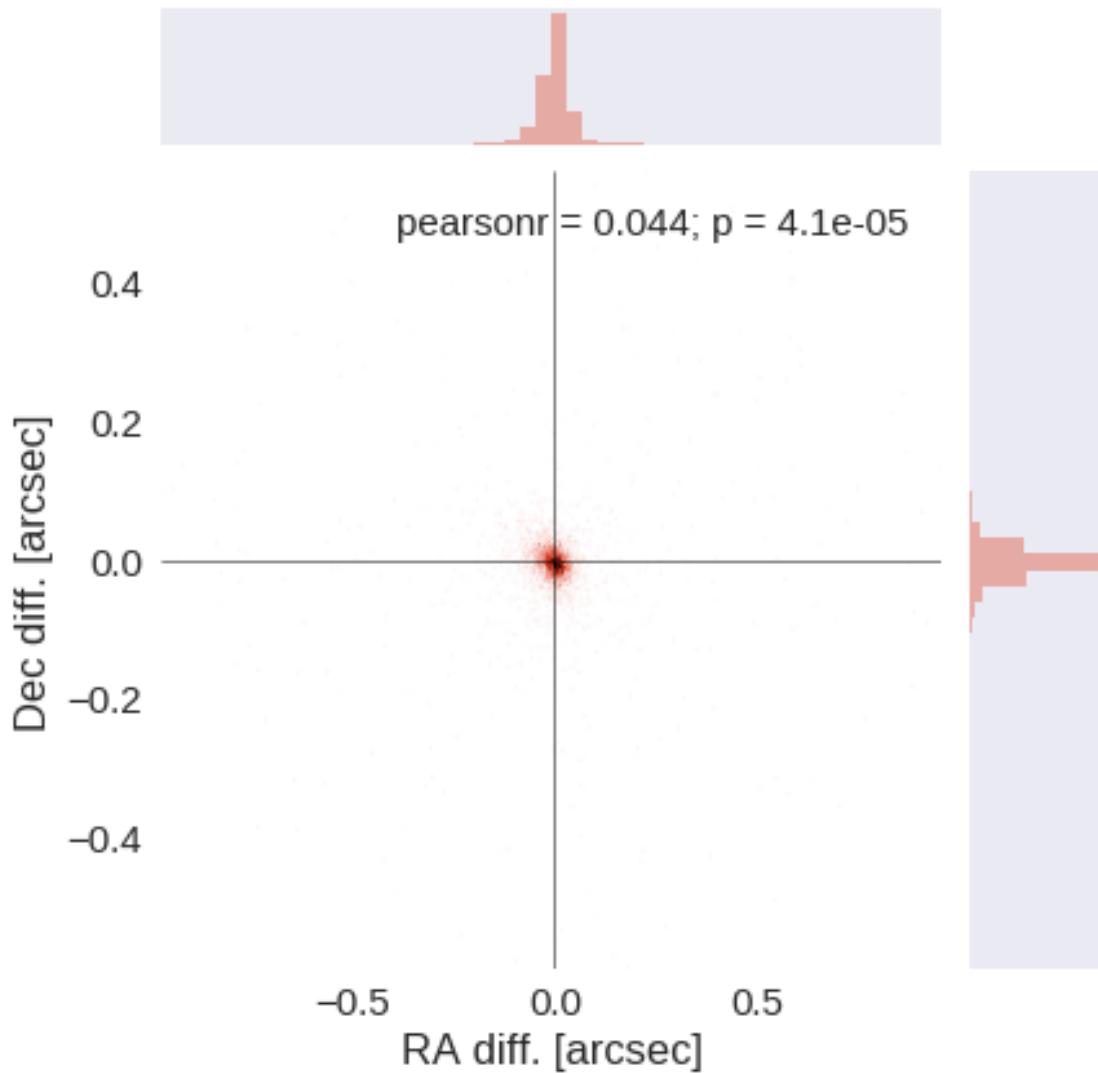
The initial catalogue had 166758 sources.

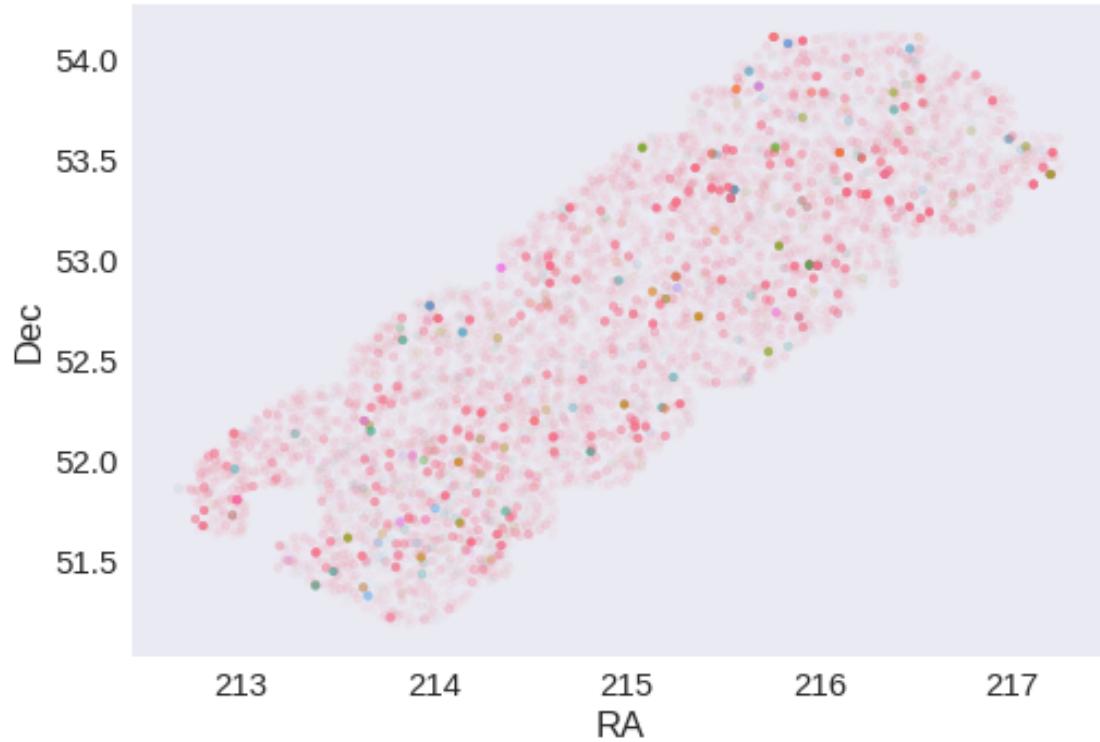
The cleaned catalogue has 163539 sources (3219 removed).

The cleaned catalogue has 3171 sources flagged as having been cleaned

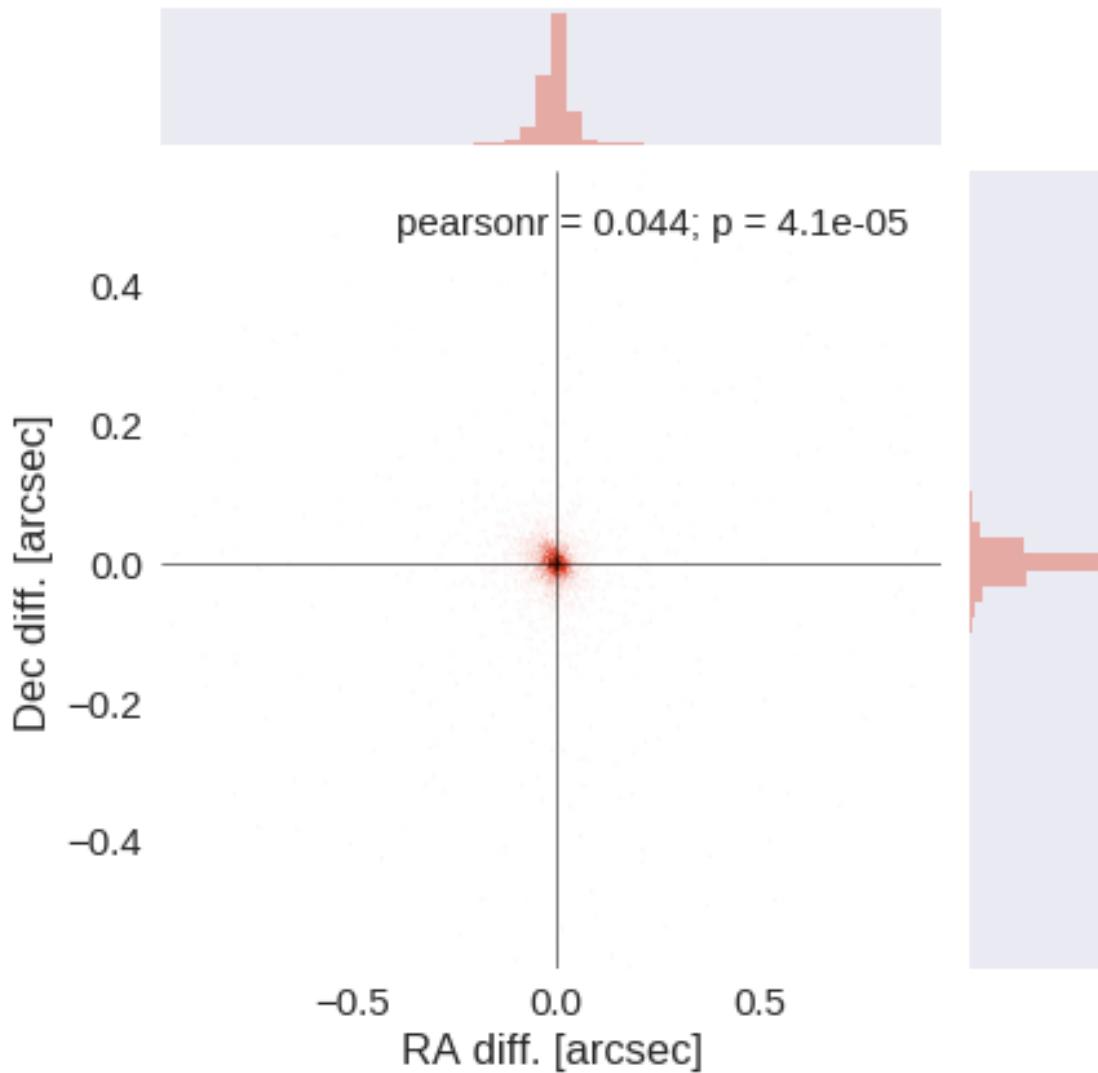
## 1.6 III - Astrometry correction

We match the astrometry to the Gaia one. We limit the Gaia catalogue to sources with a g band flux between the 30th and the 70th percentile. Some quick tests show that this give the lower dispersion in the results.





RA correction: -0.003632177259760283 arcsec  
Dec correction: 0.004341531230522833 arcsec





## 1.7 IV - Flagging Gaia objects

9145 sources flagged.

## 2 V - Saving to disk

# 1.12\_UHS

March 8, 2018

## 1 EGS master catalogue

### 1.1 Preparation of UKIRT Hemisphere Survey (UHS) data

The catalogue comes from `dmu0_UHS`. This is a J band only survey documented in <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1707.09975.pdf>

In the catalogue, we keep:

- The identifier (it's unique in the catalogue);
- The position;
- The stellarity;
- The magnitude for each band in aperture 4 (2 arcsec aperture corrected).
- The kron magnitude to be used as total magnitude (no "auto" magnitude is provided).

We don't know when the maps have been observed. We will use the year of the reference paper.

```
This notebook was run with herschelhelp_internal version:  
0246c5d (Thu Jan 25 17:01:47 2018 +0000) [with local modifications]  
This notebook was executed on:  
2018-02-07 19:34:39.363616
```

### 1.2 I - Column selection

```
0.925175419285
```

```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/astropy/table/column.py:10  
Check the NumPy 1.11 release notes for more information.  
    ma.MaskedArray.__setitem__(self, index, value)
```

```
Out[7]: <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
```

### 1.3 II - Removal of duplicated sources

We remove duplicated objects from the input catalogues.

```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/astropy/table/column.py:10  
Check the NumPy 1.11 release notes for more information.
```

```
    ma.MaskedArray.__setitem__(self, index, value)
```

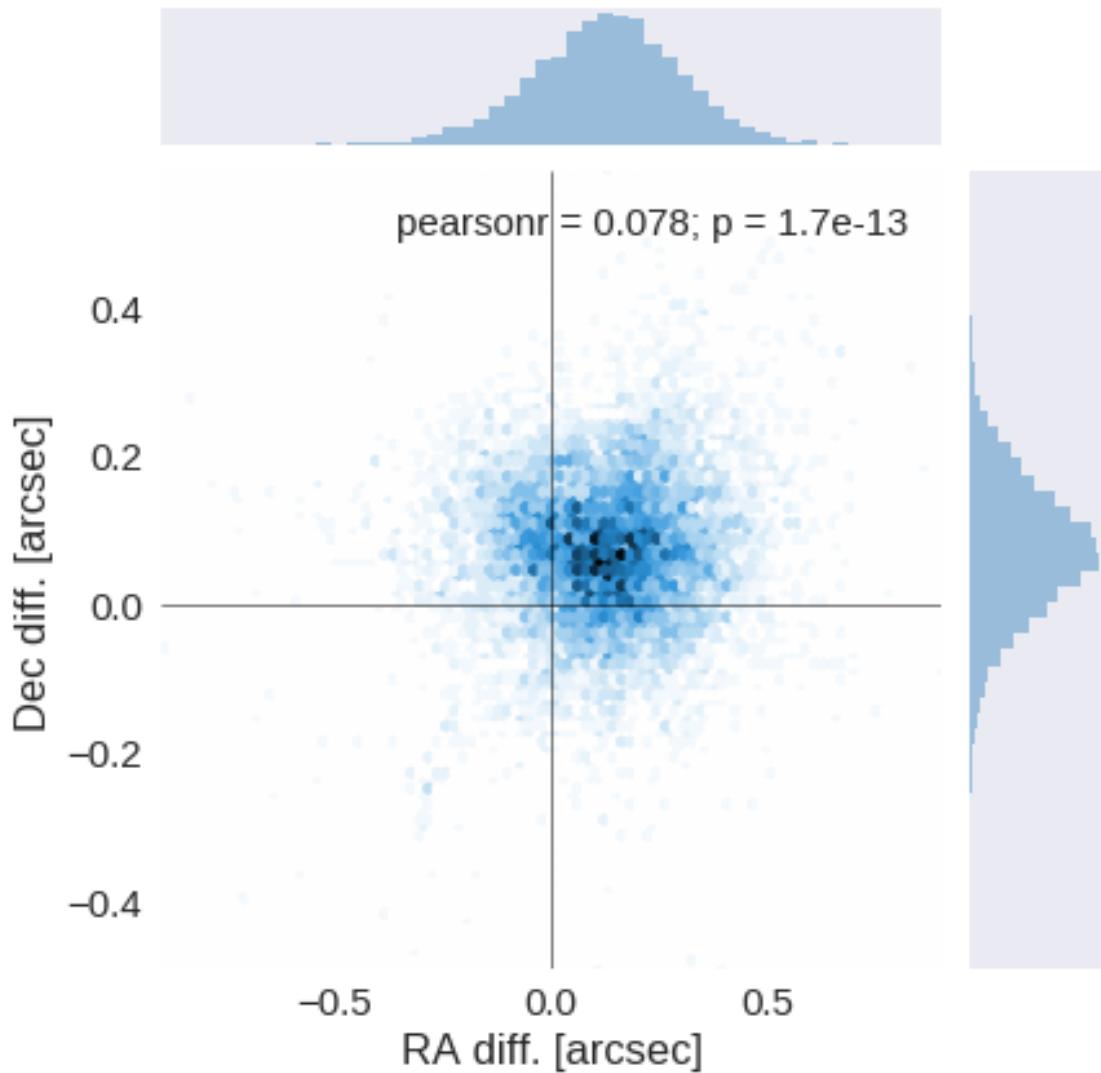
The initial catalogue had 34310 sources.

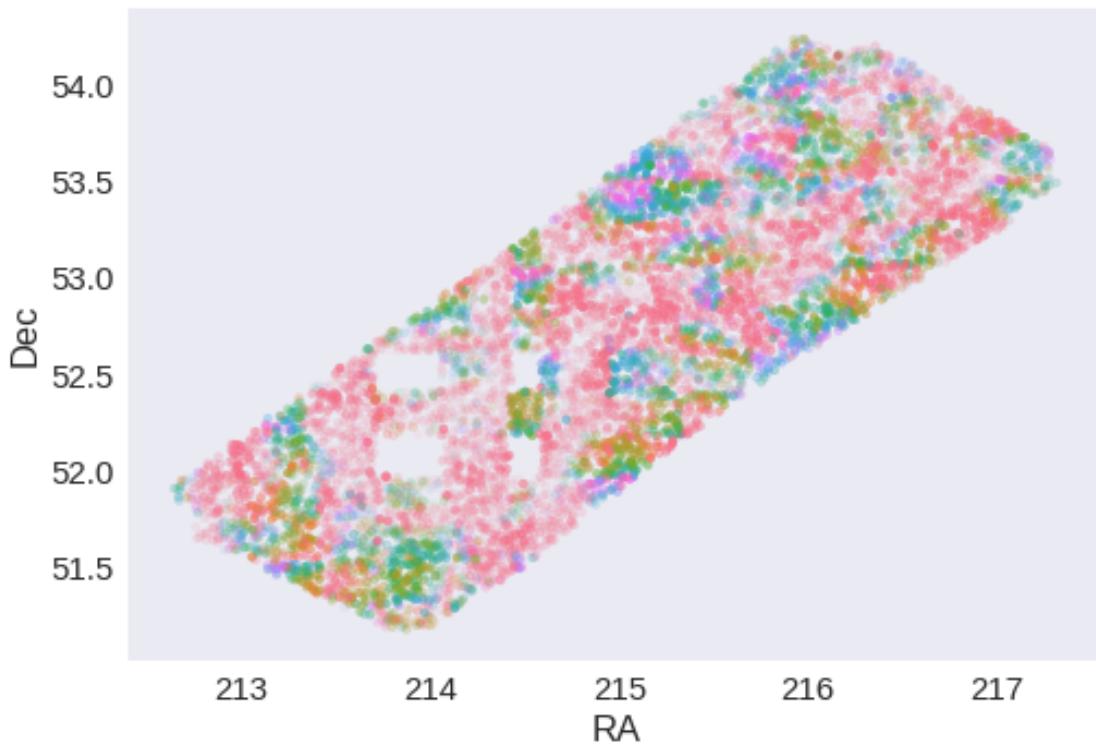
The cleaned catalogue has 31771 sources (2539 removed).

The cleaned catalogue has 2427 sources flagged as having been cleaned

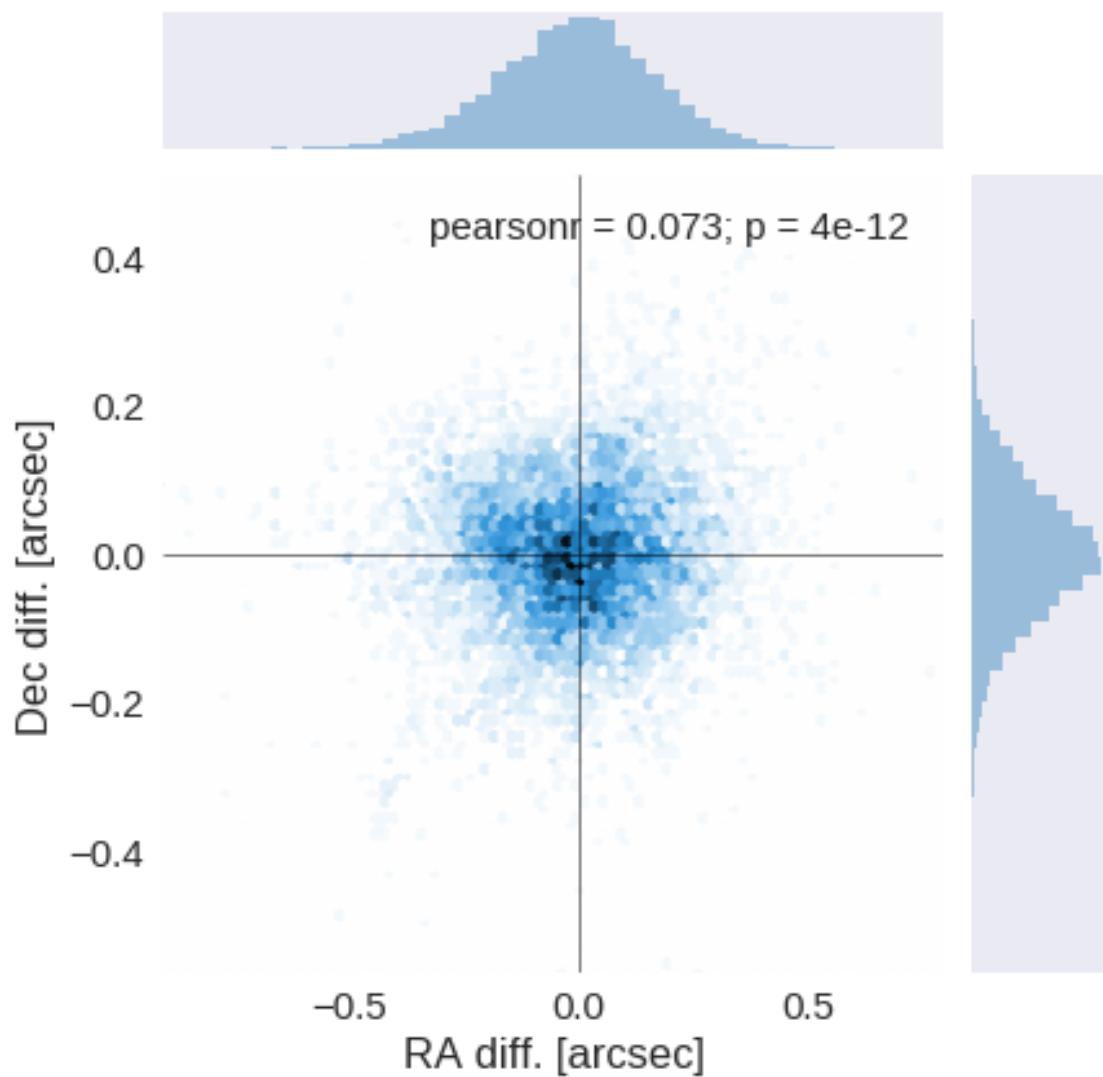
### 1.4 III - Astrometry correction

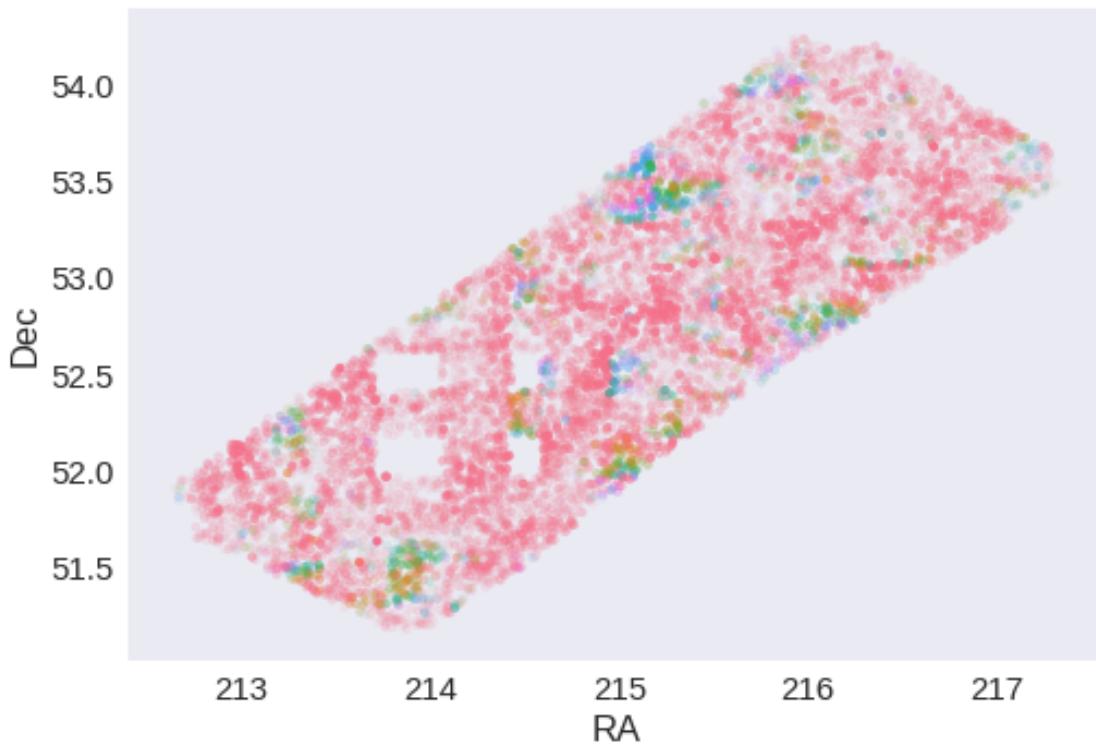
We match the astrometry to the Gaia one. We limit the Gaia catalogue to sources with a g band flux between the 30th and the 70th percentile. Some quick tests show that this give the lower dispersion in the results.





RA correction: -0.13122841110089212 arcsec  
Dec correction: -0.07189033726717753 arcsec





## 1.5 IV - Flagging Gaia objects

9047 sources flagged.

## 2 V - Saving to disk

# 2\_Merging

March 8, 2018

## 1 EGS master catalogue

This notebook presents the merge of the various pristine catalogues to produce HELP master catalogue on EGS.

```
This notebook was run with herschelhelp_internal version:  
0246c5d (Thu Jan 25 17:01:47 2018 +0000) [with local modifications]  
This notebook was executed on:  
2018-02-17 23:59:48.408795
```

### 1.1 I - Reading the prepared pristine catalogues

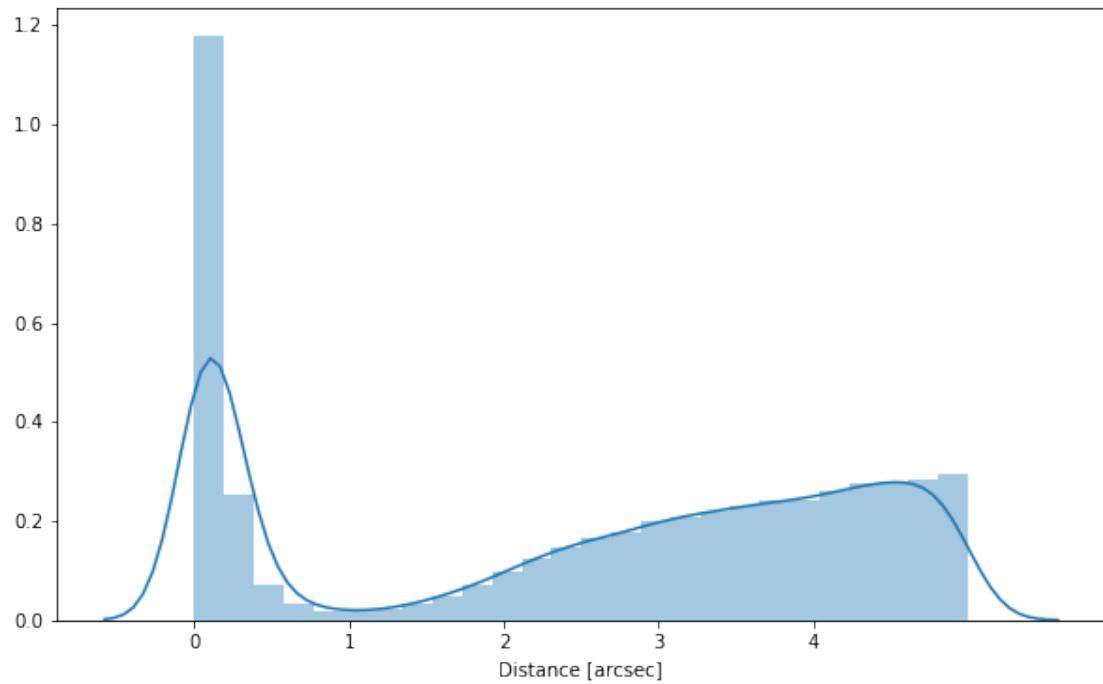
### 1.2 II - Merging tables

We first merge the optical catalogues and then add the infrared ones.

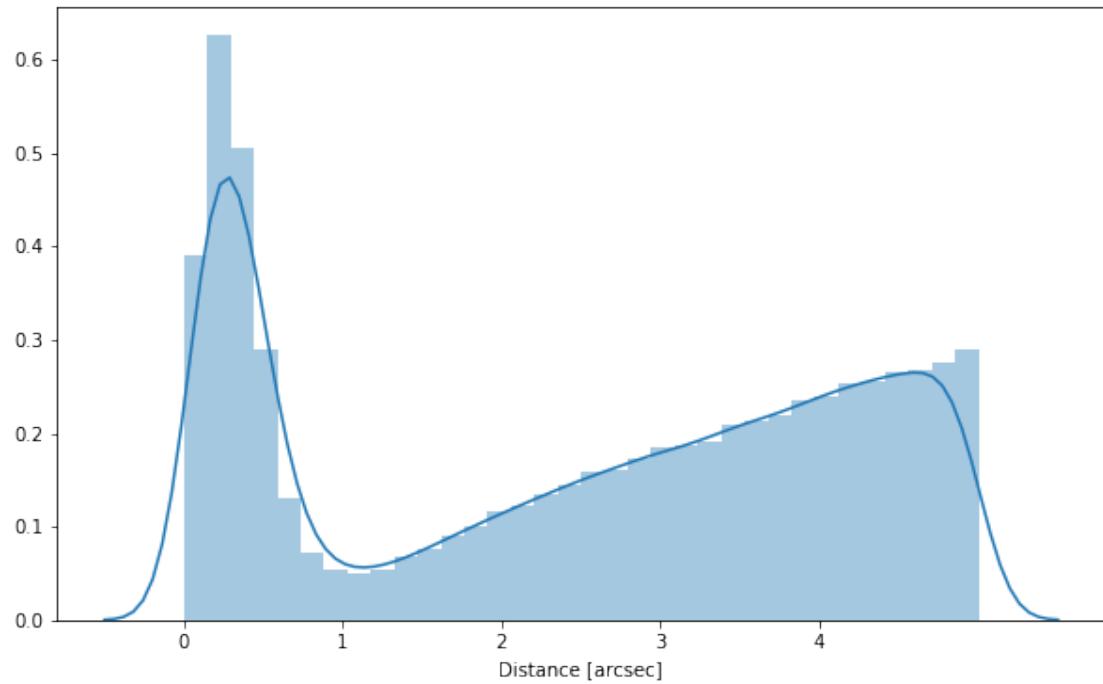
At every step, we look at the distribution of the distances to the nearest source in the merged catalogue to determine the best crossmatching radius.

### 1.2.1 HSC

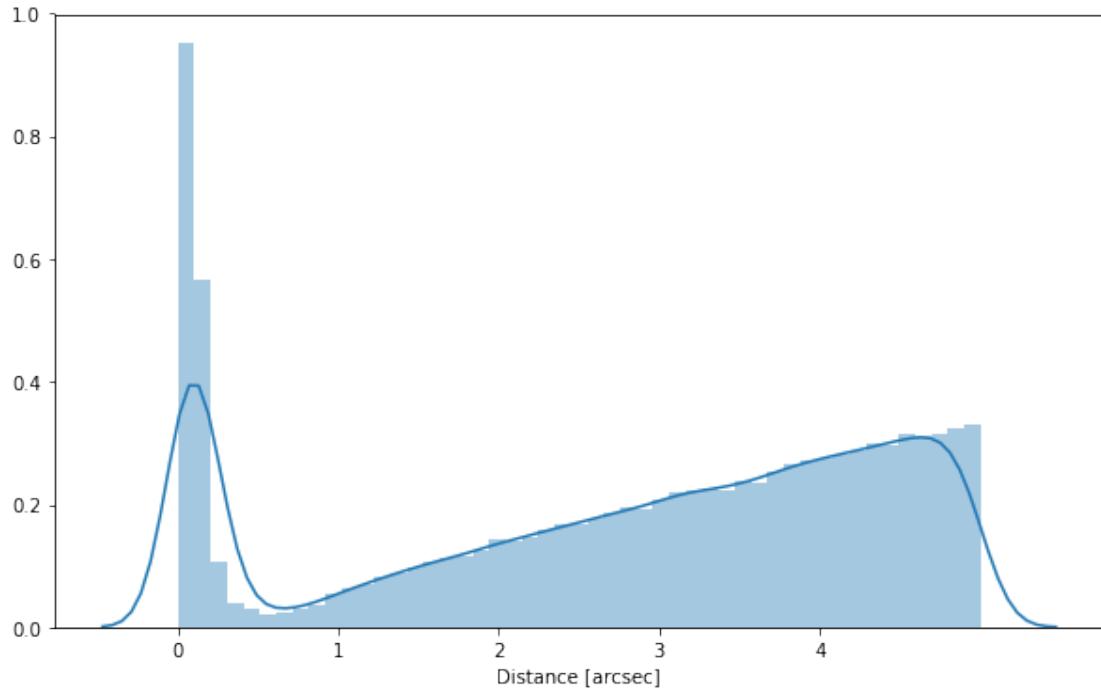
### 1.2.2 Add PanSTARRS



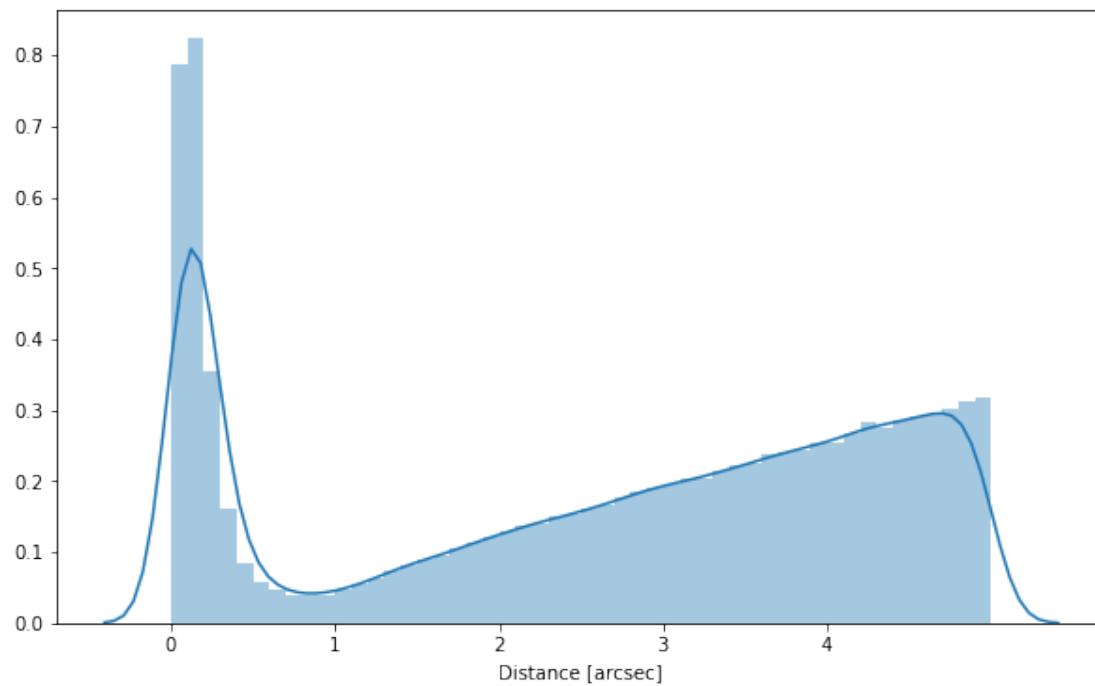
### 1.2.3 AEGIS



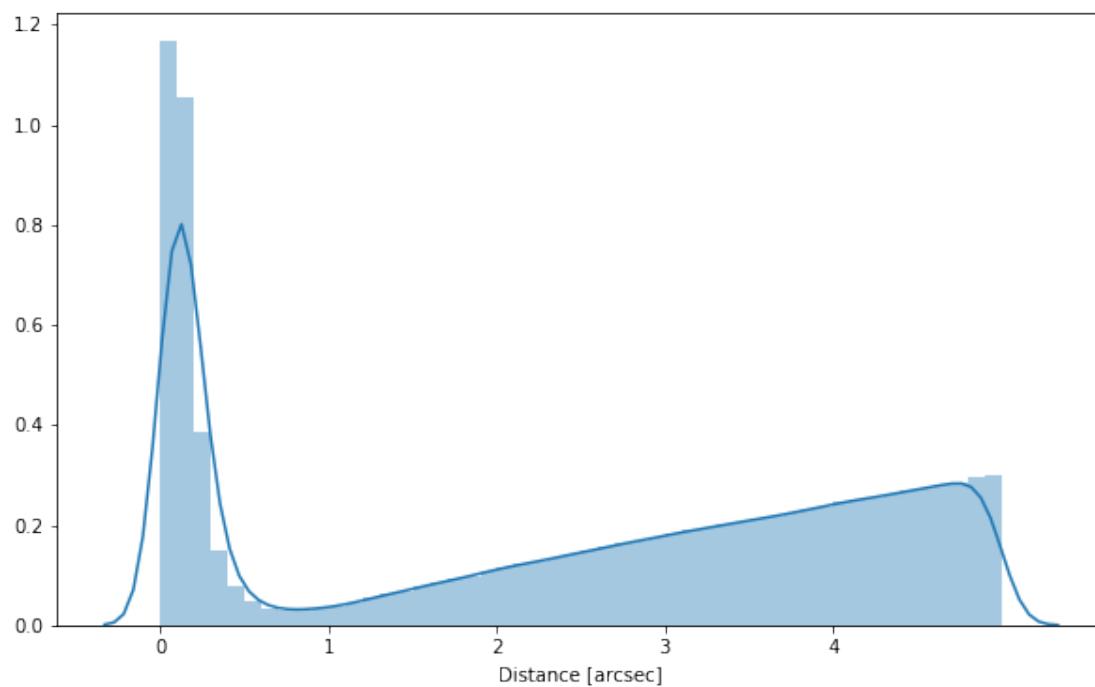
#### 1.2.4 CANDELS



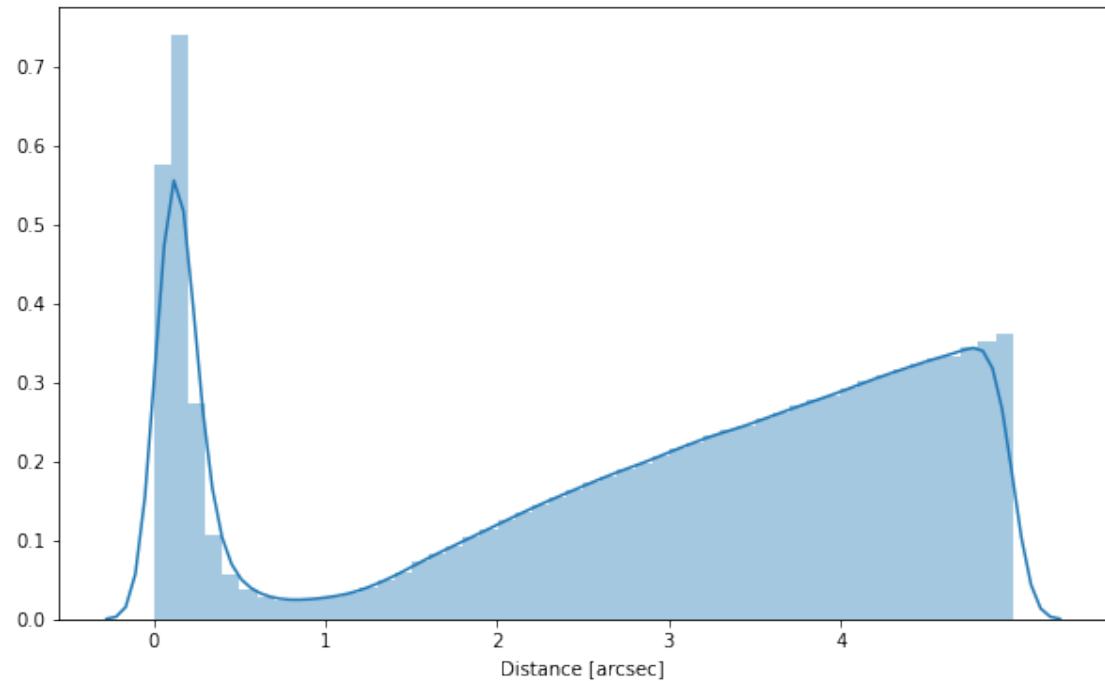
### 1.2.5 CFHT-WIRDS



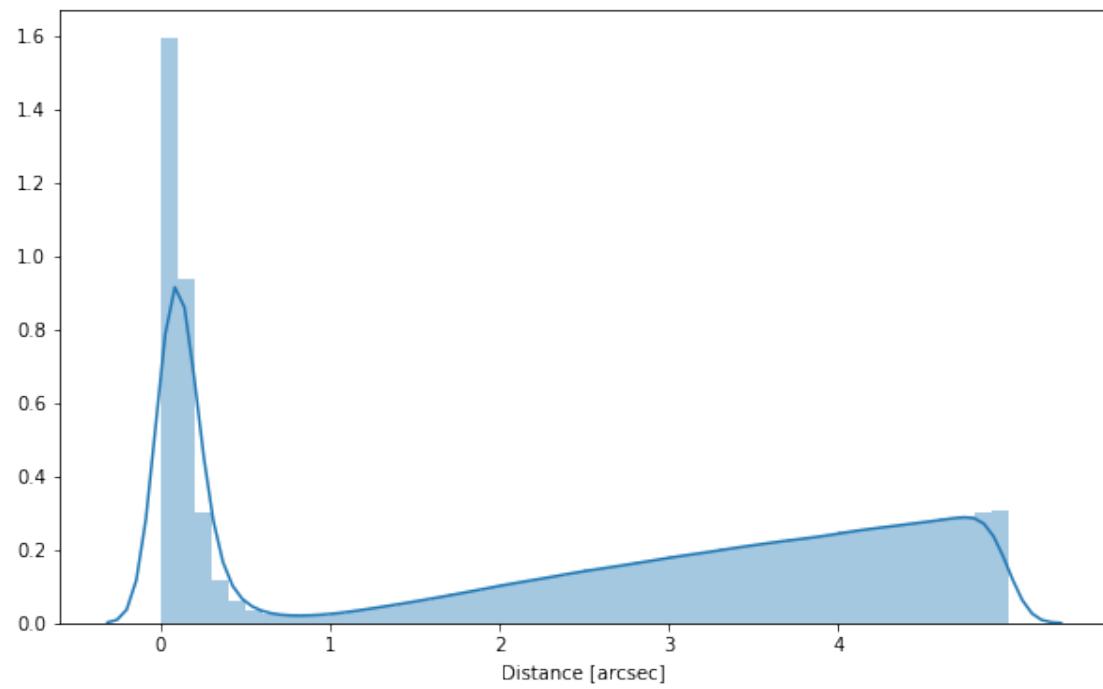
### 1.2.6 CFHTLS-WIDE



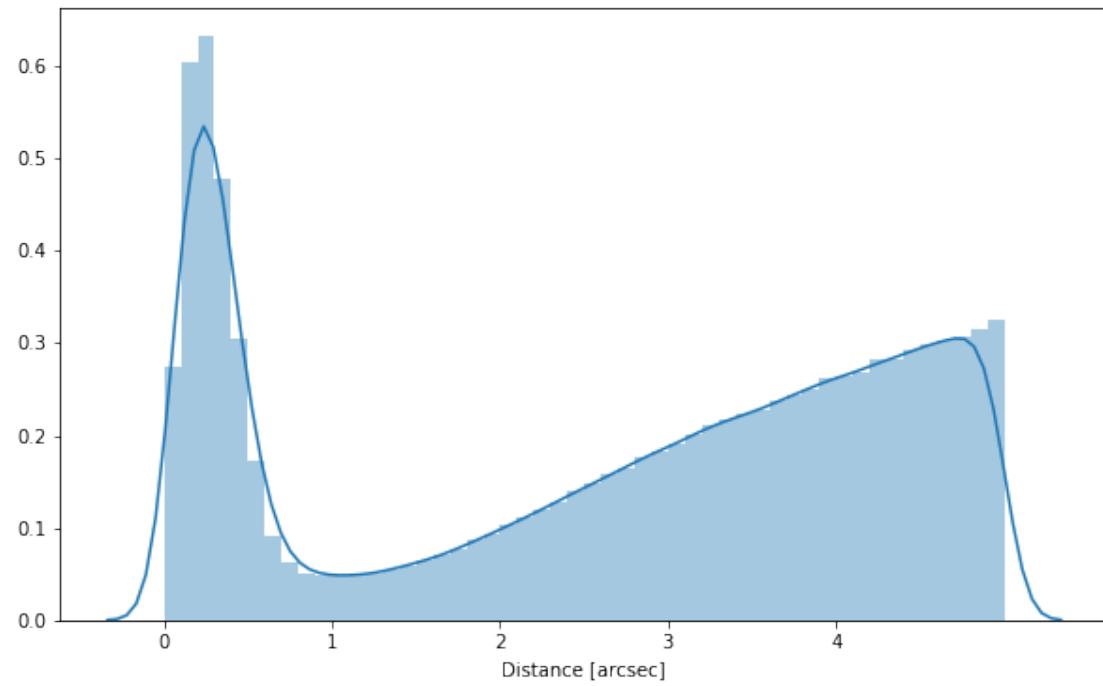
### 1.2.7 CFHTLS-DEEP



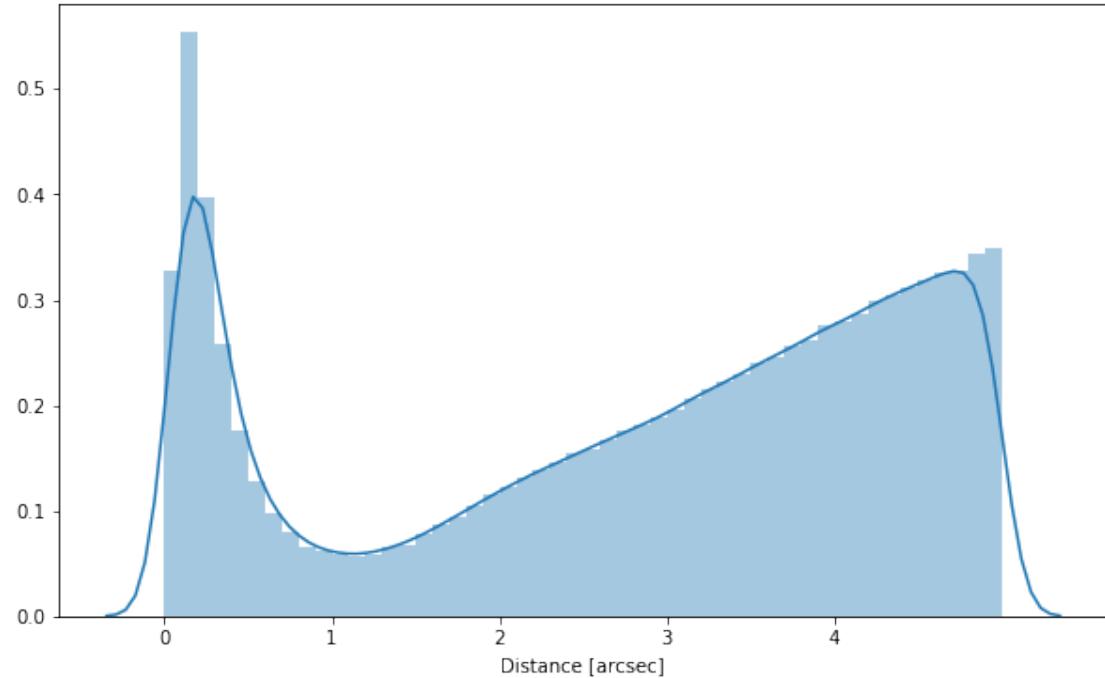
### 1.2.8 CFHTLenS



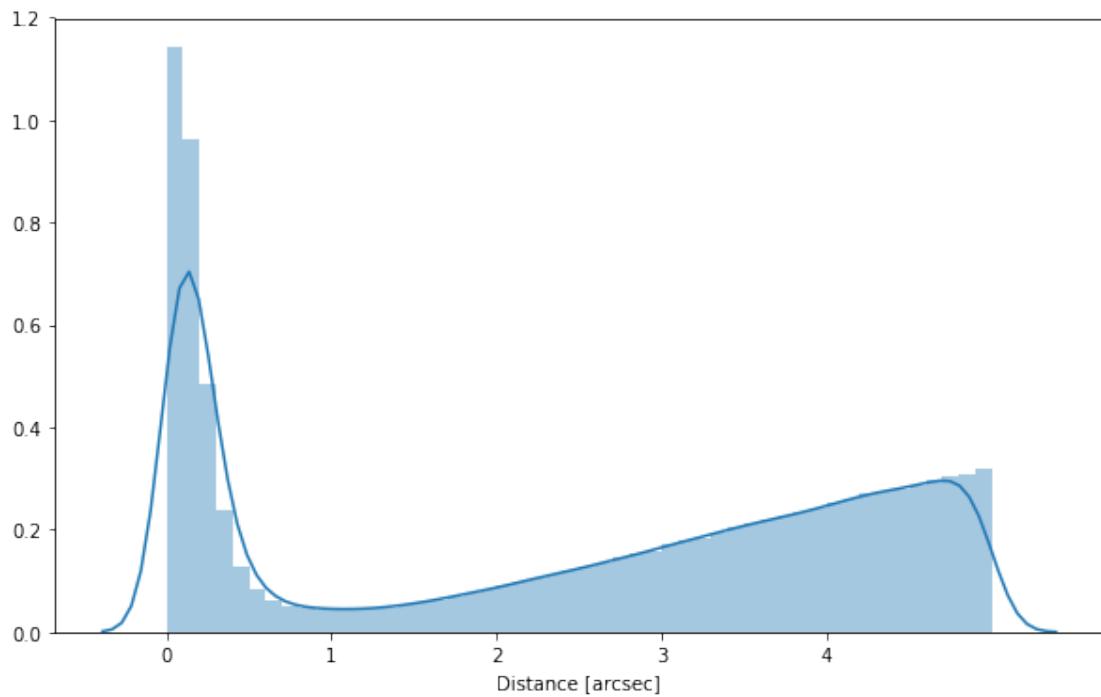
### 1.2.9 DEEP2



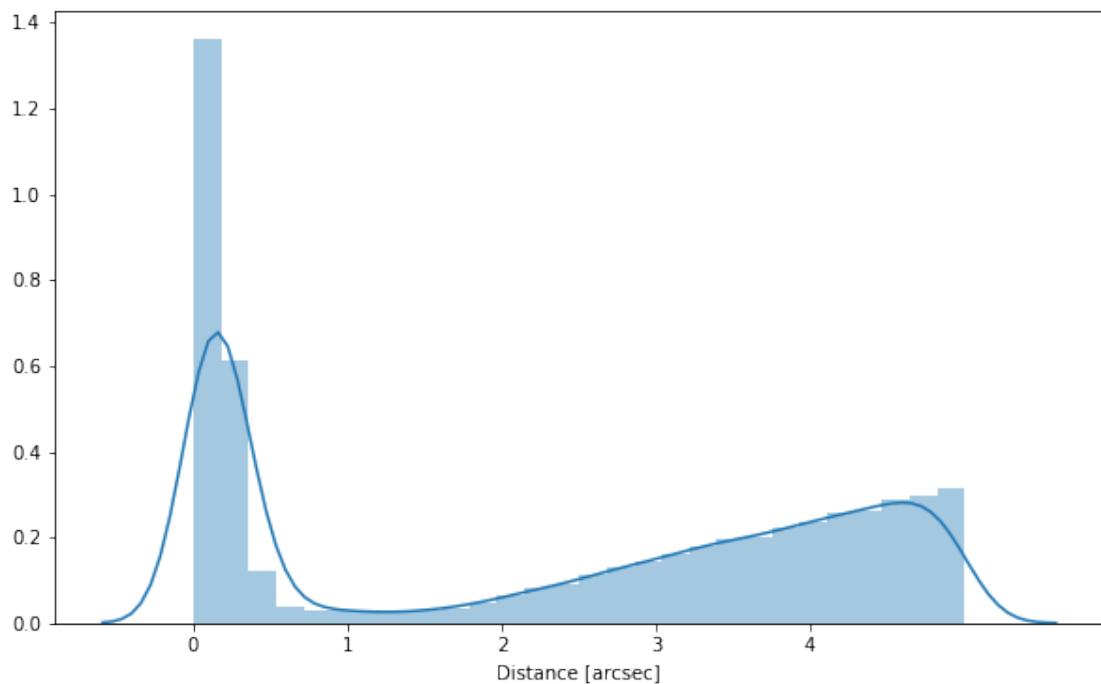
### 1.2.10 IRAC-EGS



### 1.2.11 Legacy Survey



### 1.2.12 UHS



### 1.2.13 Cleaning

When we merge the catalogues, astropy masks the non-existent values (e.g. when a row comes only from a catalogue and has no counterparts in the other, the columns from the latest are masked for that row). We indicate to use NaN for masked values for floats columns, False for flag columns and -1 for ID columns.

Out [29] : <IPython.core.display.HTML object>

## 1.3 III - Merging flags and stellarity

Each pristine catalogue contains a flag indicating if the source was associated to another nearby source that was removed during the cleaning process. We merge these flags in a single one.

Each pristine catalogue contains a flag indicating the probability of a source being a Gaia object (0: not a Gaia object, 1: possibly, 2: probably, 3: definitely). We merge these flags taking the highest value.

Each pristine catalogue may contain one or several stellarity columns indicating the probability (0 to 1) of each source being a star. We merge these columns taking the highest value. We keep trace of the origin of the stellarity.

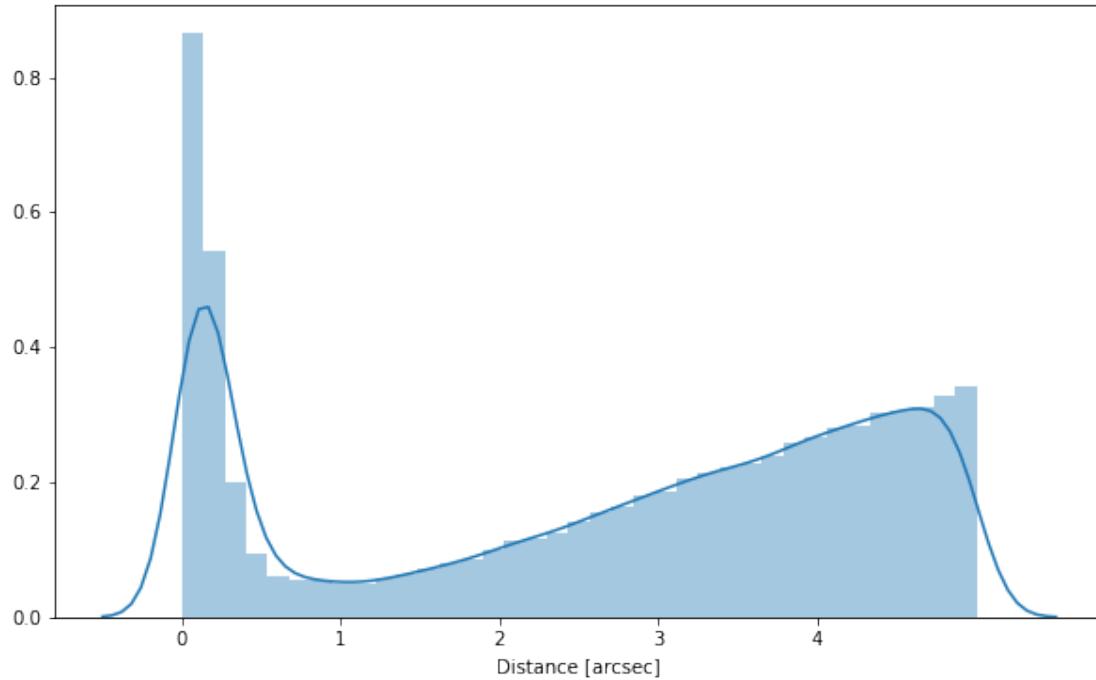
hsc\_stellarity, candels-egs\_stellarity, cfhtls-wide\_stellarity, cfhtls-deep\_stellarity, cfhtlens

## 1.4 IV - Adding E(B-V) column

## 1.5 V - Adding HELP unique identifiers and field columns

OK!

## 1.6 VI - Cross-matching with spec-z catalogue



## 1.7 VII - Choosing between multiple values for the same filter

There are many different bands to choose between here.

### 1.7.1 CFHT Megacam

CFHT-WIRDS is the only survey that has J, H and Ks so we take them directly. After that we need to select ugriz bands from between CFHTLS, CFHT-WIRDS and CFHTLenS. We take these in order of depth.

Survey	Bands	Notes
CFHTLS-DEEP	u, g, r, i, z	
CFHTLS-WIDE	u, g, r, i, z	
CFHT-WIRDS	u, g, r, i, z	Ks selected so may have unique objects
CFHTLenS	u, g, r, i, z	Reprocessing of CFHTLS-WIDE so not used

Survey	Bands	Notes
CANDELS-EGS	u, g, r, i, z	Priors from very deep data so may have unique objects
IRAC-EGS	u, g, r, i, z	Priors from IRAC so may have unique objects

```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/numpy/core/numeric.py:301:
    format(shape, fill_value, array(fill_value).dtype), FutureWarning)
```

Out [43]: <IPython.core.display.HTML object>

## 1.8 CFHT WIRCAM

We have WIRCAM J,H, and Ks from both CFHT-WIRDS (Ks prior and blind) and CANDELS-EGS. Since the CANDELS will have very deep priors the WIRCAM fluxes are worth keeping to constrain photo-z. We therefore take the CFHT-WIRDS fluxes if they are there but keep all the CANDELS fluxes for sources that only have those.

```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/numpy/core/numeric.py:301:
    format(shape, fill_value, array(fill_value).dtype), FutureWarning)
```

Out [48]: <IPython.core.display.HTML object>

### 1.8.1 IRAC

We have IRAC from the IRAC-EGS catalogue and from CANDELS. We take the CANDELS fluxes preferentially.

```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/numpy/core/numeric.py:301:
    format(shape, fill_value, array(fill_value).dtype), FutureWarning)
```

Out [53]: <IPython.core.display.HTML object>

### 1.8.2 AEGIS

We have AEGIS (WIRCS instrument on Palomar telescope) data from the AEGIS catalogue and from IRAC-EGS. We take the AEGIS fluxes preferentially

```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/numpy/core/numeric.py:301:
    format(shape, fill_value, array(fill_value).dtype), FutureWarning)
```

Out [58]: <IPython.core.display.HTML object>

### 1.8.3 HST: CANDELS vs IRAC-EGS

We take CANDELS over IRAC

```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/numpy/core/numeric.py:301:  
    format(shape, fill_value, array(fill_value).dtype), FutureWarning)
```

Out[63]: <IPython.core.display.HTML object>

### 1.8.4 CFHT12k : DEEP2 vs IRAC-EGS

We take DEEP2 preferentially

```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/numpy/core/numeric.py:301:  
    format(shape, fill_value, array(fill_value).dtype), FutureWarning)
```

Out[68]: <IPython.core.display.HTML object>

## 1.9 VIII.a Wavelength domain coverage

We add a binary `flag_optnir_obs` indicating that a source was observed in a given wavelength domain:

- 1 for observation in optical;
- 2 for observation in near-infrared;
- 4 for observation in mid-infrared (IRAC).

It's an integer binary flag, so a source observed both in optical and near-infrared by not in mid-infrared would have this flag at  $1 + 2 = 3$ .

*Note 1: The observation flag is based on the creation of multi-order coverage maps from the catalogues, this may not be accurate, especially on the edges of the coverage.*

*Note 2: Being on the observation coverage does not mean having fluxes in that wavelength domain. For sources observed in one domain but having no flux in it, one must take into consideration de different depths in the catalogue we are using.*

## 1.10 VIII.b Wavelength domain detection

We add a binary `flag_optnir_det` indicating that a source was detected in a given wavelength domain:

- 1 for detection in optical;
- 2 for detection in near-infrared;
- 4 for detection in mid-infrared (IRAC).

It's an integer binary flag, so a source detected both in optical and near-infrared by not in mid-infrared would have this flag at  $1 + 2 = 3$ .

*Note 1: We use the total flux columns to know if the source has flux, in some catalogues, we may have aperture flux and no total flux.*

To get rid of artefacts (chip edges, star flares, etc.) we consider that a source is detected in one wavelength domain when it has a flux value in **at least two bands**. That means that good sources will be excluded from this flag when they are on the coverage of only one band.

## 1.11 IX - Cross-identification table

We are producing a table associating to each HELP identifier, the identifiers of the sources in the pristine catalogues. This can be used to easily get additional information from them.

For convenience, we also cross-match the master list with the SDSS catalogue and add the objID associated with each source, if any. **TODO: should we correct the astrometry with respect to Gaia positions?**

30 master list rows had multiple associations.

```
['hsc_id', 'ps1_id', 'aegis_id', 'candels-egs_id', 'wirds_id', 'cfhtls-wide_id', 'cfhtls-deep_id']
```

## 1.12 X - Adding HEALPix index

We are adding a column with a HEALPix index at order 13 associated with each source.

## 1.13 XI - Saving the catalogue

Missing columns: set()

# 3\_Checks\_and\_diagnostics

March 8, 2018

## 1 EGS master catalogue

### 1.1 Checks and diagnostics

```
This notebook was run with herschelhelp_internal version:  
0246c5d (Thu Jan 25 17:01:47 2018 +0000) [with local modifications]  
This notebook was executed on:  
2018-02-18 00:56:44.713163
```

Diagnostics done using: master\_catalogue\_egs\_20180217.fits

### 1.2 0 - Quick checks

```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/numpy/core/numeric.py:301:  
    format(shape, fill_value, array(fill_value).dtype), FutureWarning)  
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/numpy/core/numeric.py:301:  
    format(shape, fill_value, array(fill_value).dtype), FutureWarning)
```

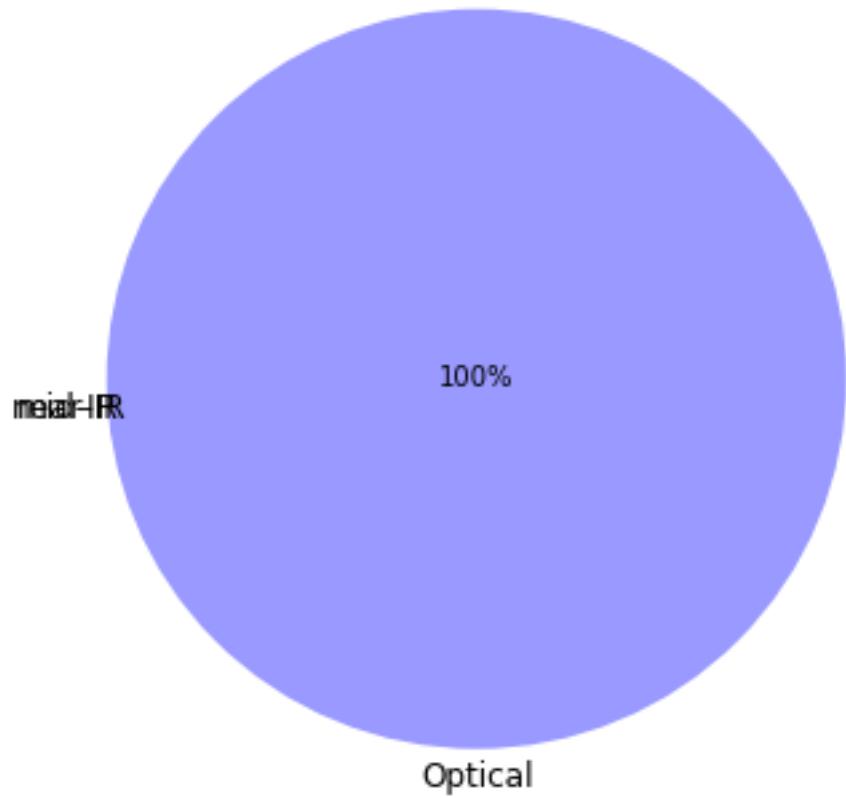
Table shows only problematic columns.

Out [4]: <IPython.core.display.HTML object>

### 1.3 I - Summary of wavelength domains

```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/matplotlib_venn/_venn3.py:  
    warnings.warn("Circle A has zero area")  
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/matplotlib_venn/_venn3.py:  
    warnings.warn("Circle B has zero area")
```

## Wavelength domain observations



```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/herschelhelp_internal/lib/python3.6/site-packages/matplotlib_venn/_venn3.py:  
    warnings.warn("All circles have zero area")
```

Detection of the 1,312,110 sources detected  
in any wavelength domains  
in regions observed in all domains (among 1,412,613 total sources)

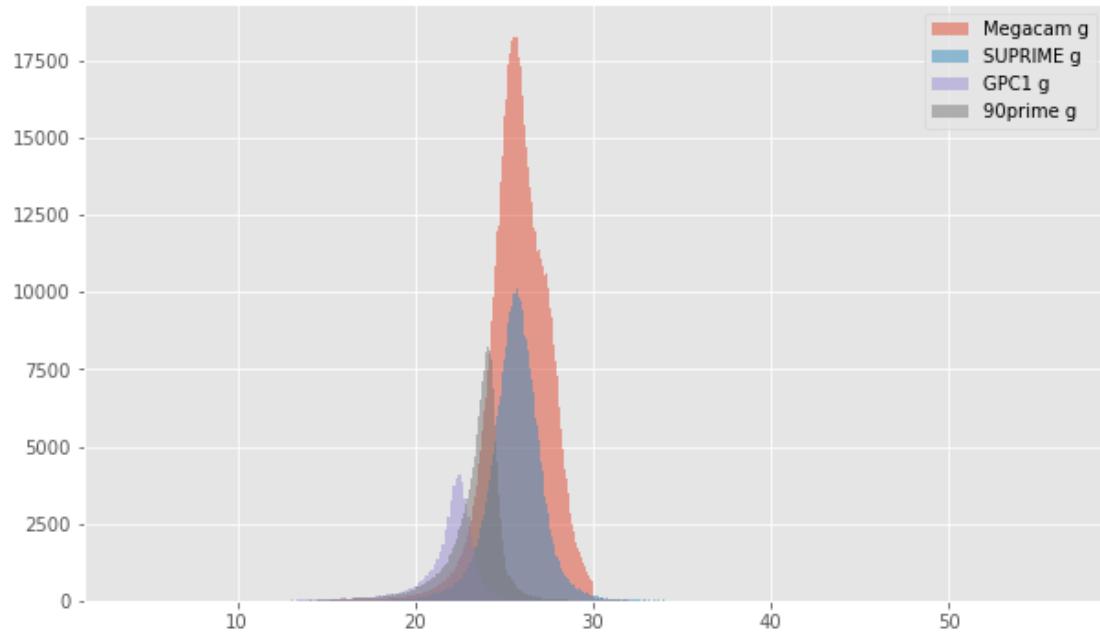
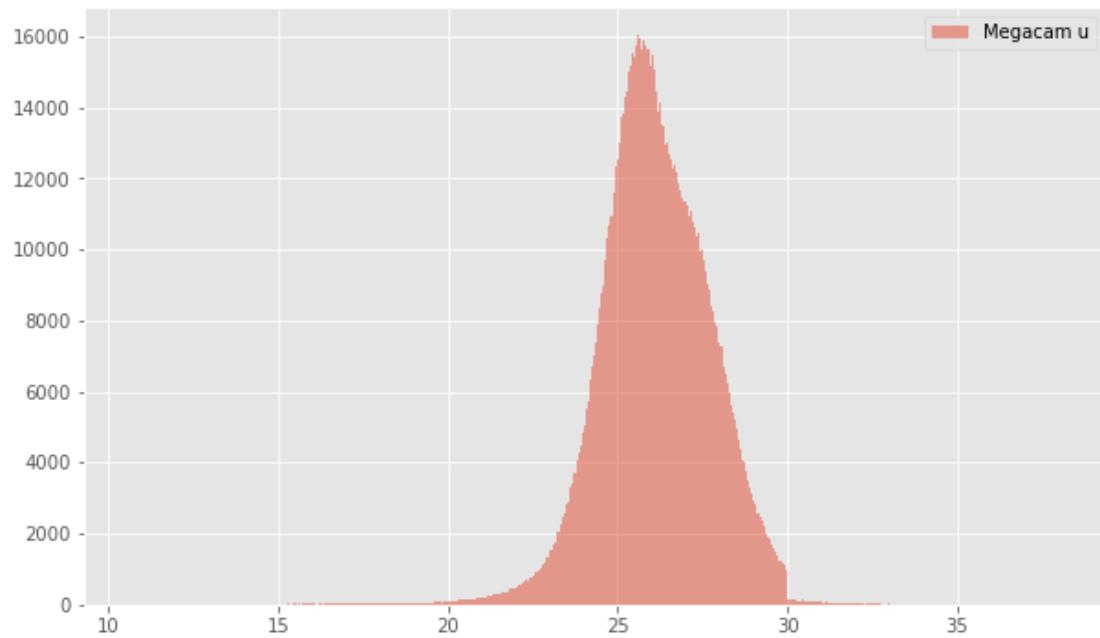
Report

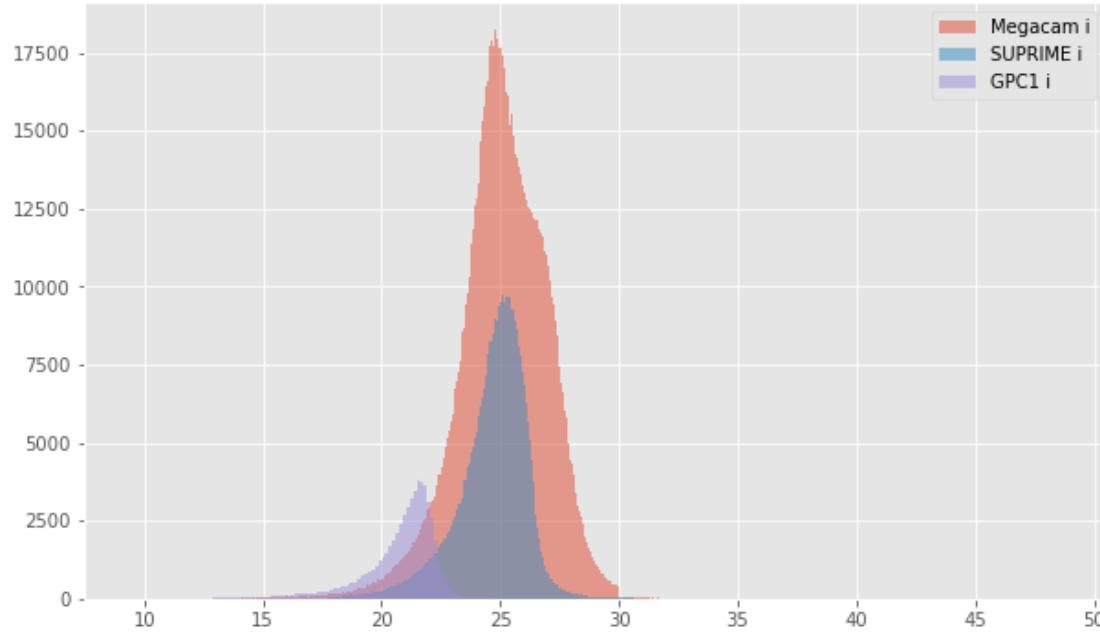
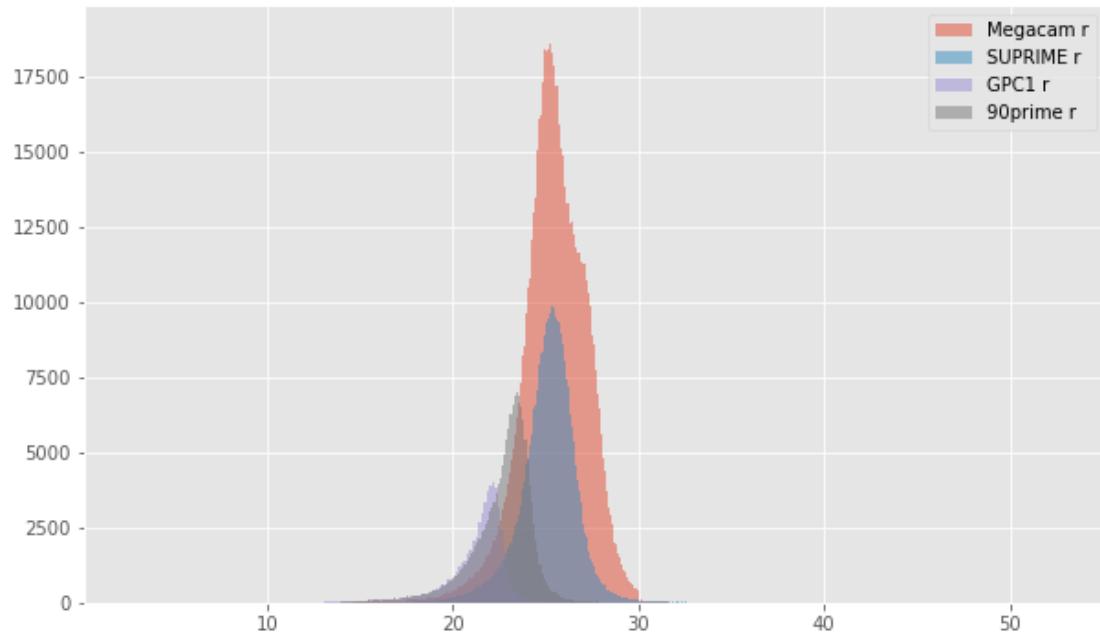
## 1.4 II - Comparing magnitudes in similar filters

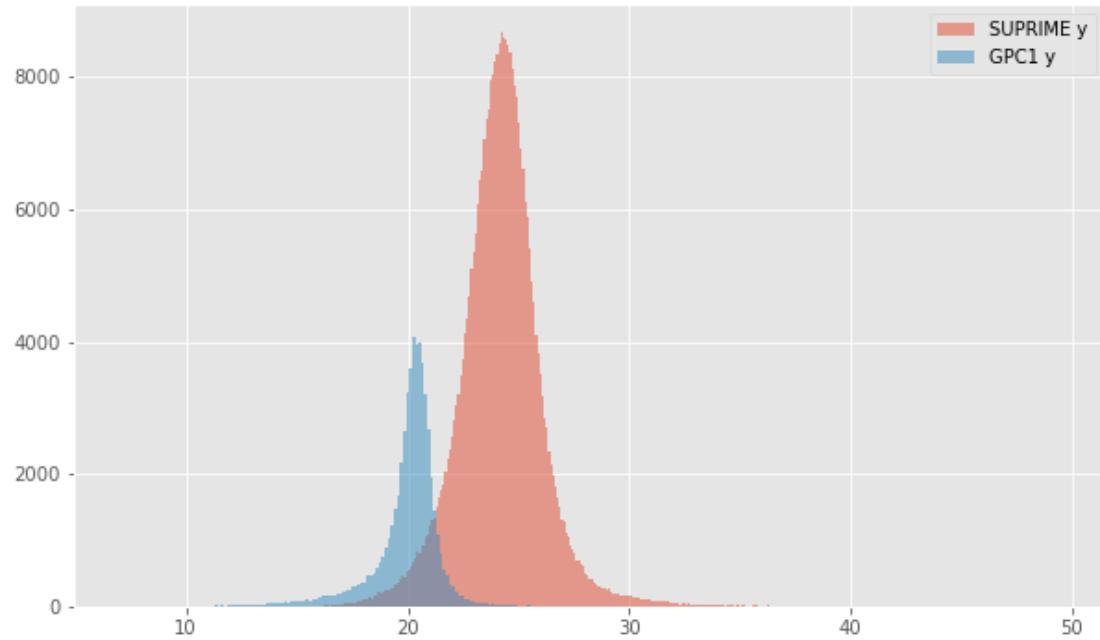
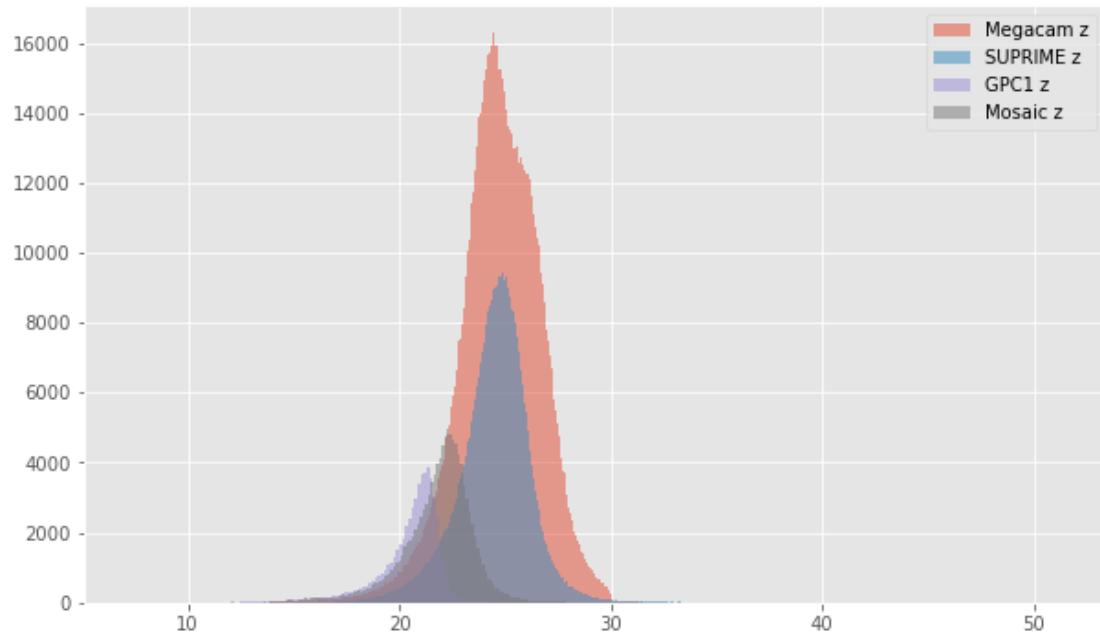
The master list is composed of several catalogues containing magnitudes in similar filters on different instruments. We are comparing the magnitudes in these corresponding filters.

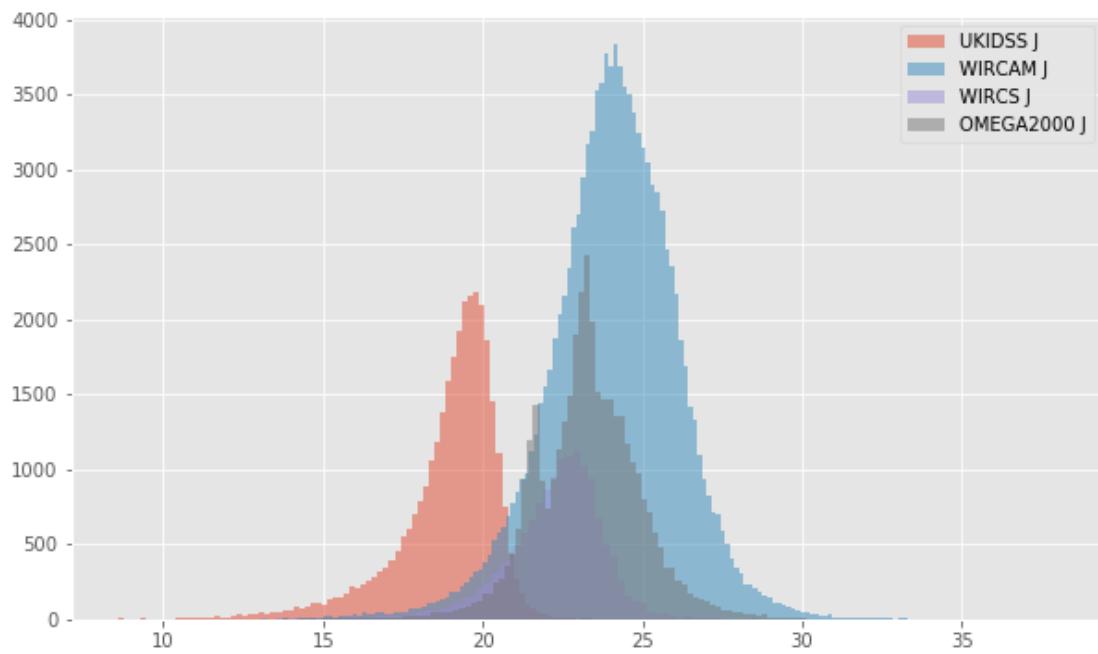
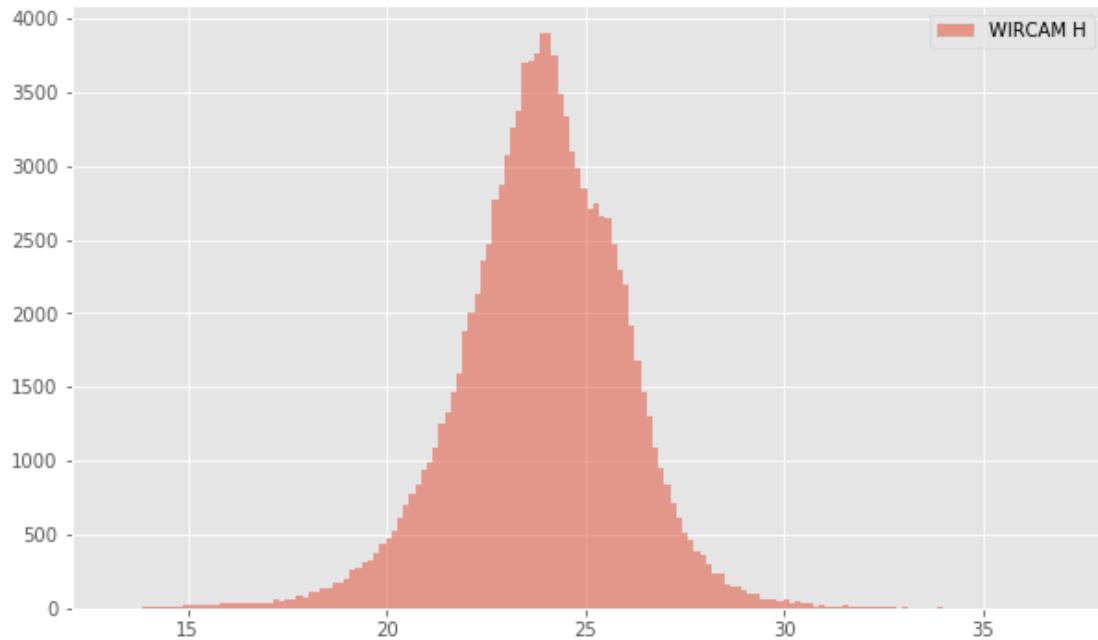
### 1.4.1 II.a - Comparing depths

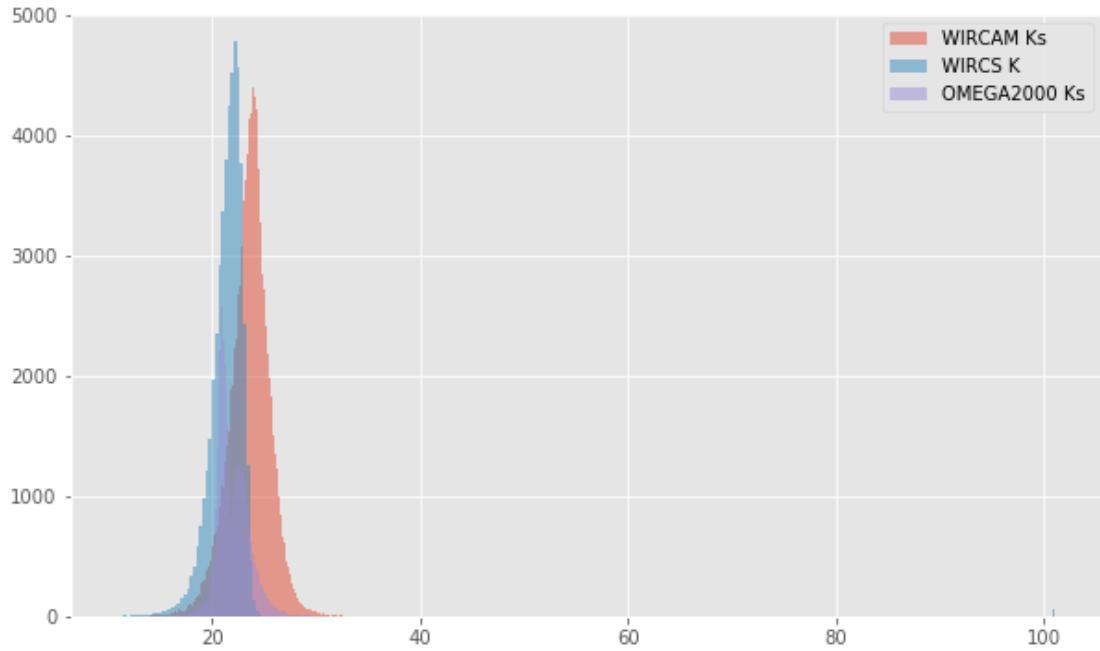
We compare the histograms of the total aperture magnitudes of similar bands.









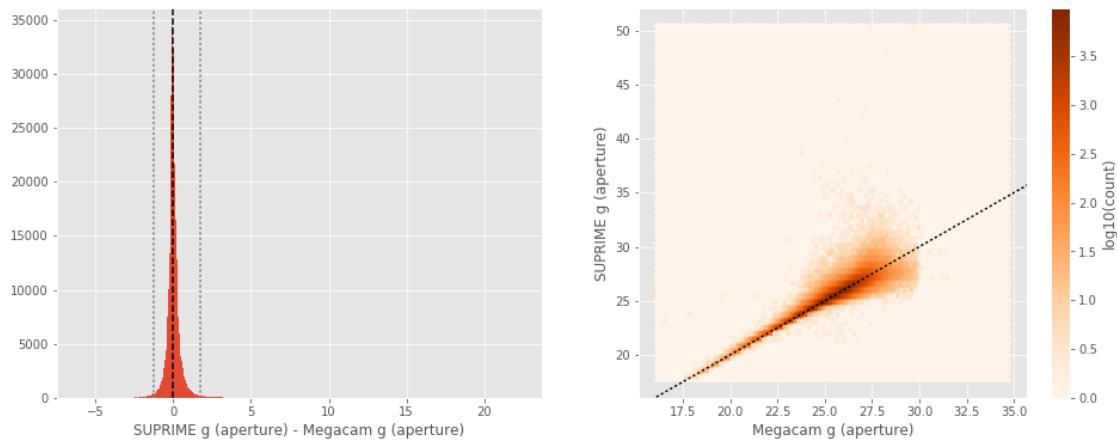


### 1.4.2 II.b - Comparing magnitudes

We compare one to one each magnitude in similar bands.

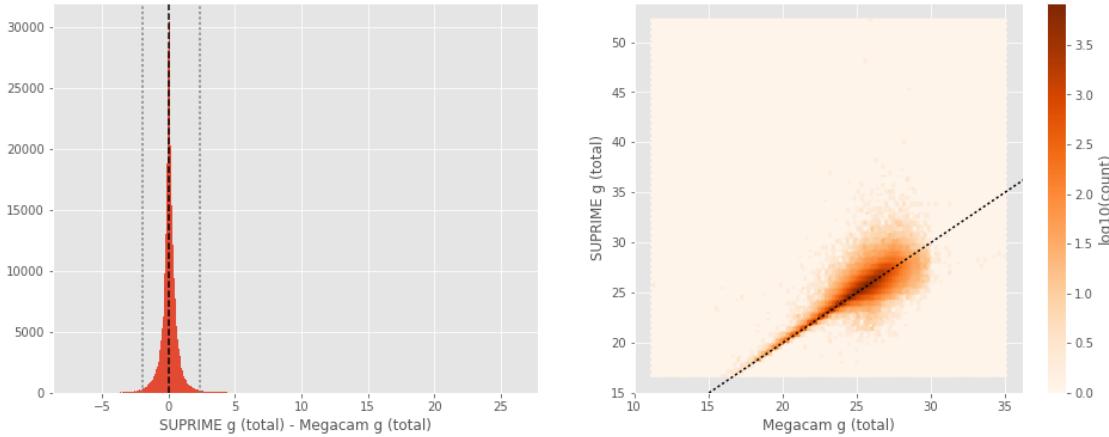
SUPRIME g (aperture) - Megacam g (aperture):

- Median: -0.03
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.16
- 1% percentile: -1.2311116218566895
- 99% percentile: 1.7373179435729962



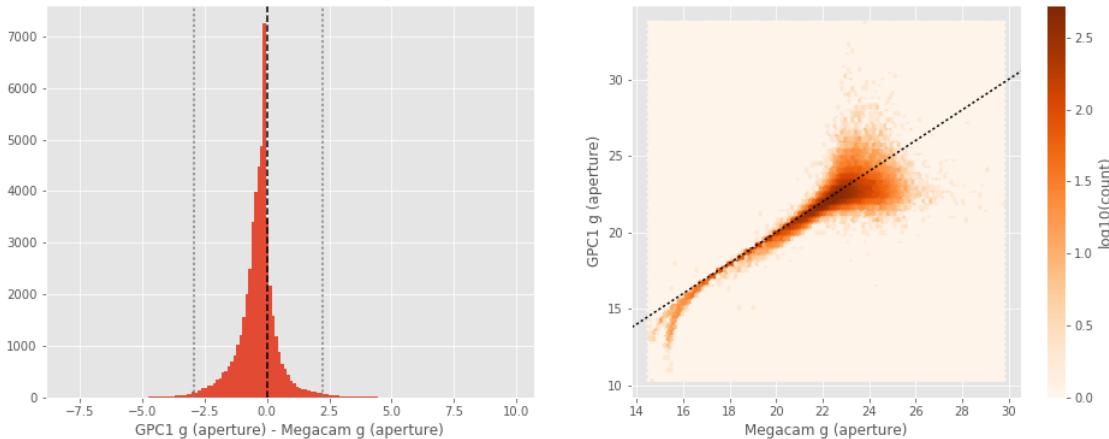
SUPRIME g (total) - Megacam g (total):

- Median: 0.04
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.23
- 1% percentile: -1.9589151763916015
- 99% percentile: 2.314632244110094



GPC1 g (aperture) - Megacam g (aperture):

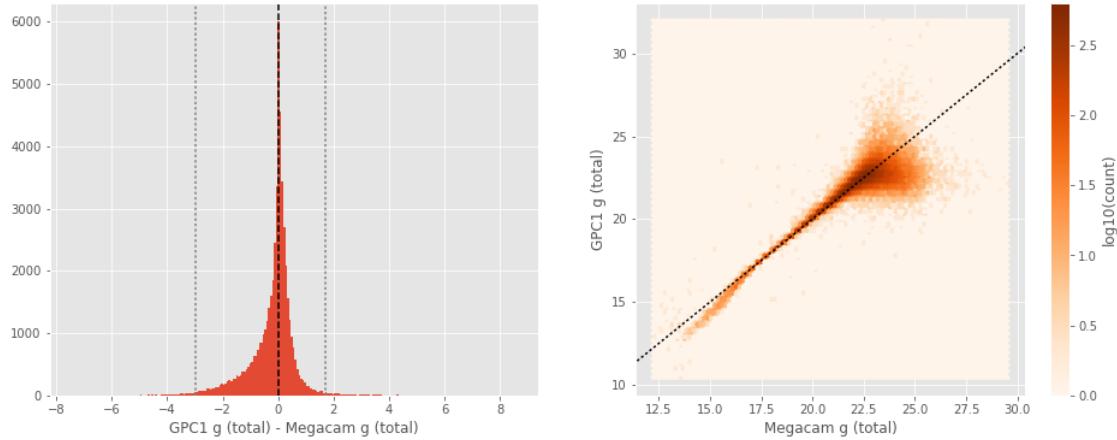
- Median: -0.28
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.32
- 1% percentile: -2.9472508430480957
- 99% percentile: 2.2309391975402826



GPC1 g (total) - Megacam g (total):

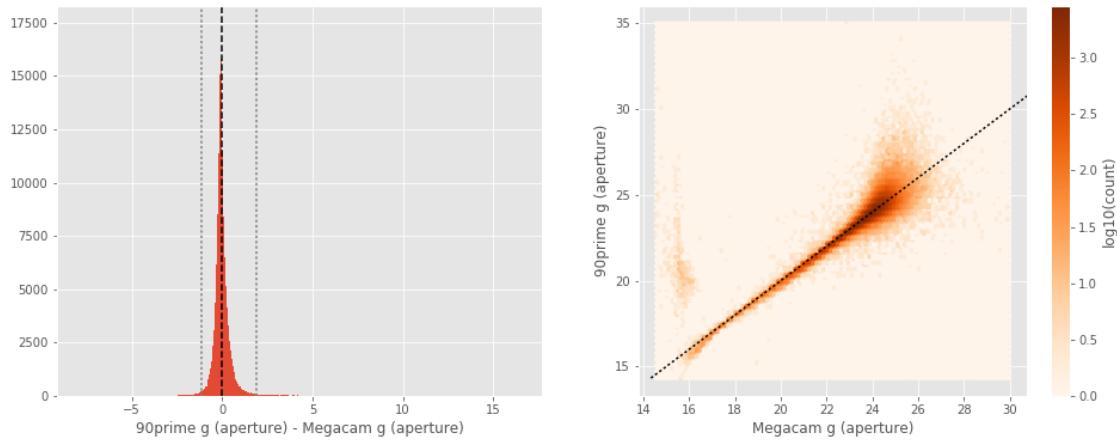
- Median: -0.01

- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.27
- 1% percentile: -2.9726611137390138
- 99% percentile: 1.7023037338256806



#### 90prime g (aperture) - Megacam g (aperture):

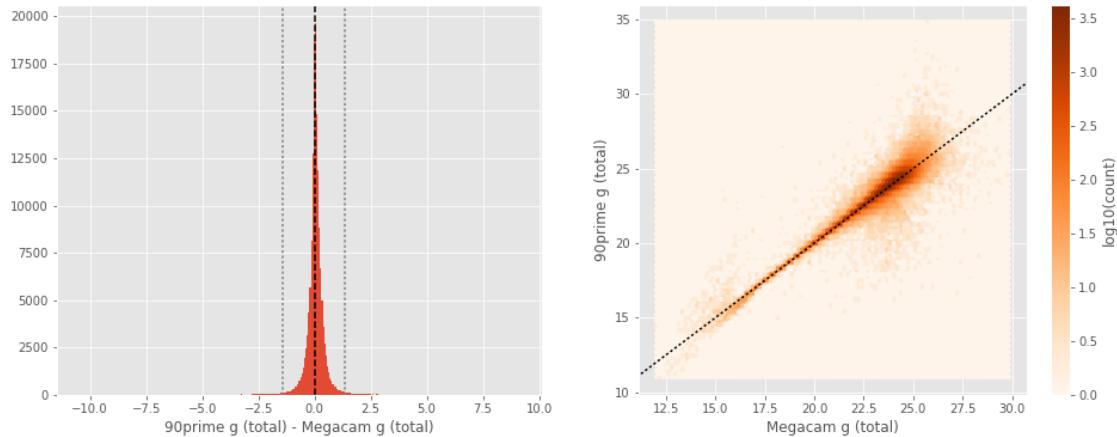
- Median: -0.07
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.16
- 1% percentile: -1.1429281997680663
- 99% percentile: 1.9096522521972639



#### 90prime g (total) - Megacam g (total):

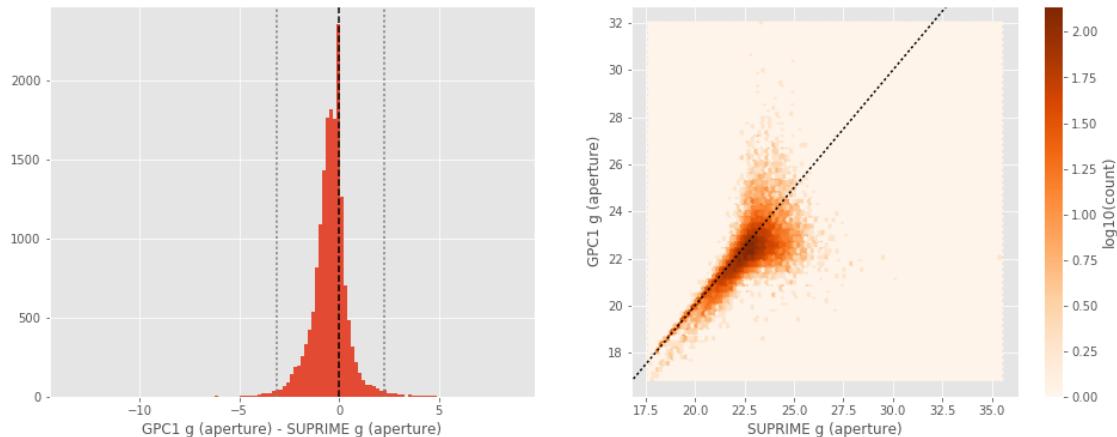
- Median: 0.04
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.14
- 1% percentile: -1.4339696884155273

- 99% percentile: 1.3585274696350096



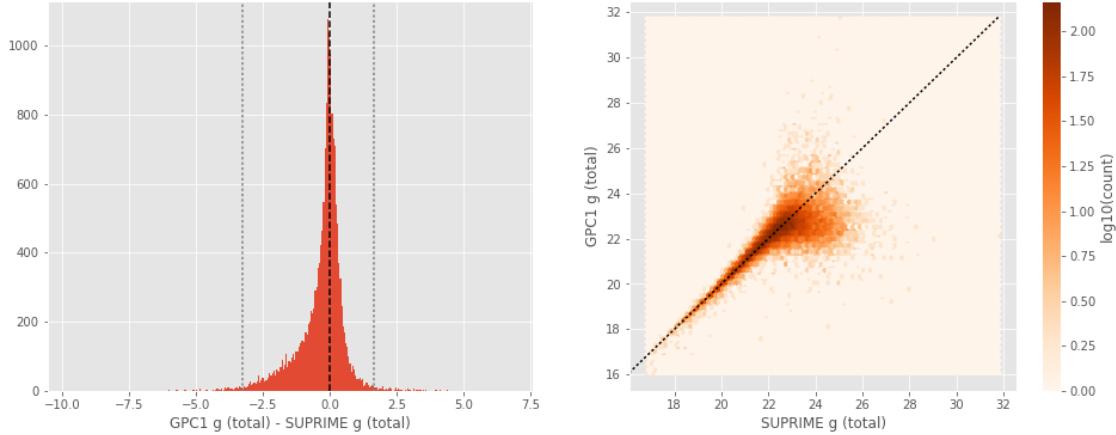
GPC1 g (aperture) - SUPRIME g (aperture):

- Median: -0.37
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.42
- 1% percentile: -3.1368252754211428
- 99% percentile: 2.29183826446533



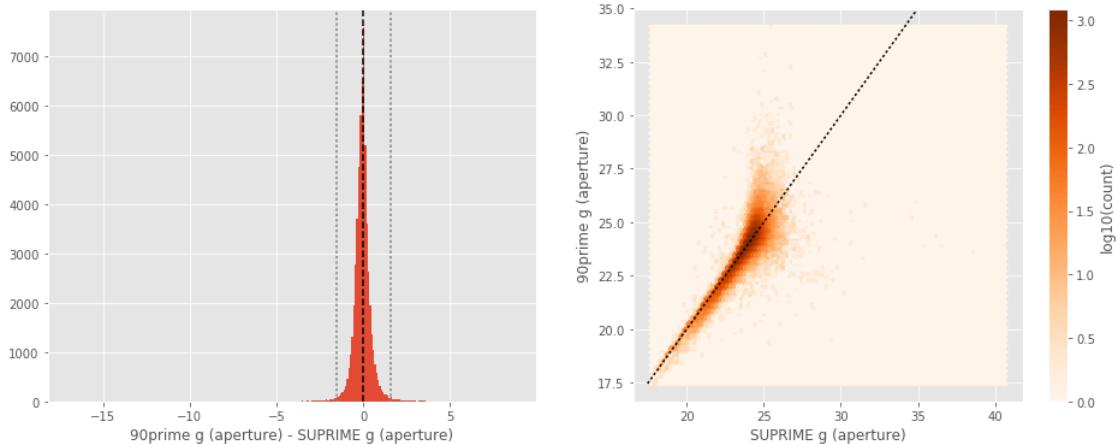
GPC1 g (total) - SUPRIME g (total):

- Median: -0.10
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.31
- 1% percentile: -3.2804692077636717
- 99% percentile: 1.6446651077270626



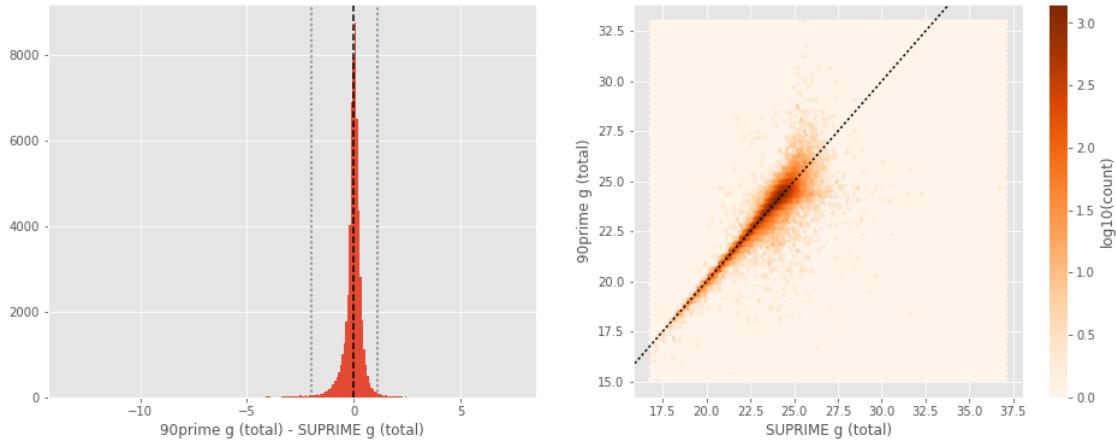
90prime g (aperture) - SUPRIME g (aperture):

- Median: -0.05
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.22
- 1% percentile: -1.5654241561889648
- 99% percentile: 1.614810657501221



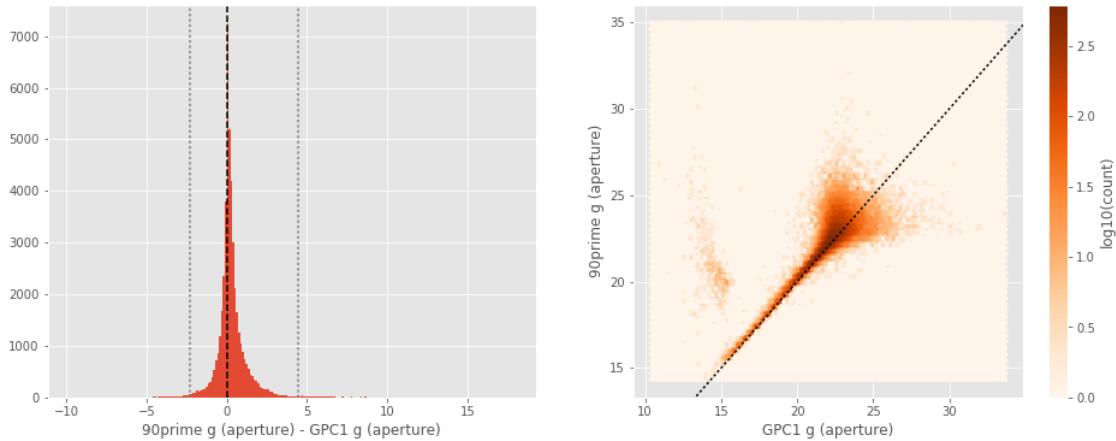
90prime g (total) - SUPRIME g (total):

- Median: 0.01
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.16
- 1% percentile: -1.962066135406494
- 99% percentile: 1.1228723907470701



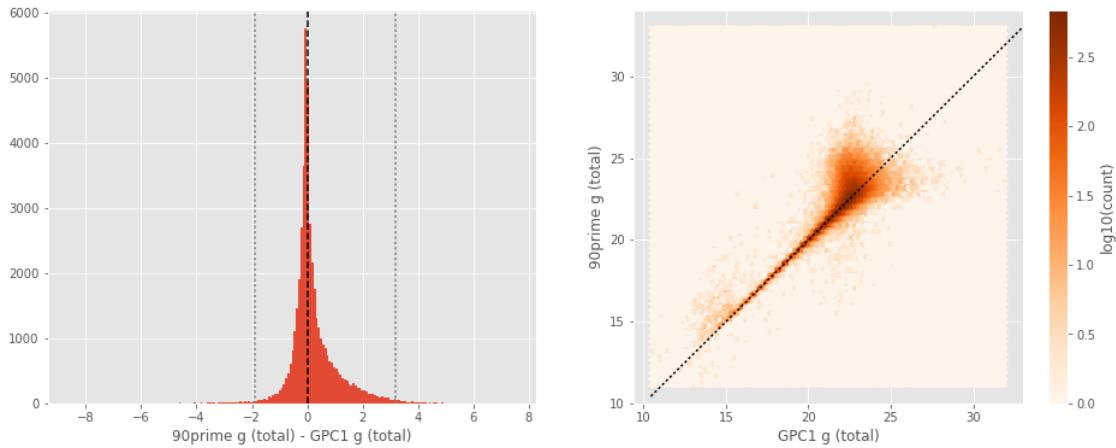
90prime g (aperture) - GPC1 g (aperture) :

- Median: 0.16
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.29
- 1% percentile: -2.3205015373229982
- 99% percentile: 4.473019647598266



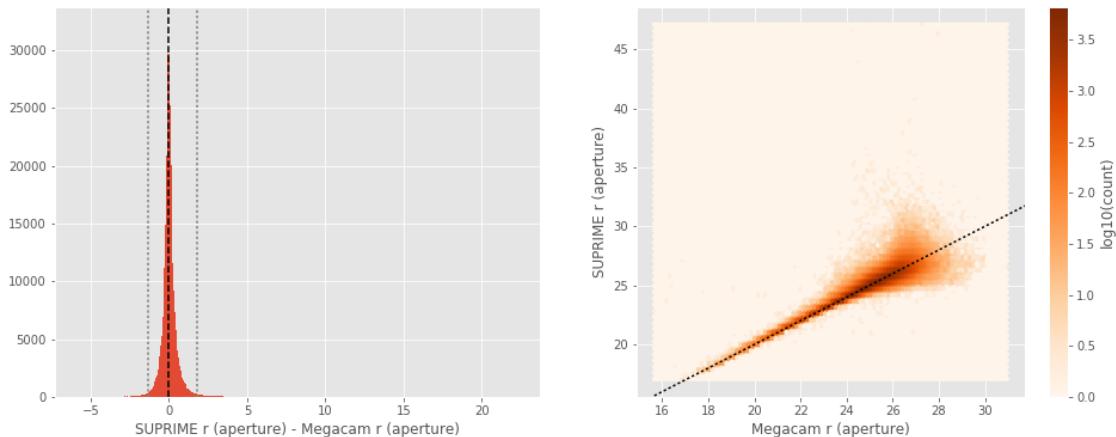
90prime g (total) - GPC1 g (total) :

- Median: 0.02
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.27
- 1% percentile: -1.8934118270874025
- 99% percentile: 3.1747922897338956



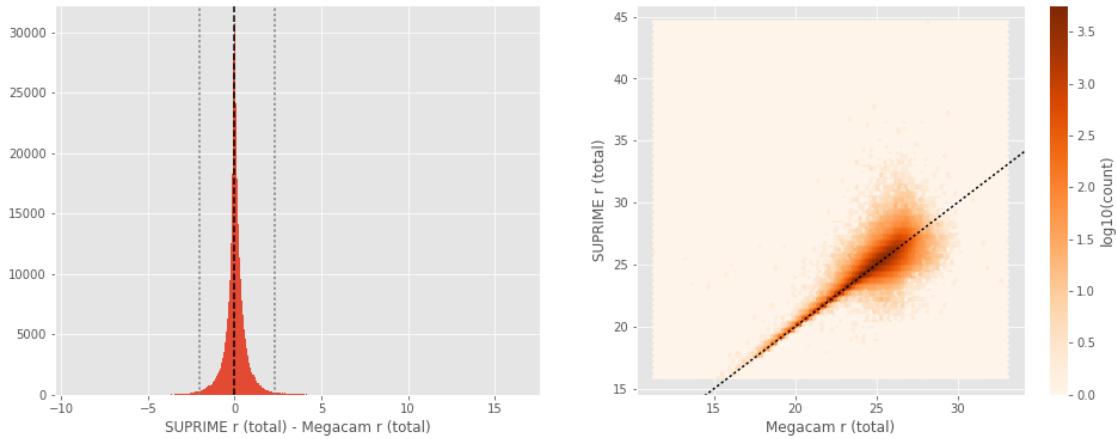
#### SUPRIME r (aperture) - Megacam r (aperture):

- Median: -0.01
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.18
- 1% percentile: -1.3007946014404297
- 99% percentile: 1.773109951019285



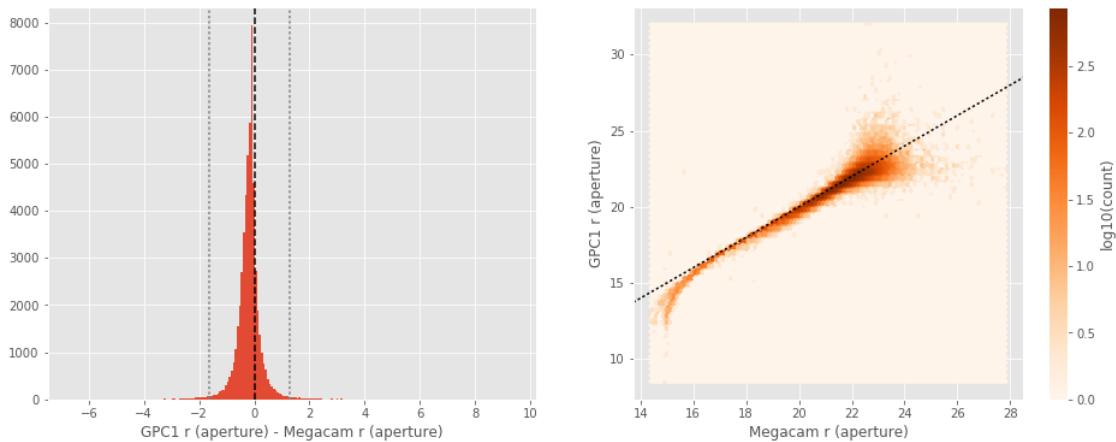
#### SUPRIME r (total) - Megacam r (total):

- Median: 0.02
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.23
- 1% percentile: -2.0251371383666994
- 99% percentile: 2.288670730590823



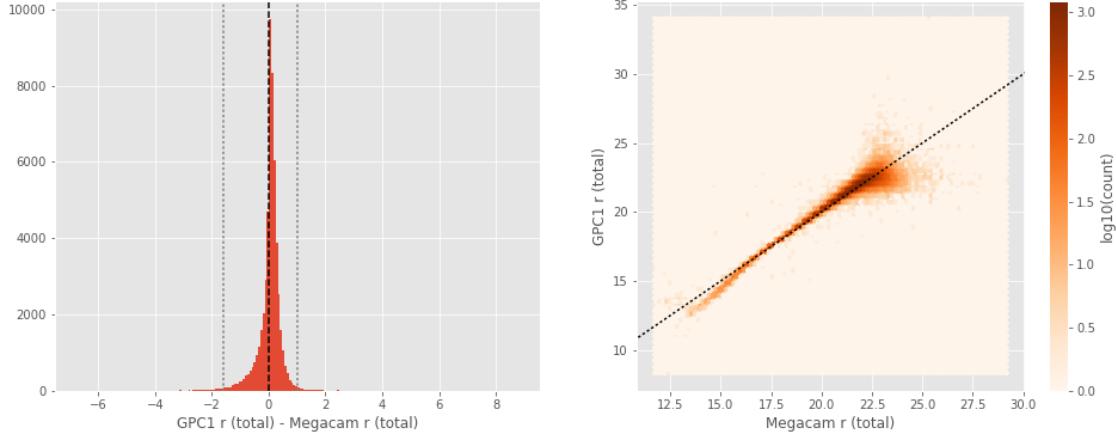
GPC1 r (aperture) - Megacam r (aperture):

- Median: -0.17
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.17
- 1% percentile: -1.62568998336792
- 99% percentile: 1.2671497344970688



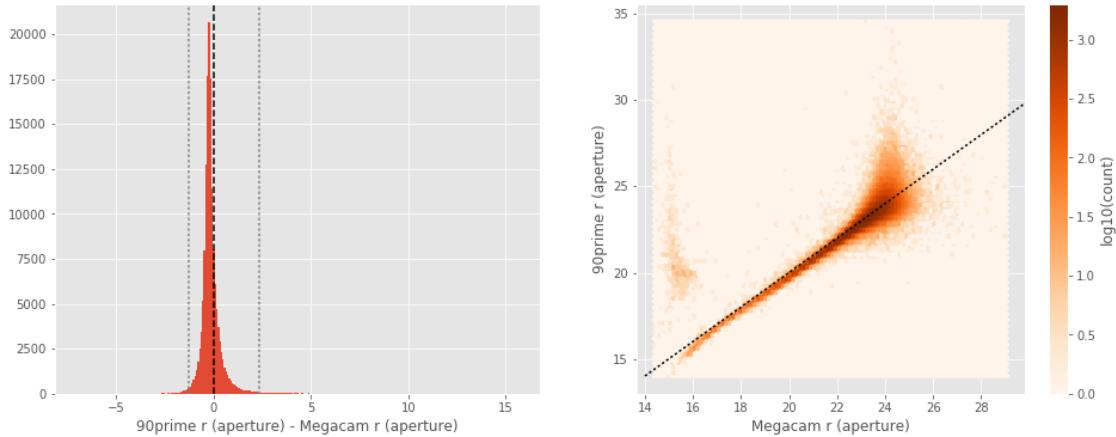
GPC1 r (total) - Megacam r (total):

- Median: 0.08
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.14
- 1% percentile: -1.6144099235534668
- 99% percentile: 1.0029862403869614



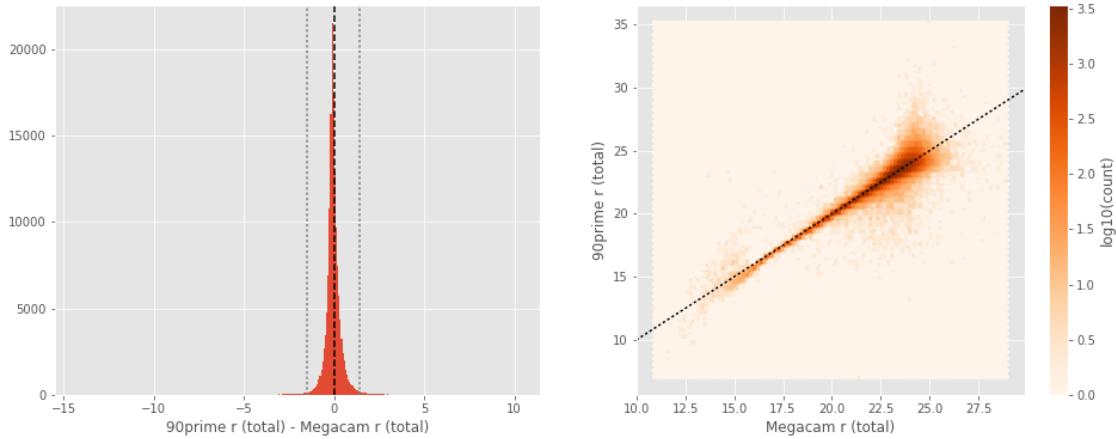
90prime r (aperture) - Megacam r (aperture):

- Median: -0.20
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.18
- 1% percentile: -1.2824085235595704
- 99% percentile: 2.3281039810180655



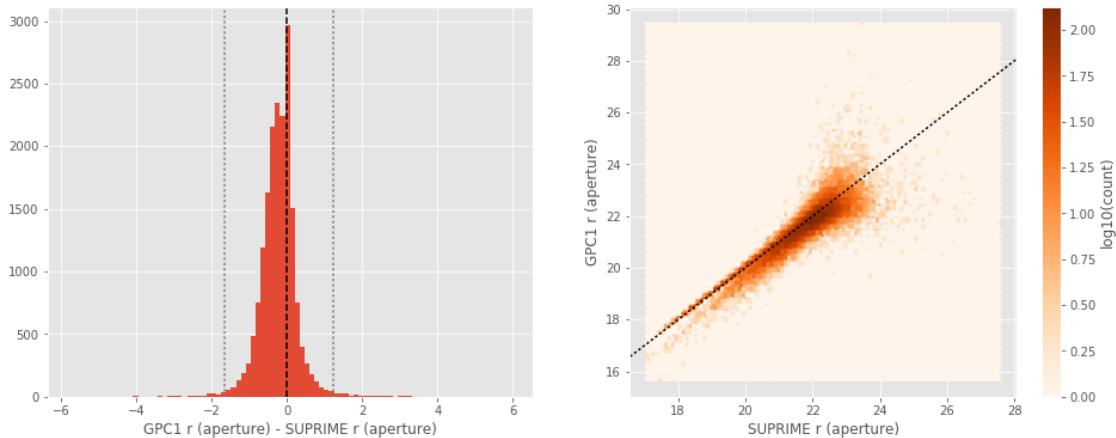
90prime r (total) - Megacam r (total):

- Median: -0.08
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.17
- 1% percentile: -1.5235447692871094
- 99% percentile: 1.4148318481445314



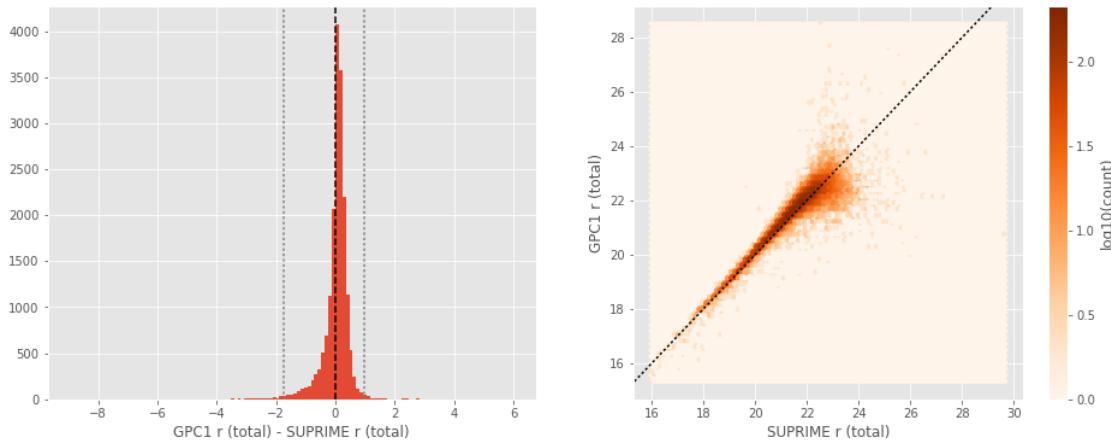
GPC1 r (aperture) - SUPRIME r (aperture):

- Median: -0.20
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.25
- 1% percentile: -1.6588865661621093
- 99% percentile: 1.2223485565185546



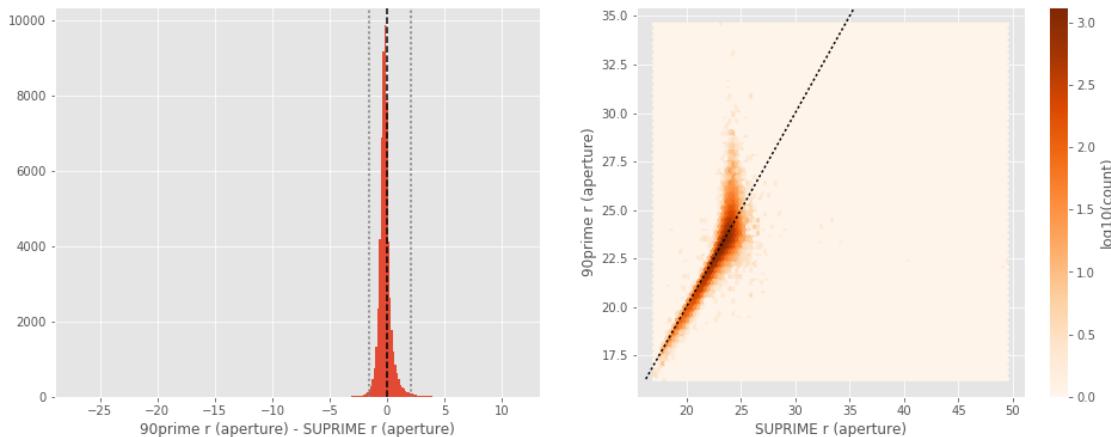
GPC1 r (total) - SUPRIME r (total):

- Median: 0.09
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.15
- 1% percentile: -1.7492075538635254
- 99% percentile: 0.959752445220943



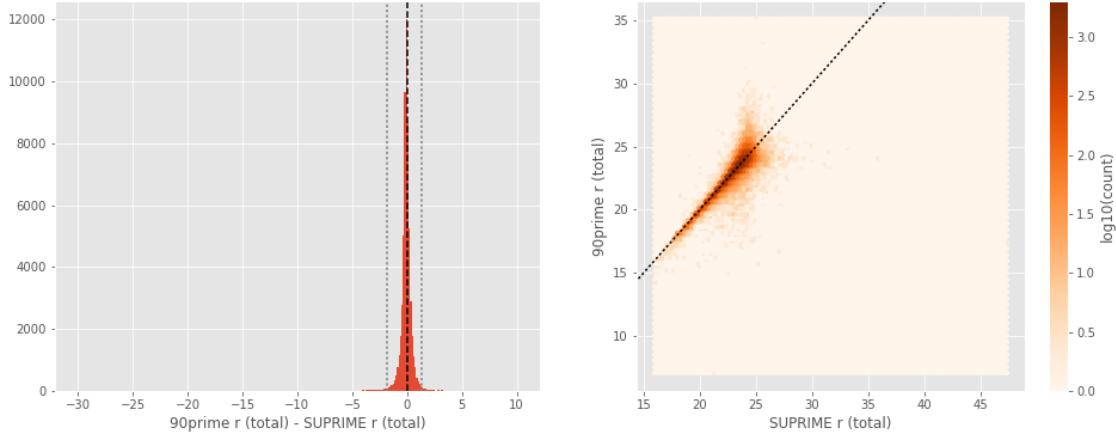
90prime r (aperture) - SUPRIME r (aperture):

- Median: -0.21
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.24
- 1% percentile: -1.515523910522461
- 99% percentile: 2.057665939331054



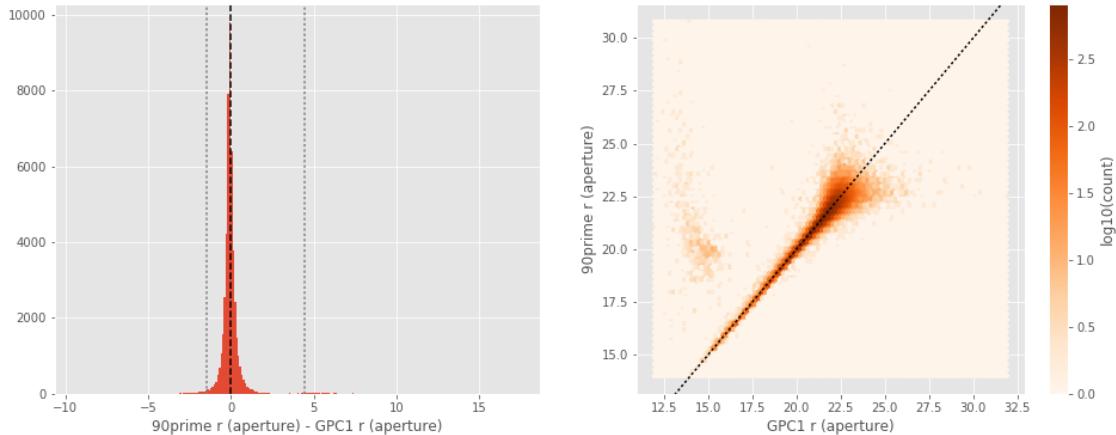
90prime r (total) - SUPRIME r (total):

- Median: -0.06
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.19
- 1% percentile: -1.8601147270202638
- 99% percentile: 1.3585030174255361



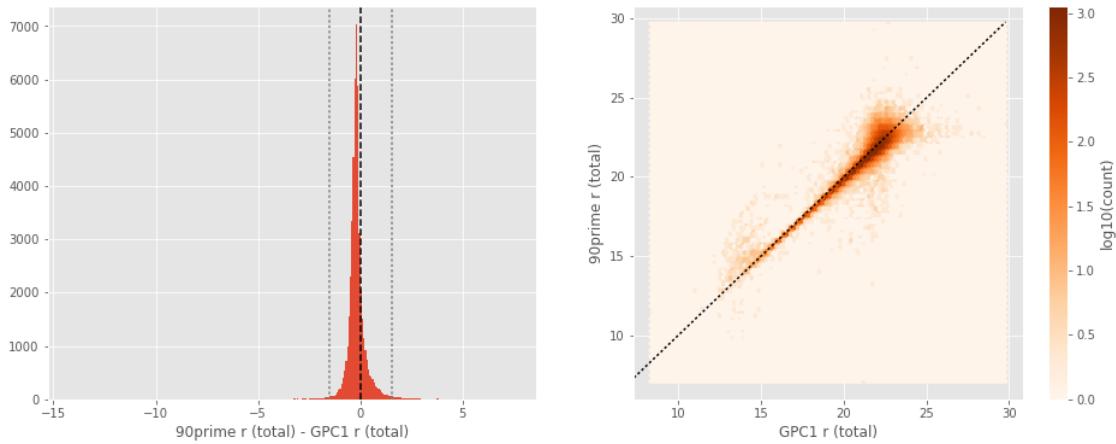
90prime r (aperture) - GPC1 r (aperture):

- Median: -0.07
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.16
- 1% percentile: -1.485422134399414
- 99% percentile: 4.48196273803712



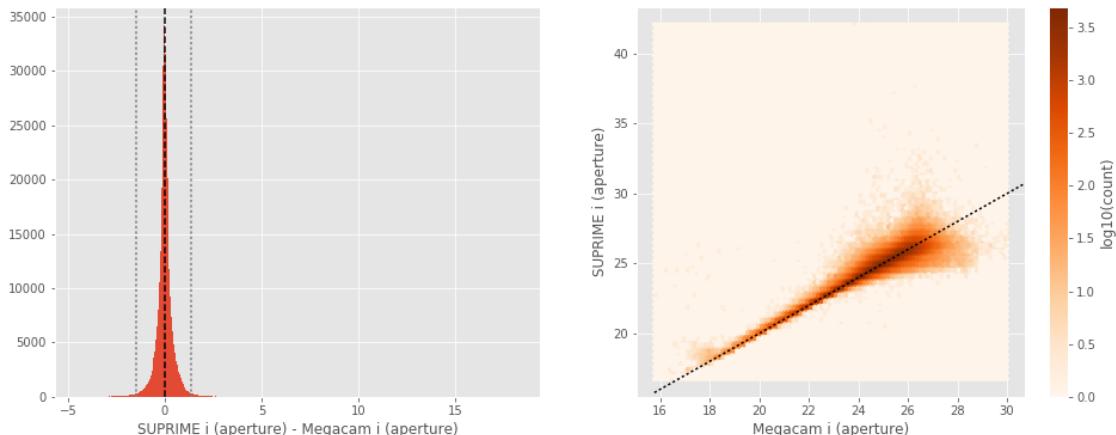
90prime r (total) - GPC1 r (total):

- Median: -0.20
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.15
- 1% percentile: -1.518271484375
- 99% percentile: 1.5365567207336404



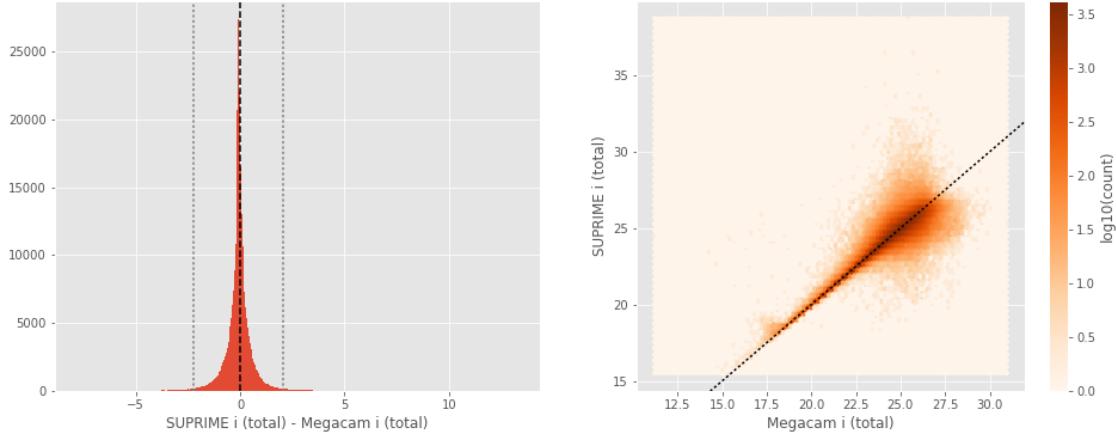
#### SUPRIME i (aperture) - Megacam i (aperture):

- Median: -0.02
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.16
- 1% percentile: -1.4580886840820313
- 99% percentile: 1.3433338165283222



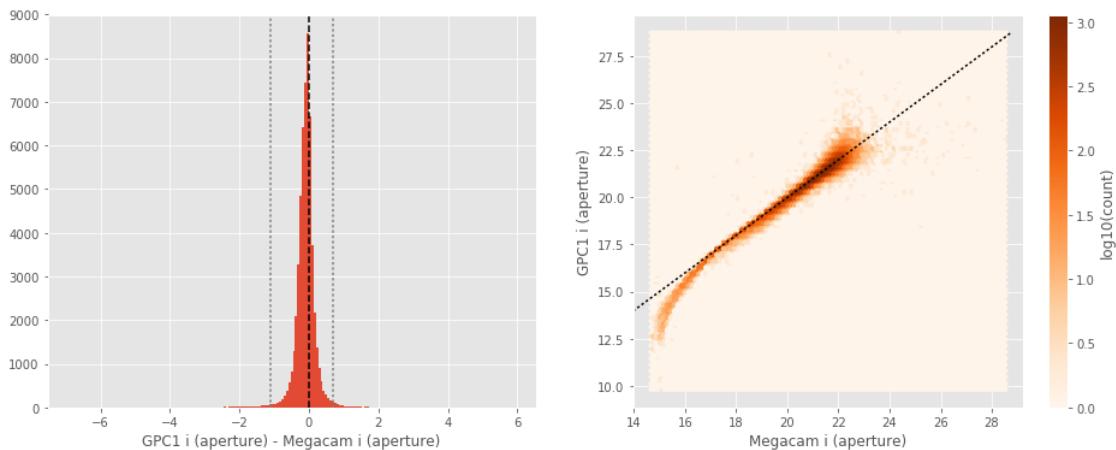
#### SUPRIME i (total) - Megacam i (total):

- Median: -0.07
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.21
- 1% percentile: -2.2117546081542967
- 99% percentile: 2.071892547607423



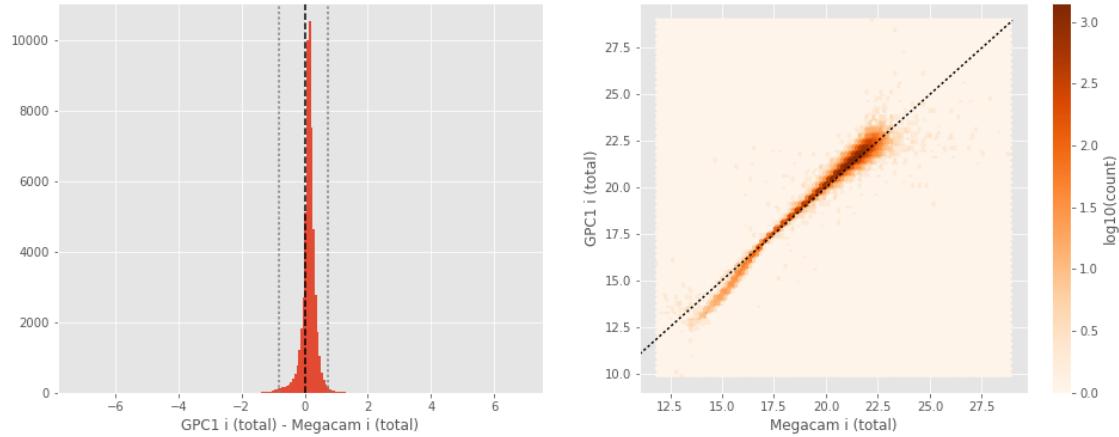
GPC1 i (aperture) - Megacam i (aperture):

- Median: -0.08
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.12
- 1% percentile: -1.0892204284667968
- 99% percentile: 0.7077011108398423



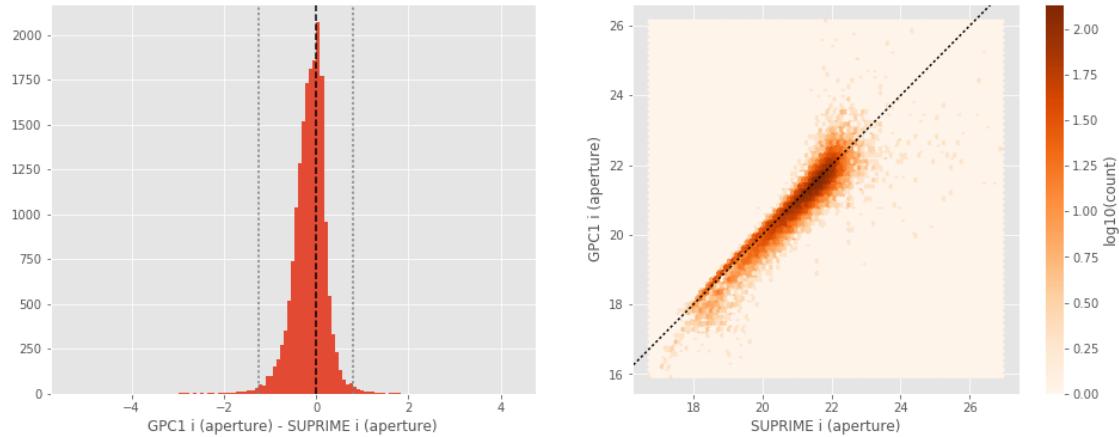
GPC1 i (total) - Megacam i (total):

- Median: 0.14
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.09
- 1% percentile: -0.8035373115539551
- 99% percentile: 0.7253468513488748



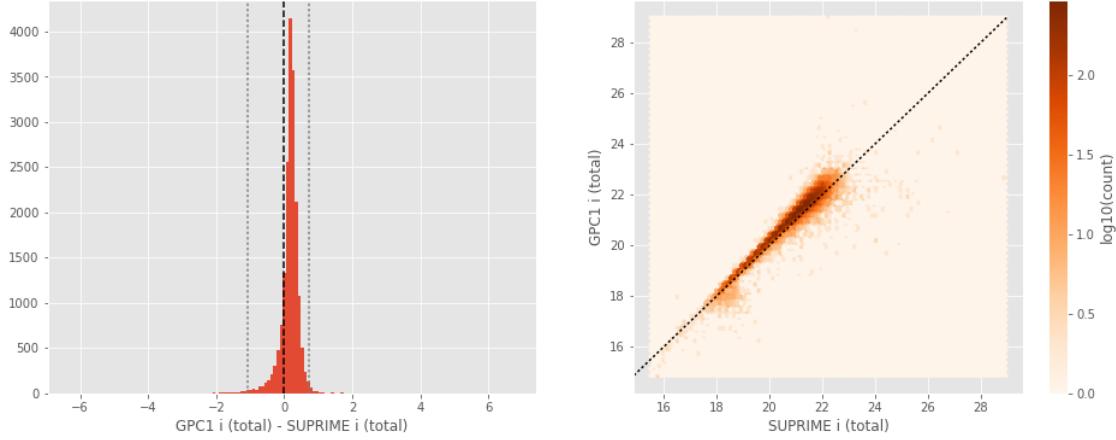
GPC1 i (aperture) - SUPRIME i (aperture):

- Median: -0.11
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.20
- 1% percentile: -1.2585309600830077
- 99% percentile: 0.7960177612304704



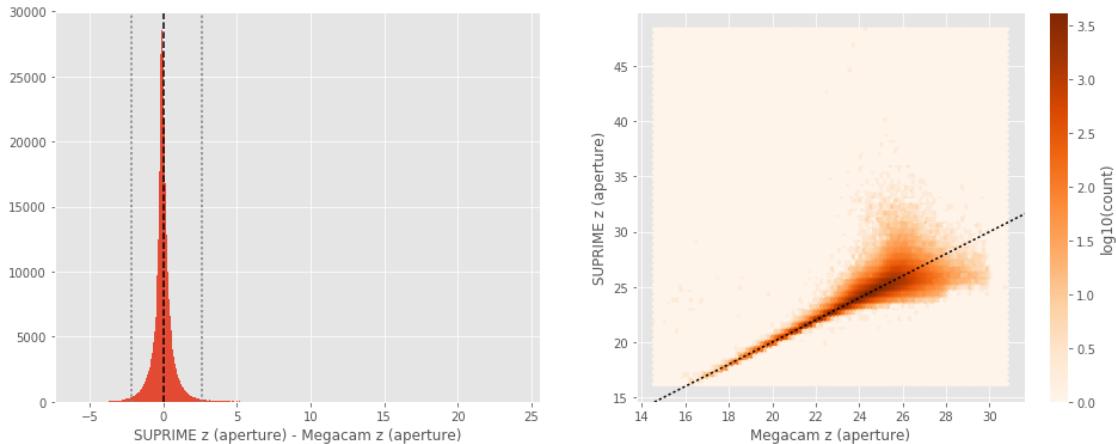
GPC1 i (total) - SUPRIME i (total):

- Median: 0.19
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.11
- 1% percentile: -1.0757511711120604
- 99% percentile: 0.734667930603025



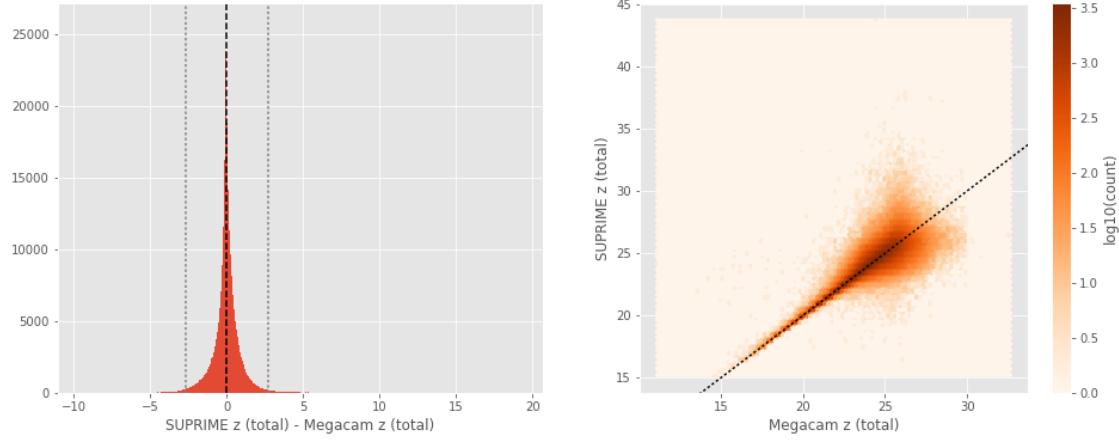
SUPRIME z (aperture) - Megacam z (aperture):

- Median: -0.04
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.25
- 1% percentile: -2.159938545227051
- 99% percentile: 2.59332706451416



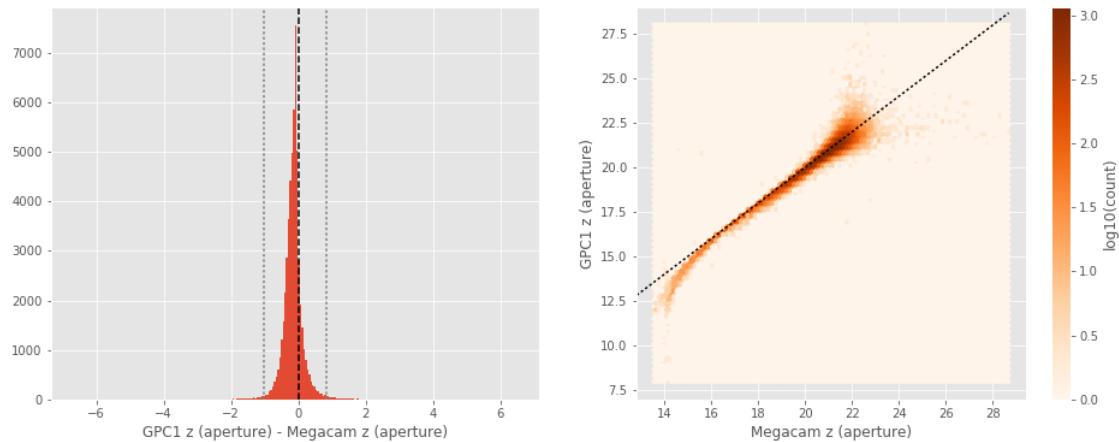
SUPRIME z (total) - Megacam z (total):

- Median: -0.03
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.31
- 1% percentile: -2.6480859756469726
- 99% percentile: 2.7384426689147947



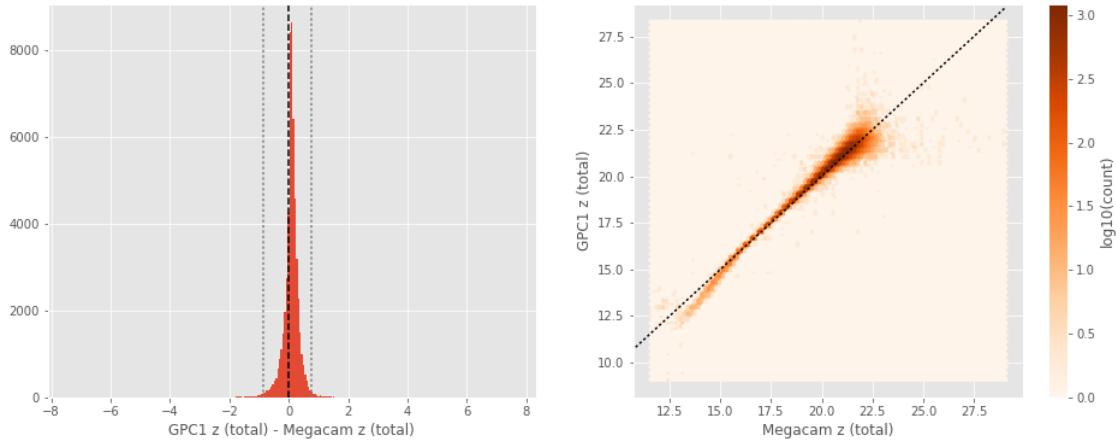
GPC1 z (aperture) - Megacam z (aperture):

- Median: -0.13
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.12
- 1% percentile: -1.0188804626464845
- 99% percentile: 0.8210201263427732



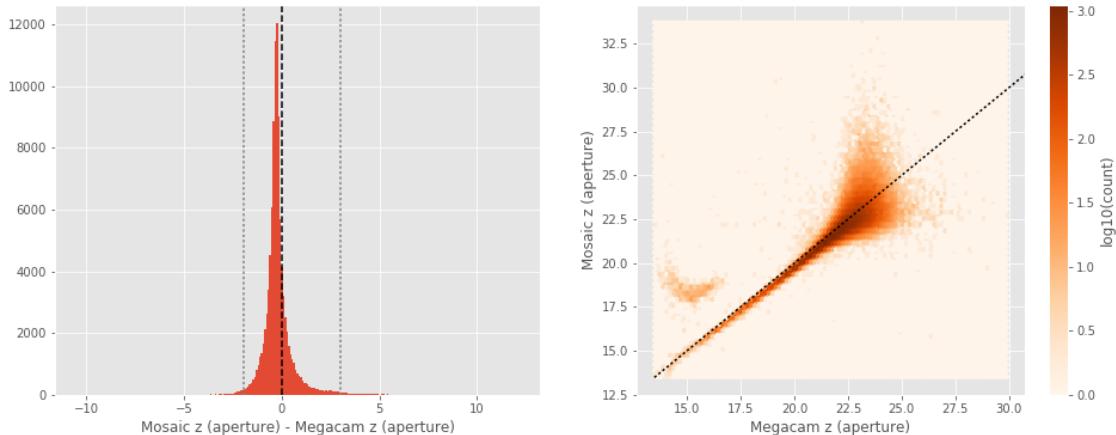
GPC1 z (total) - Megacam z (total):

- Median: 0.09
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.11
- 1% percentile: -0.8405802231147743
- 99% percentile: 0.7753526496887206



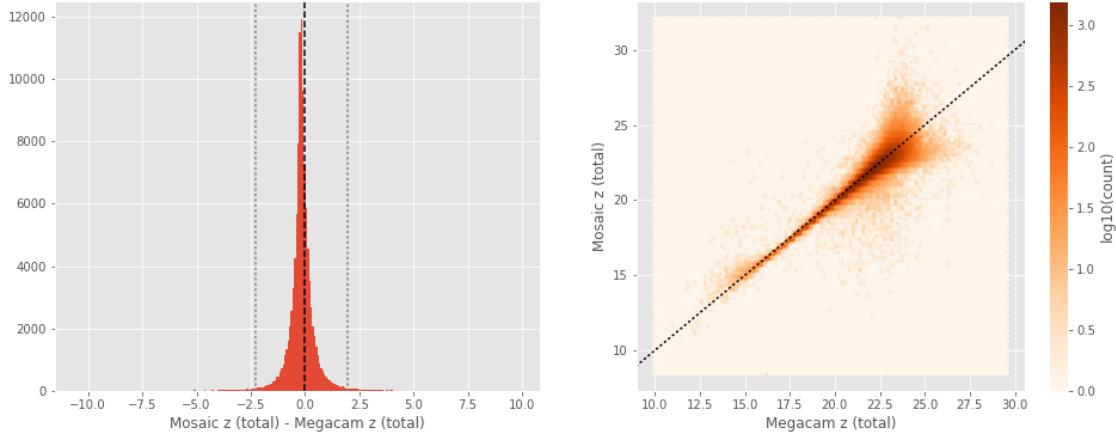
Mosaic z (aperture) - Megacam z (aperture):

- Median: -0.27
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.24
- 1% percentile: -1.9307139205932617
- 99% percentile: 2.980490236282348



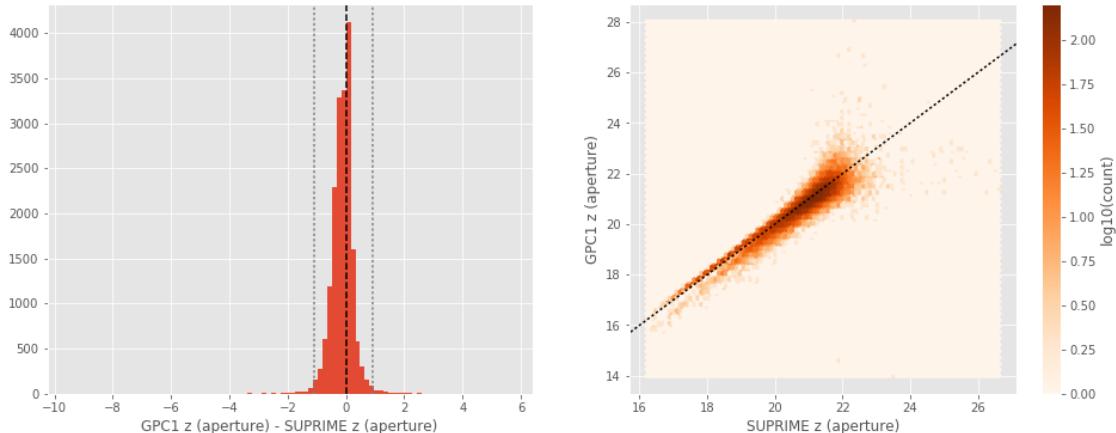
Mosaic z (total) - Megacam z (total):

- Median: -0.17
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.22
- 1% percentile: -2.2553145980834963
- 99% percentile: 1.9777140045165917



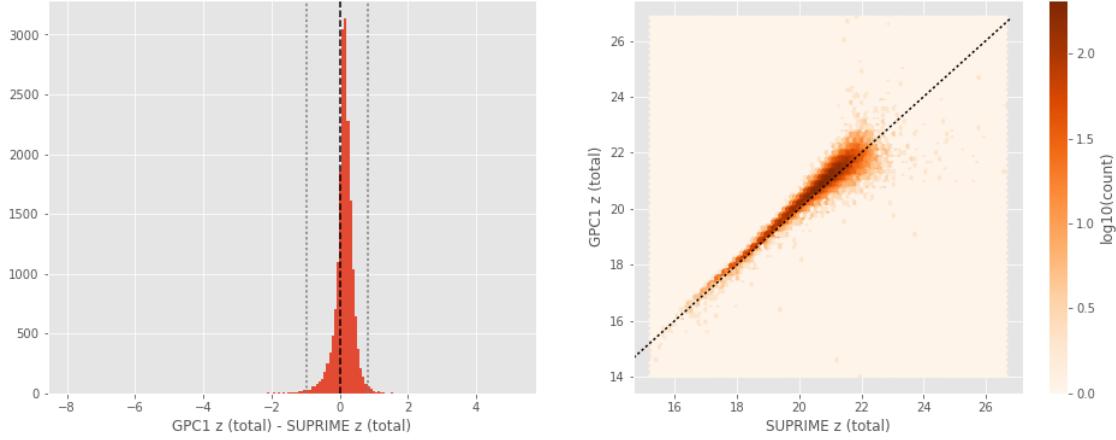
GPC1 z (aperture) - SUPRIME z (aperture):

- Median: -0.10
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.21
- 1% percentile: -1.1059716796874999
- 99% percentile: 0.9145635223388655



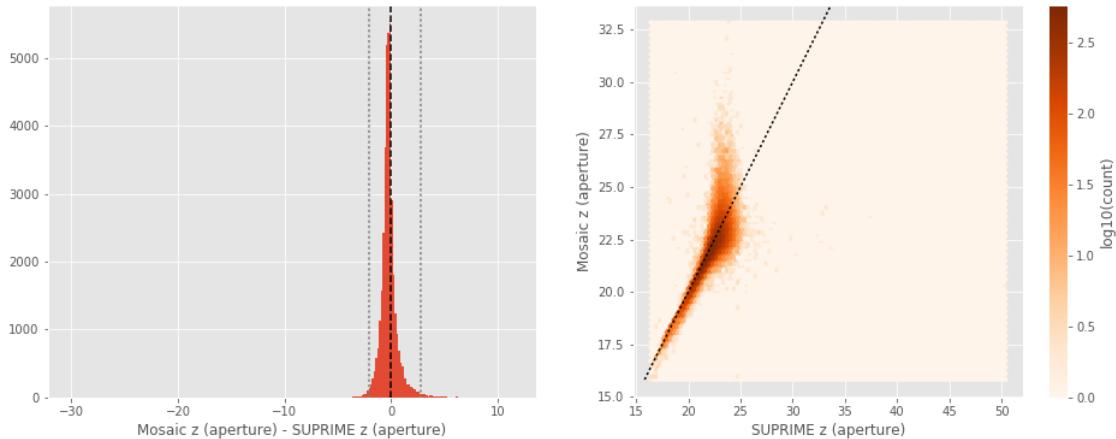
GPC1 z (total) - SUPRIME z (total):

- Median: 0.14
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.12
- 1% percentile: -0.9915233230590821
- 99% percentile: 0.8064051818847633



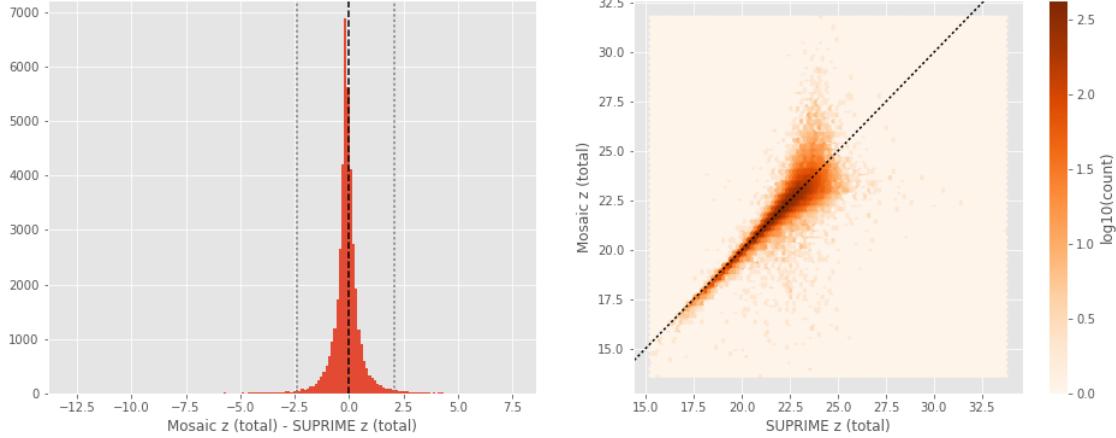
Mosaic z (aperture) - SUPRIME z (aperture):

- Median: -0.25
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.31
- 1% percentile: -2.062076530456543
- 99% percentile: 2.7850425529479987



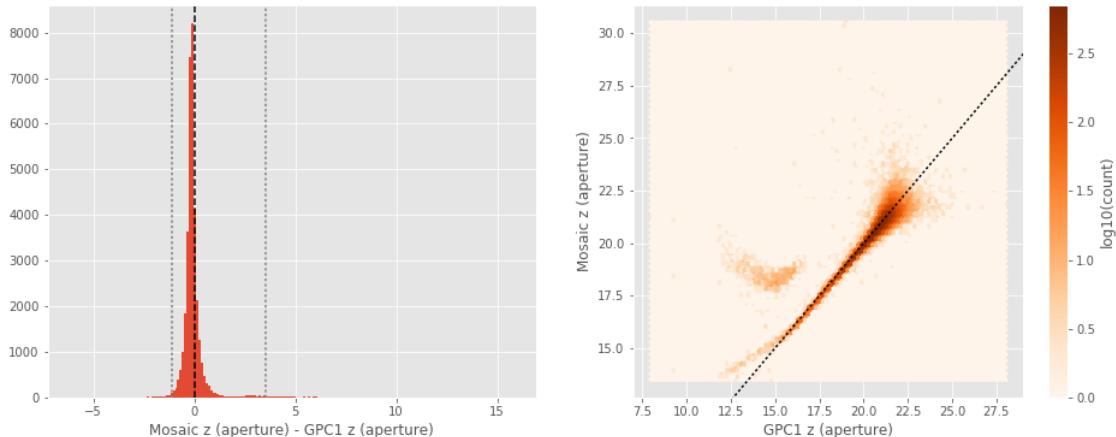
Mosaic z (total) - SUPRIME z (total):

- Median: -0.12
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.24
- 1% percentile: -2.3780593872070312
- 99% percentile: 2.10675048828125



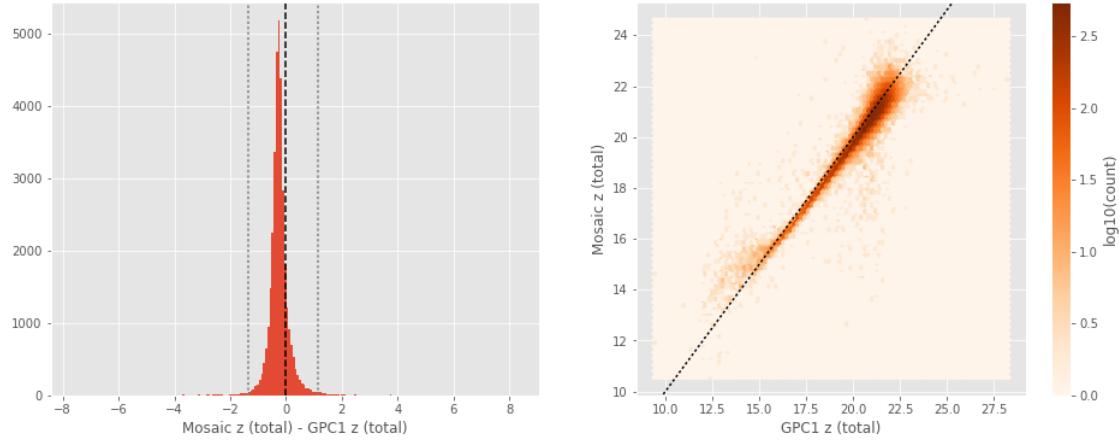
Mosaic z (aperture) - GPC1 z (aperture):

- Median: -0.12
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.13
- 1% percentile: -1.0750649642944334
- 99% percentile: 3.547717075347901



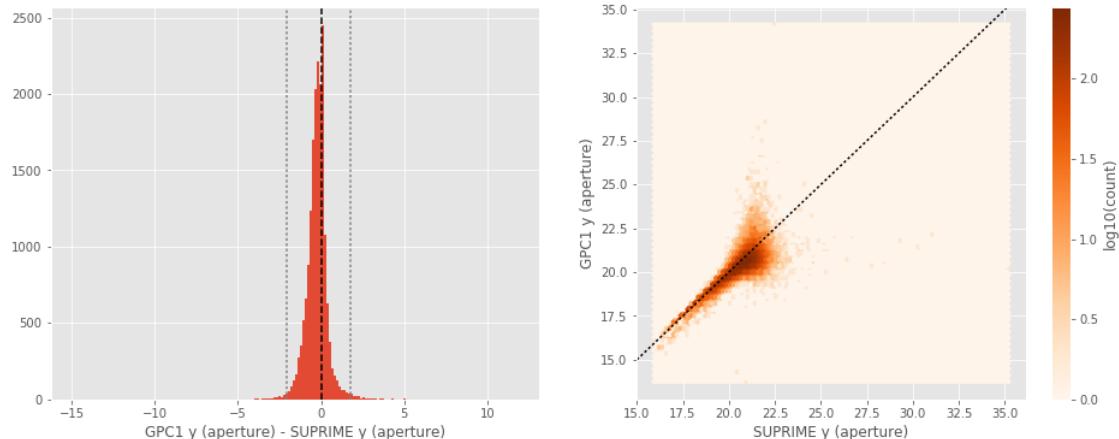
Mosaic z (total) - GPC1 z (total):

- Median: -0.27
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.15
- 1% percentile: -1.3680257034301757
- 99% percentile: 1.1284795379638703



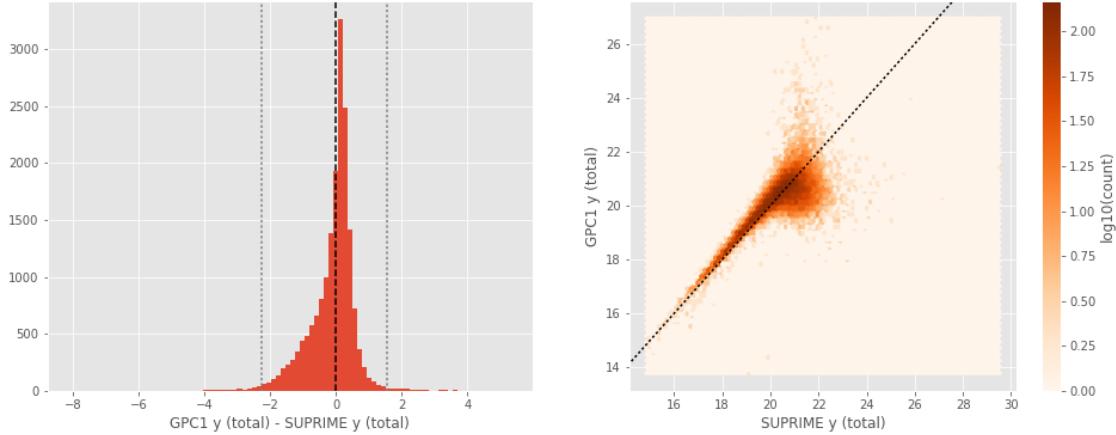
GPC1 y (aperture) - SUPRIME y (aperture) :

- Median: -0.24
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.31
- 1% percentile: -2.071452808380127
- 99% percentile: 1.7521905326843257



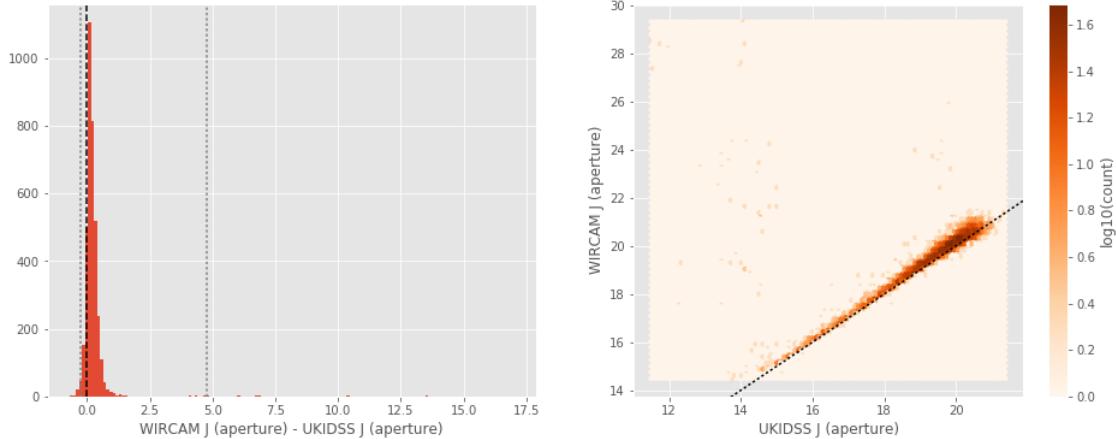
GPC1 y (total) - SUPRIME y (total) :

- Median: 0.05
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.28
- 1% percentile: -2.2786521530151367
- 99% percentile: 1.549367561340333



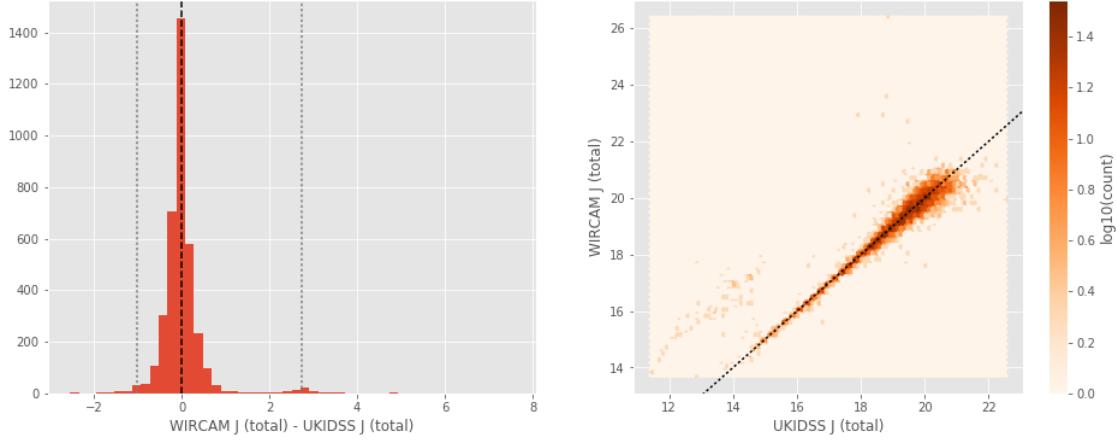
WIRCAM J (aperture) - UKIDSS J (aperture):

- Median: 0.17
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.11
- 1% percentile: -0.2681165313720703
- 99% percentile: 4.793179264068609



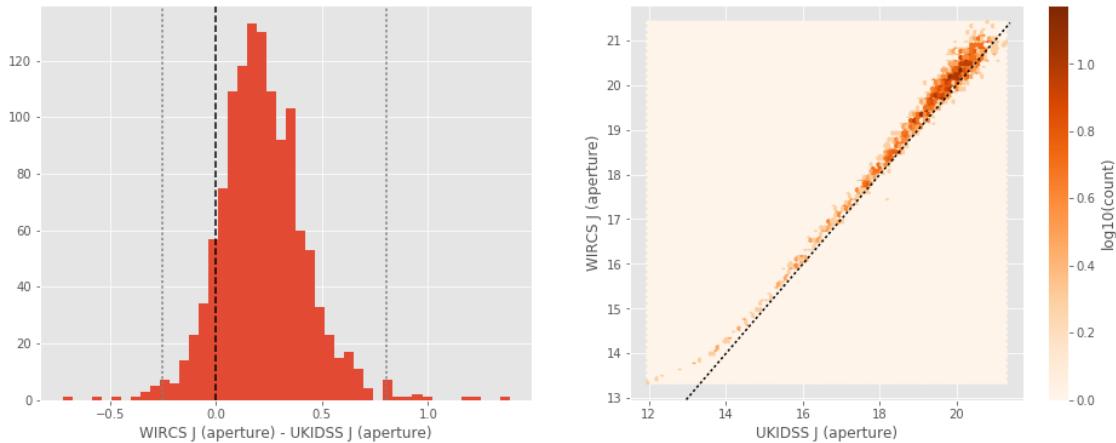
WIRCAM J (total) - UKIDSS J (total):

- Median: -0.04
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.14
- 1% percentile: -1.0240702629089355
- 99% percentile: 2.7405741691589363



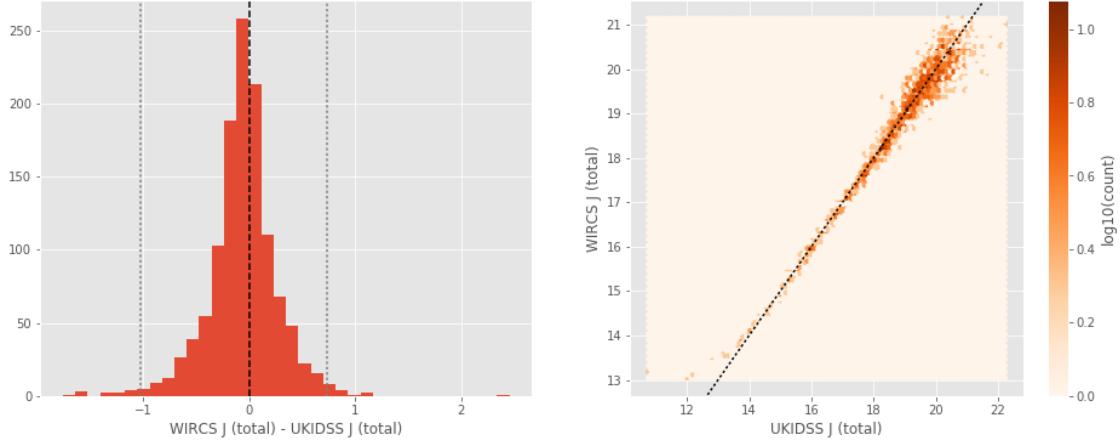
WIRCS J (aperture) - UKIDSS J (aperture) :

- Median: 0.21
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.12
- 1% percentile: -0.25164802551269533
- 99% percentile: 0.8024152374267579



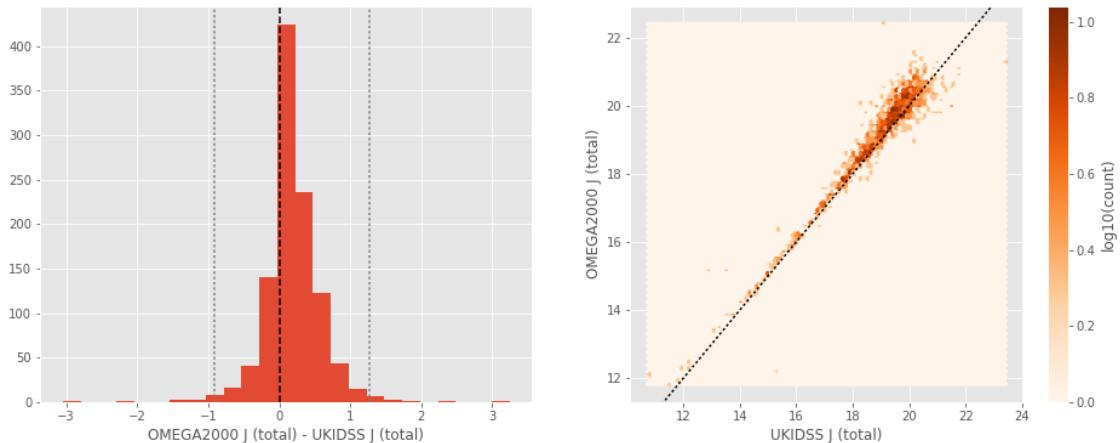
WIRCS J (total) - UKIDSS J (total) :

- Median: -0.05
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.16
- 1% percentile: -1.0222941231513345
- 99% percentile: 0.7326684272432907



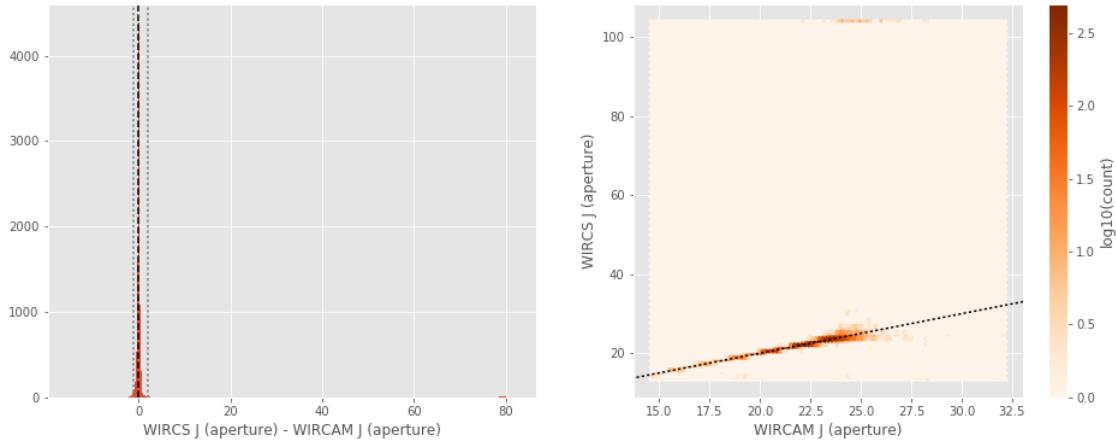
#### OMEGA2000 J (total) - UKIDSS J (total):

- Median: 0.17
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.18
- 1% percentile: -0.9172623350937272
- 99% percentile: 1.277964303811214



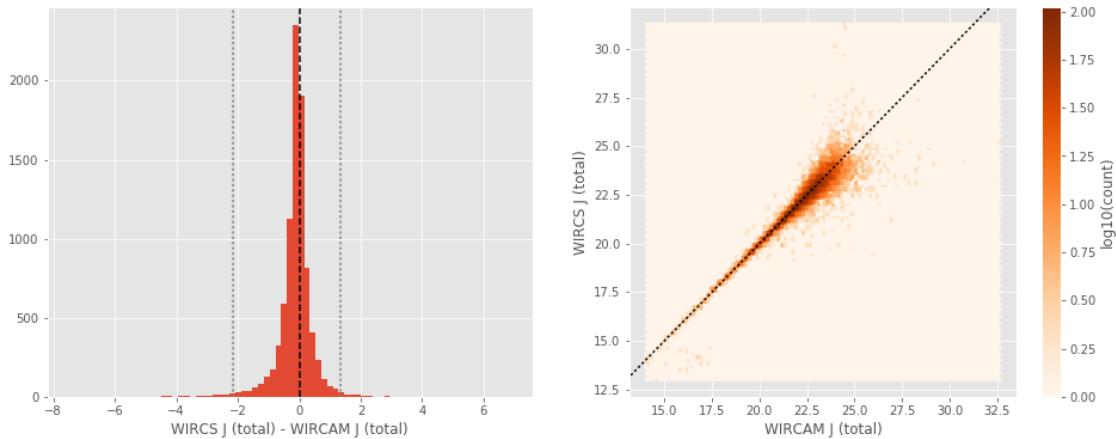
#### WIRCS J (aperture) - WIRCAM J (aperture):

- Median: -0.01
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.12
- 1% percentile: -1.2420825958251953
- 99% percentile: 2.15362884521476



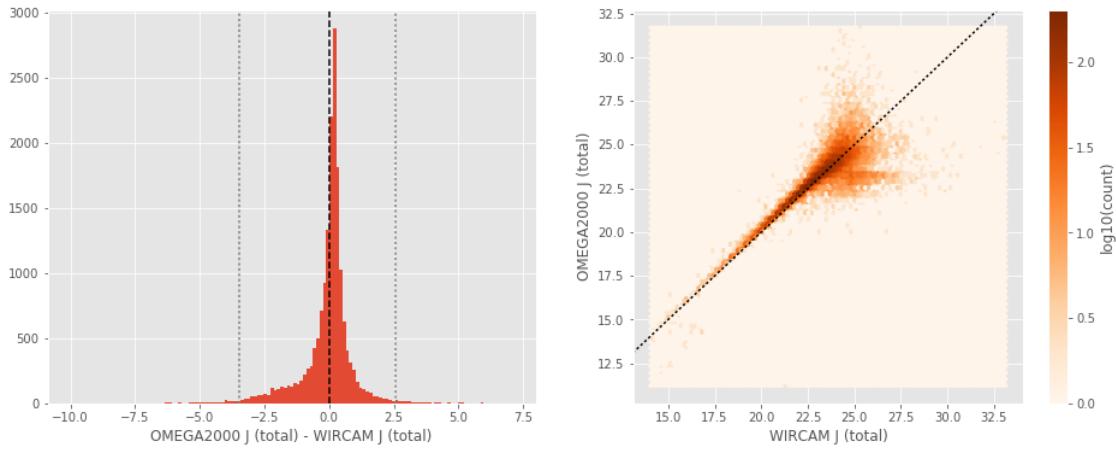
WIRCS J (total) - WIRCAM J (total):

- Median: -0.07
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.19
- 1% percentile: -2.17553723343571
- 99% percentile: 1.3230694812733537



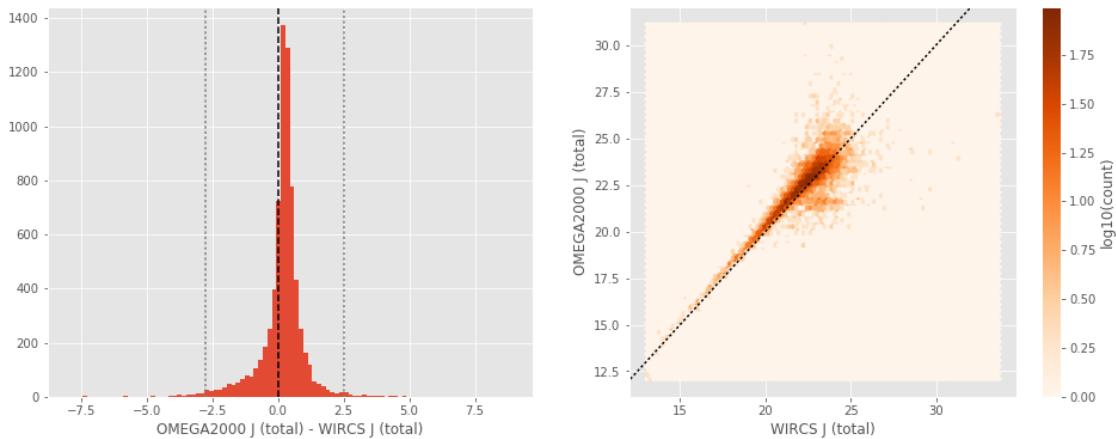
OMEGA2000 J (total) - WIRCAM J (total):

- Median: 0.13
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.28
- 1% percentile: -3.472065096034579
- 99% percentile: 2.5744826985010194



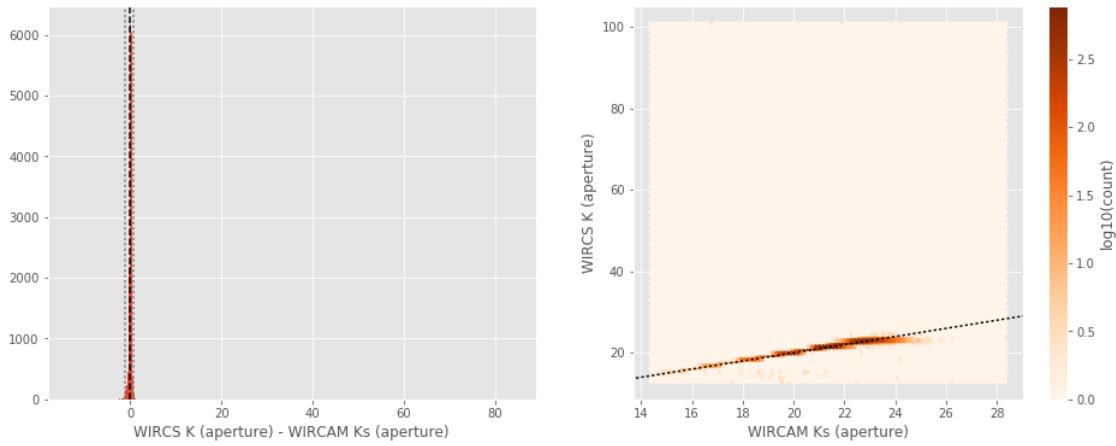
**OMEGA2000 J (total) - WIRCS J (total):**

- Median: 0.25
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.26
- 1% percentile: -2.7778746810021477
- 99% percentile: 2.511969500930081



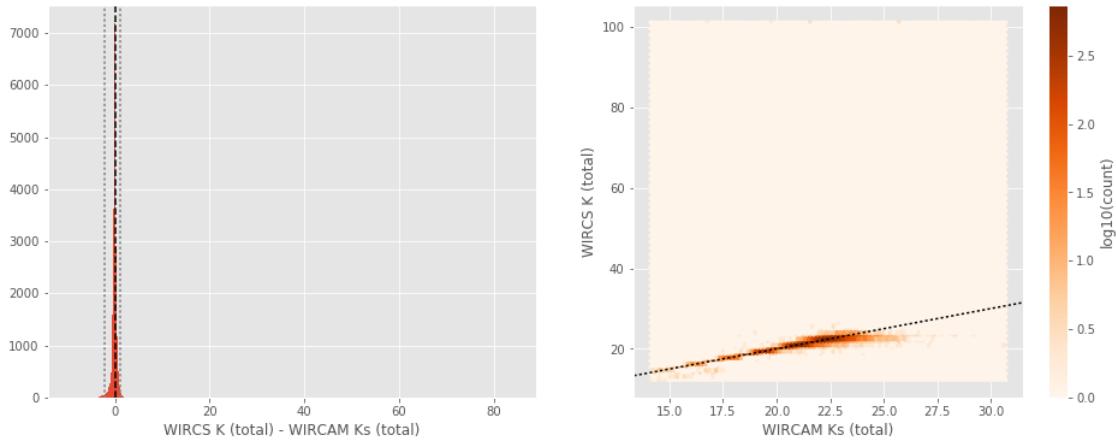
**WIRCS K (aperture) - WIRCAM Ks (aperture):**

- Median: 0.10
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.13
- 1% percentile: -1.1782847595214845
- 99% percentile: 0.670378494262695



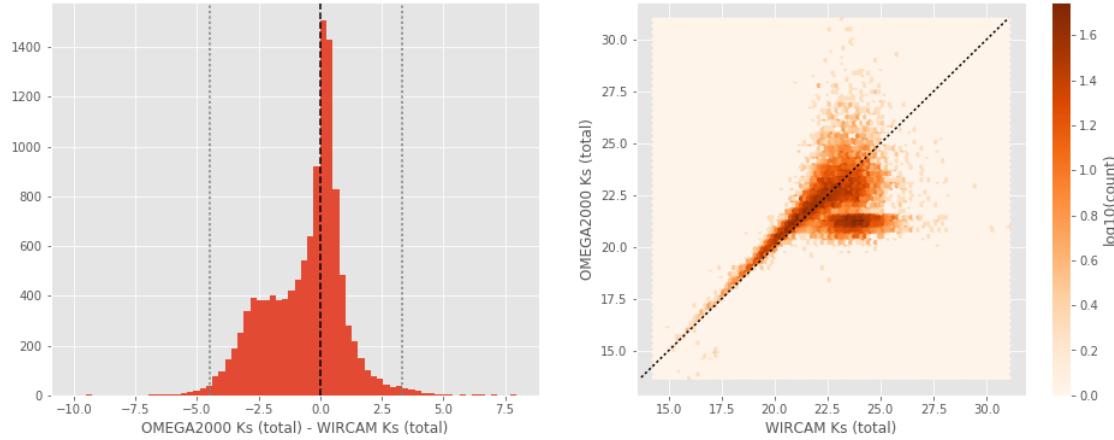
WIRCS K (total) - WIRCAM Ks (total):

- Median: -0.04
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.18
- 1% percentile: -2.2269728473756403
- 99% percentile: 0.9948908233642549



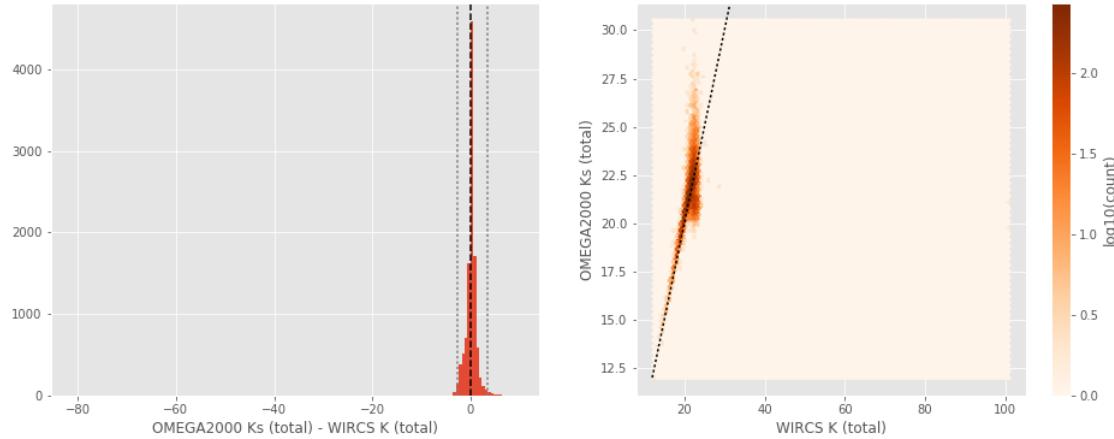
OMEGA2000 Ks (total) - WIRCAM Ks (total):

- Median: -0.17
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.82
- 1% percentile: -4.469104660835899
- 99% percentile: 3.3247569722418473



**OMEGA2000 Ks (total) - WIRCS K (total):**

- Median: 0.19
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.39
- 1% percentile: -2.6414857360575437
- 99% percentile: 3.362703368538393



## 1.5 III - Comparing magnitudes to reference bands

Cross-match the master list to SDSS and 2MASS to compare its magnitudes to SDSS and 2MASS ones.

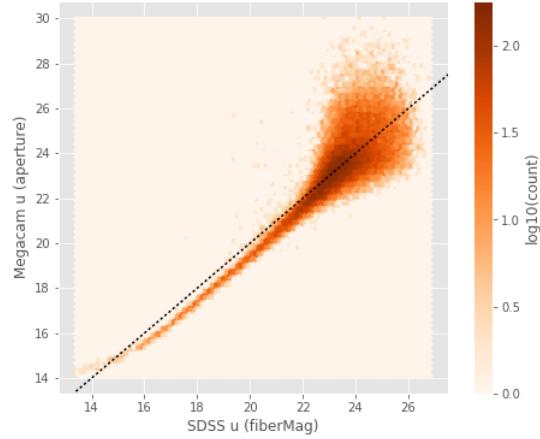
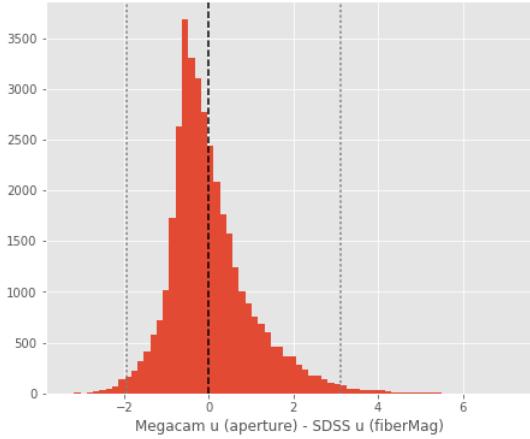
### 1.5.1 III.a - Comparing u, g, r, i, and z bands to SDSS

The catalogue is cross-matched to SDSS-DR13 withing 0.2 arcsecond.

We compare the u, g, r, i, and z magnitudes to those from SDSS using `fiberMag` for the aperture magnitude and `petroMag` for the total magnitude.

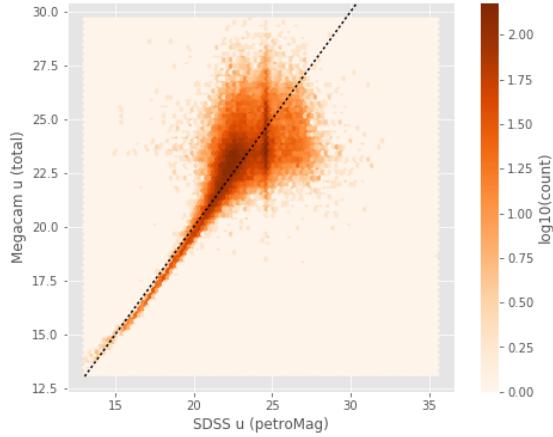
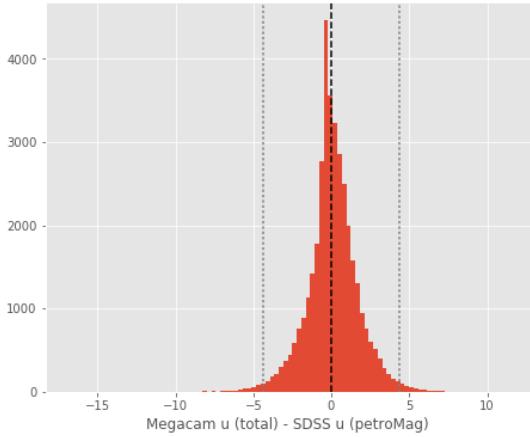
Megacam u (aperture) - SDSS u (fiberMag) :

- Median: -0.16
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.49
- 1% percentile: -1.9366635704040527
- 99% percentile: 3.1243225669860886



Megacam u (total) - SDSS u (petroMag) :

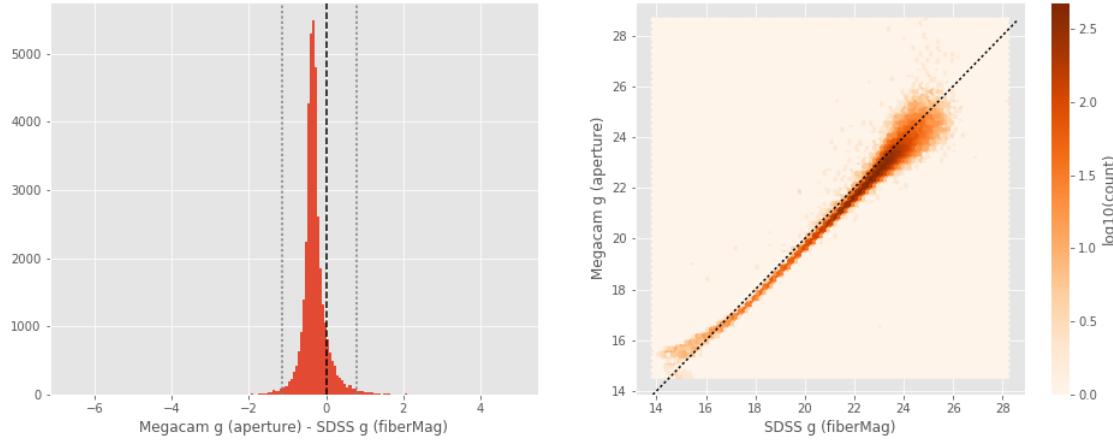
- Median: 0.02
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.82
- 1% percentile: -4.3767438316345215
- 99% percentile: 4.338490314483641



Megacam g (aperture) - SDSS g (fiberMag) :

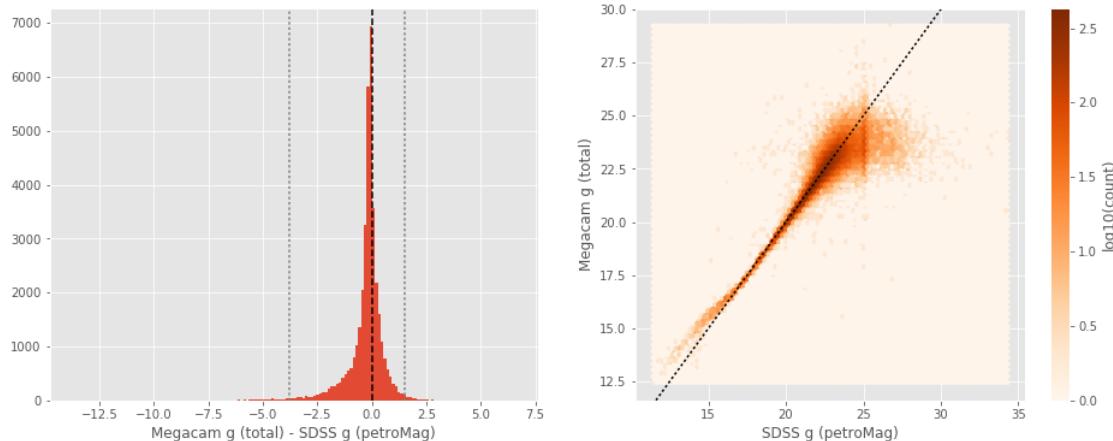
- Median: -0.34

- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.12
- 1% percentile: -1.1357846069335937
- 99% percentile: 0.7837402153015139



Megacam g (total) - SDSS g (petroMag):

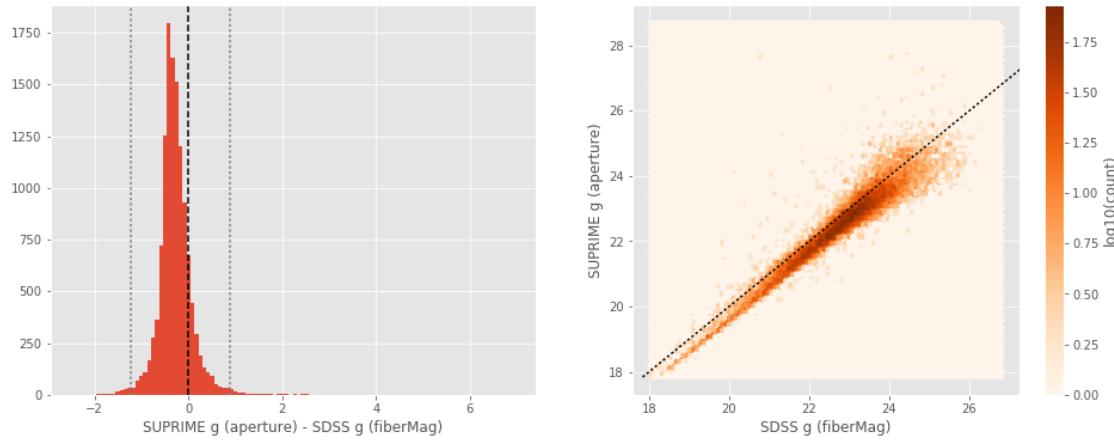
- Median: -0.11
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.24
- 1% percentile: -3.761180114746094
- 99% percentile: 1.5096294403076134



SUPRIME g (aperture) - SDSS g (fiberMag):

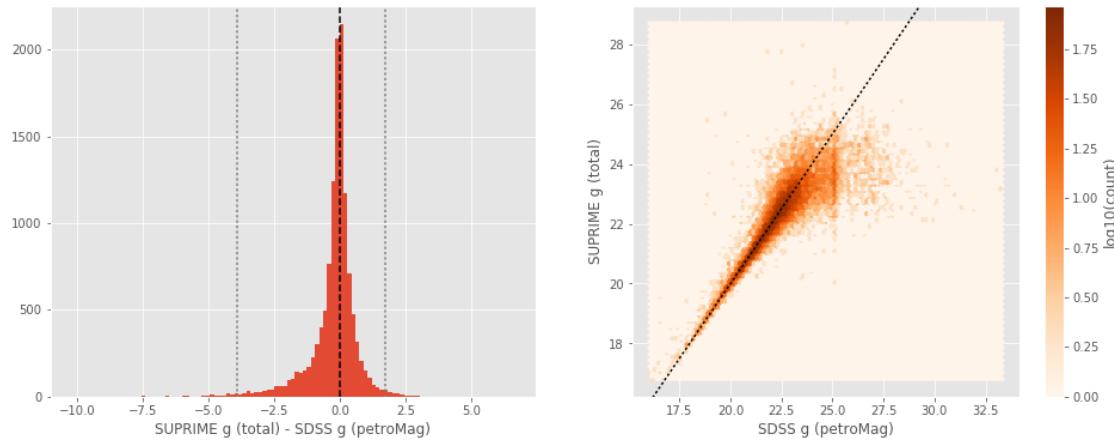
- Median: -0.31
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.17
- 1% percentile: -1.2186662673950195

- 99% percentile: 0.8938865852355956



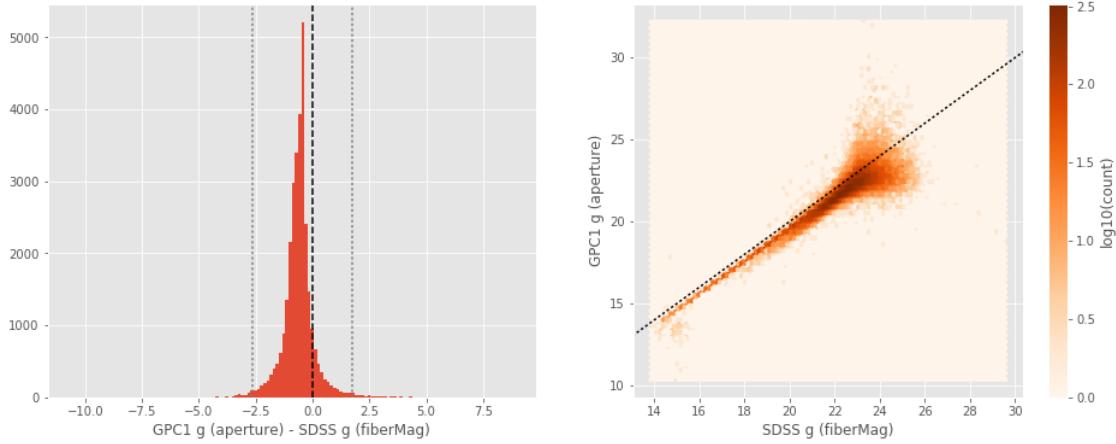
SUPRIME g (total) - SDSS g (petroMag):

- Median: -0.07
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.28
- 1% percentile: -3.9051974487304686
- 99% percentile: 1.7005122375488266



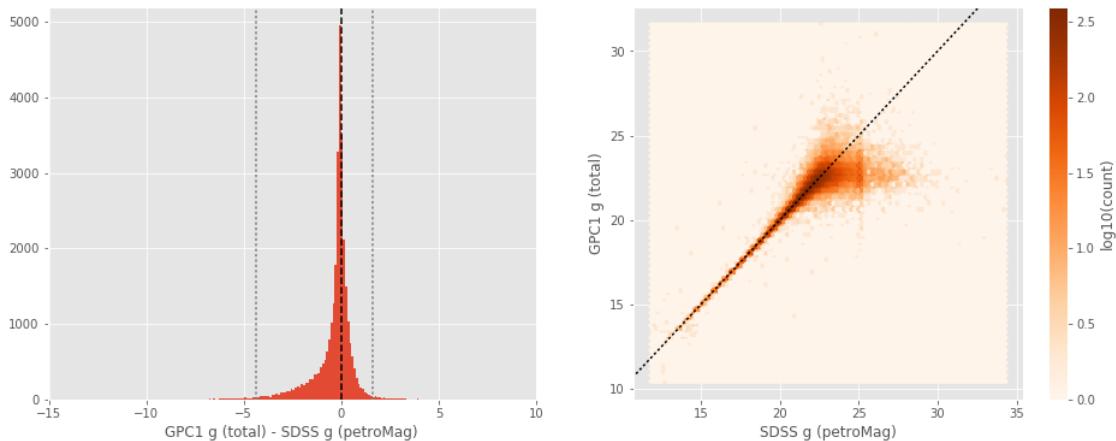
GPC1 g (aperture) - SDSS g (fiberMag):

- Median: -0.58
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.27
- 1% percentile: -2.649733161926269
- 99% percentile: 1.7384460449218742



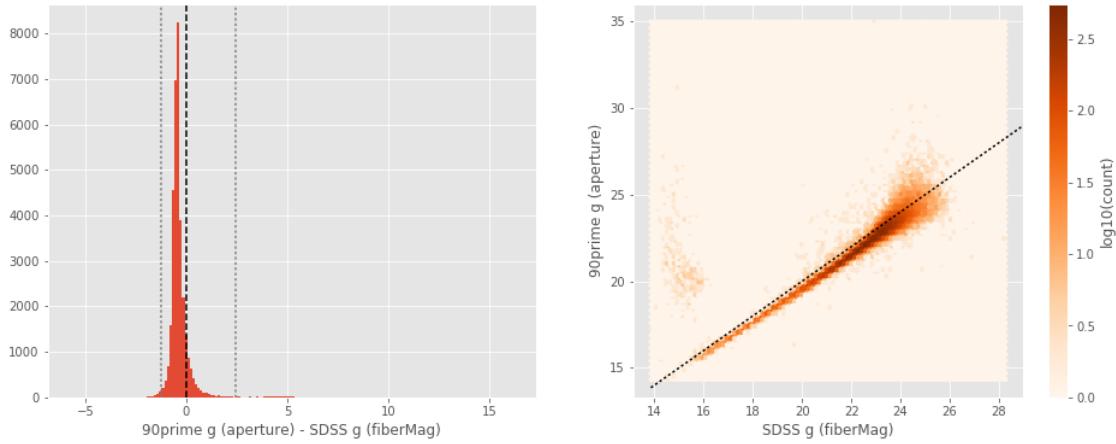
GPC1 g (total) - SDSS g (petroMag):

- Median: -0.10
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.27
- 1% percentile: -4.364132404327393
- 99% percentile: 1.6011075401306156



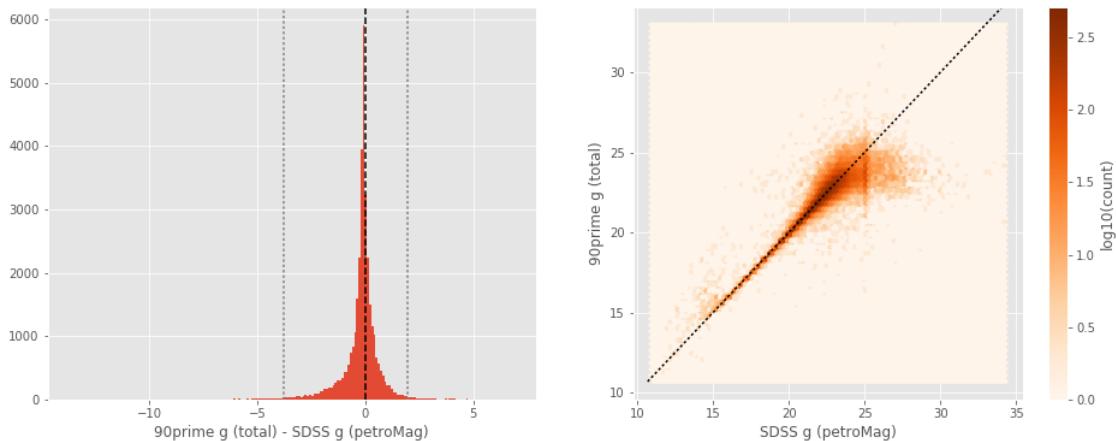
90prime g (aperture) - SDSS g (fiberMag):

- Median: -0.43
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.15
- 1% percentile: -1.2594728088378906
- 99% percentile: 2.4230271911621117



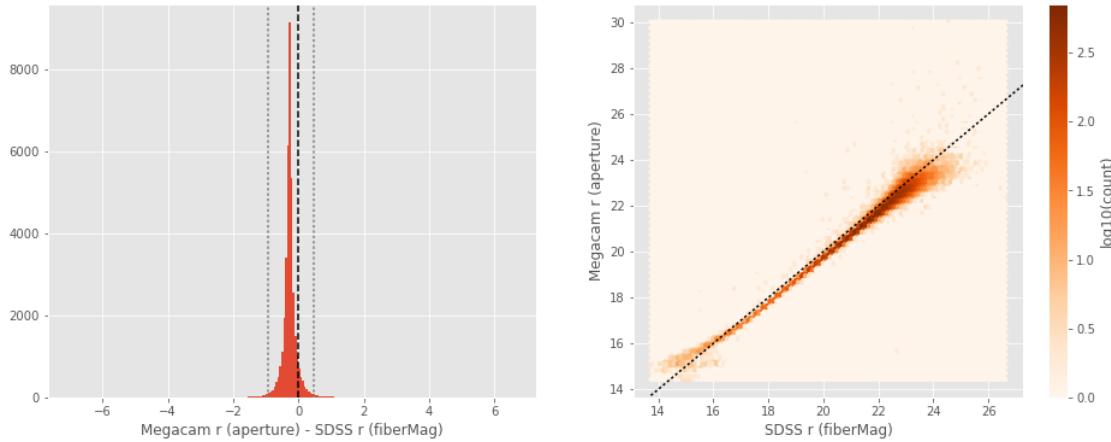
90prime g (total) - SDSS g (petroMag):

- Median: -0.10
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.24
- 1% percentile: -3.810558967590332
- 99% percentile: 1.9305360031127938



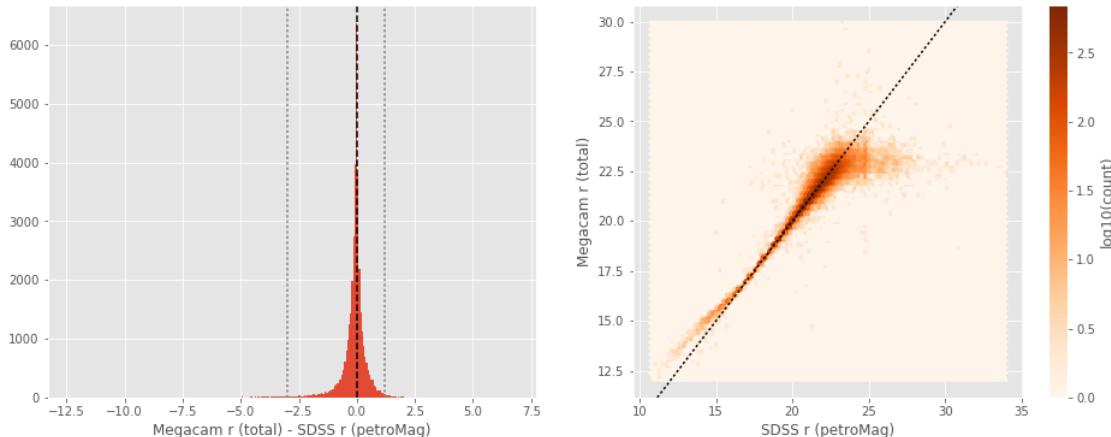
Megacam r (aperture) - SDSS r (fiberMag):

- Median: -0.28
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.07
- 1% percentile: -0.9402611541748047
- 99% percentile: 0.4672513961791987



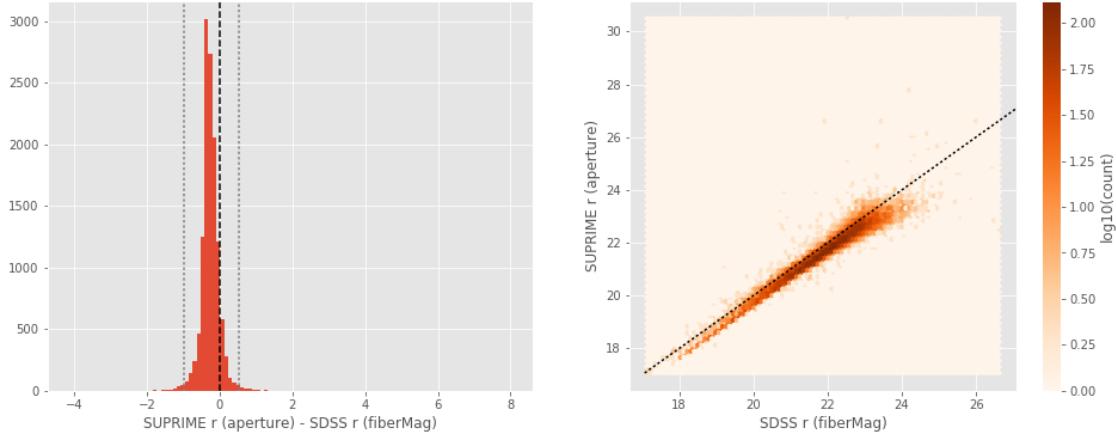
Megacam r (total) - SDSS r (petroMag):

- Median: -0.03
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.15
- 1% percentile: -2.972134037017822
- 99% percentile: 1.1820969390869123



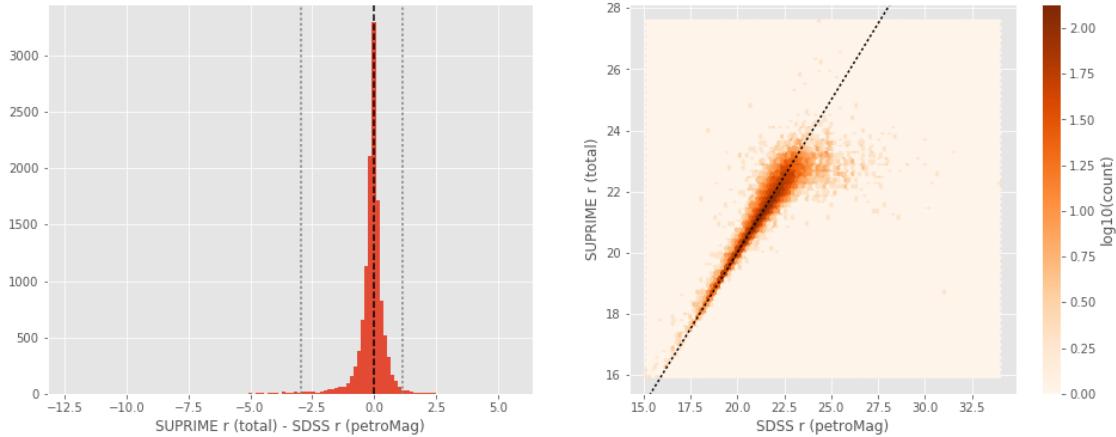
SUPRIME r (aperture) - SDSS r (fiberMag):

- Median: -0.27
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.12
- 1% percentile: -0.9828863334655762
- 99% percentile: 0.5160082817077647



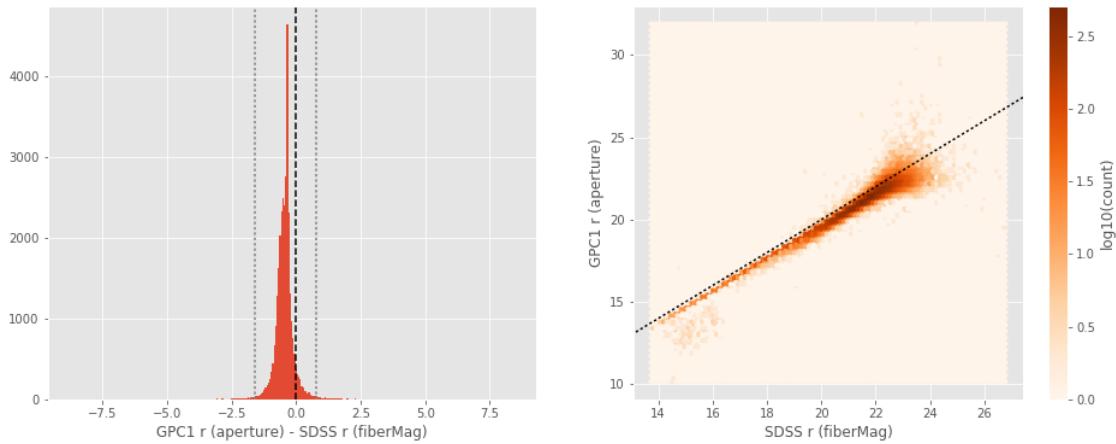
SUPRIME r (total) - SDSS r (petroMag):

- Median: -0.04
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.18
- 1% percentile: -2.9352737426757813
- 99% percentile: 1.1703060150146454



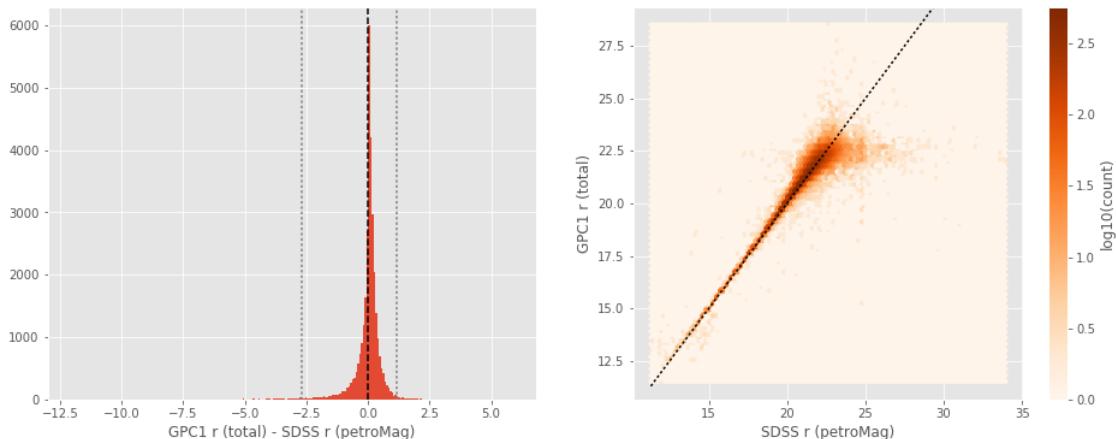
GPC1 r (aperture) - SDSS r (fiberMag):

- Median: -0.43
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.15
- 1% percentile: -1.5799267196655273
- 99% percentile: 0.7769848442077639



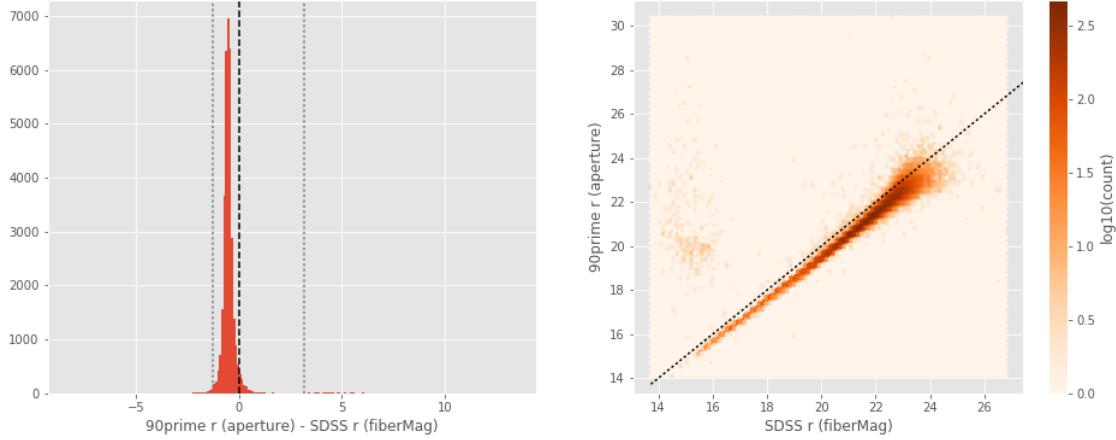
GPC1 r (total) - SDSS r (petroMag):

- Median: 0.06
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.15
- 1% percentile: -2.7020758628845214
- 99% percentile: 1.1553139686584473



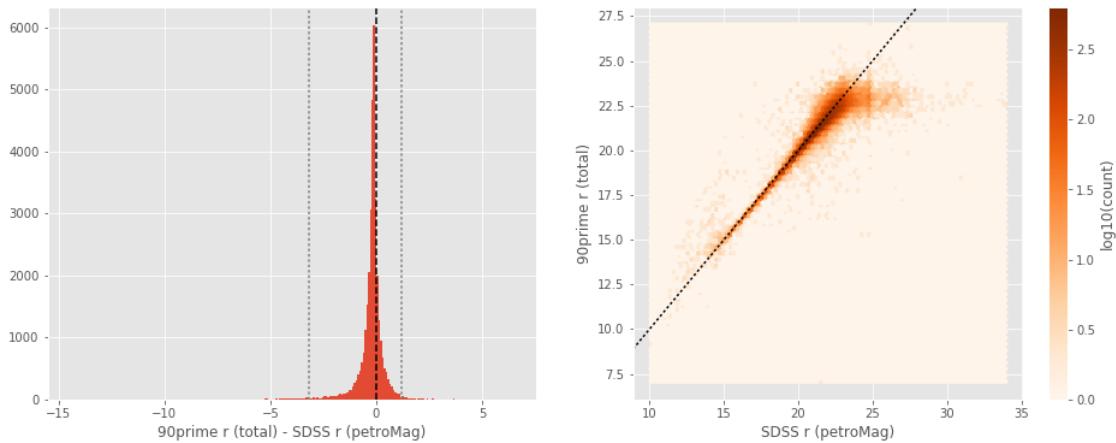
90prime r (aperture) - SDSS r (fiberMag):

- Median: -0.51
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.12
- 1% percentile: -1.2341129684448242
- 99% percentile: 3.1871963500976754



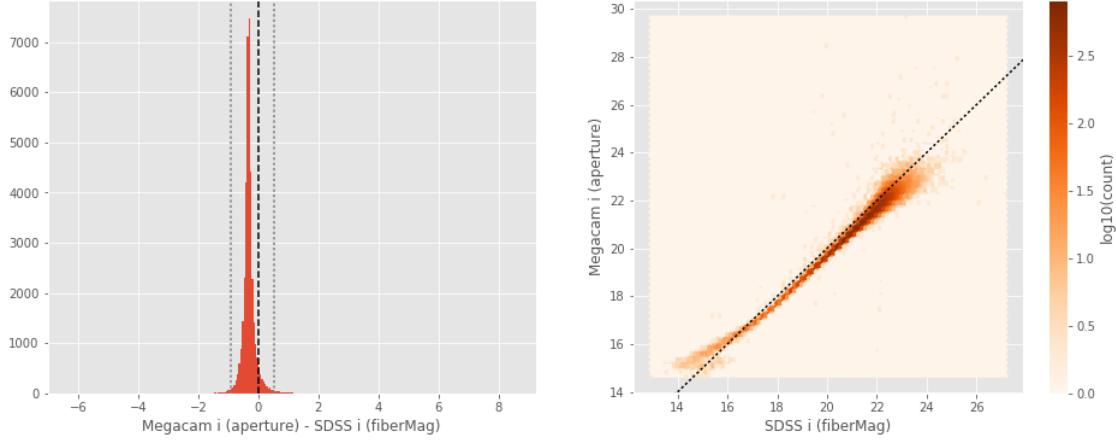
90prime r (total) - SDSS r (petroMag):

- Median: -0.14
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.17
- 1% percentile: -3.155589656829834
- 99% percentile: 1.2127995872497555



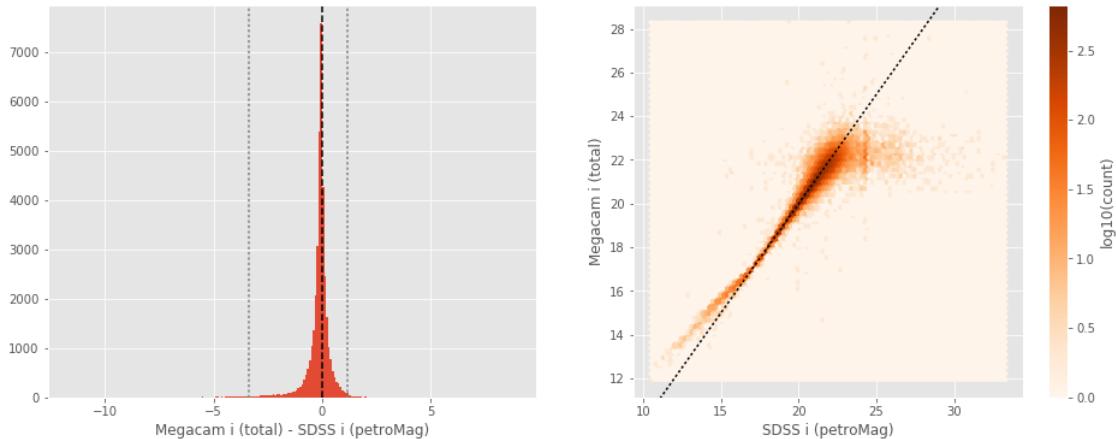
Megacam i (aperture) - SDSS i (fiberMag):

- Median: -0.33
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.08
- 1% percentile: -0.9073835754394531
- 99% percentile: 0.5248305892944336



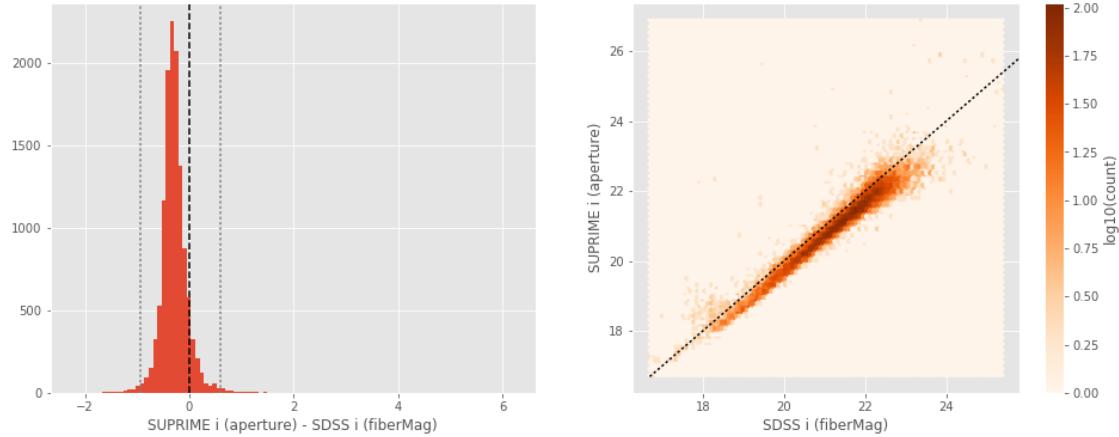
Megacam i (total) - SDSS i (petroMag):

- Median: -0.06
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.15
- 1% percentile: -3.3607371139526365
- 99% percentile: 1.1595533752441383



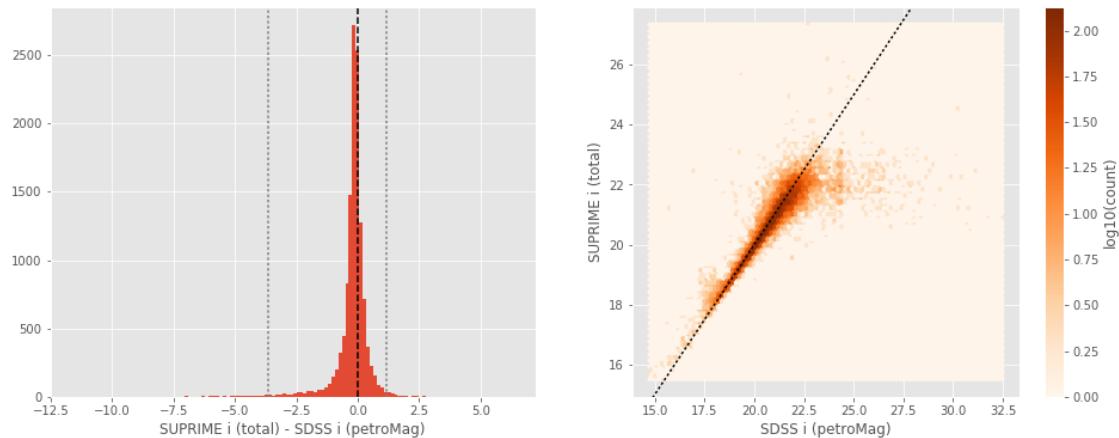
SUPRIME i (aperture) - SDSS i (fiberMag):

- Median: -0.31
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.12
- 1% percentile: -0.9429589080810548
- 99% percentile: 0.5862416458129882



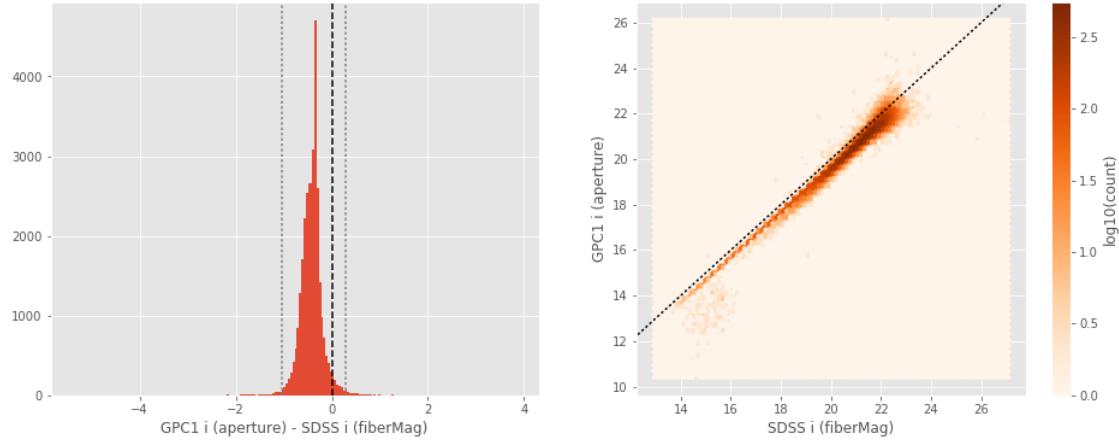
SUPRIME i (total) - SDSS i (petroMag):

- Median: -0.11
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.18
- 1% percentile: -3.6674454498291014
- 99% percentile: 1.1874368286132808



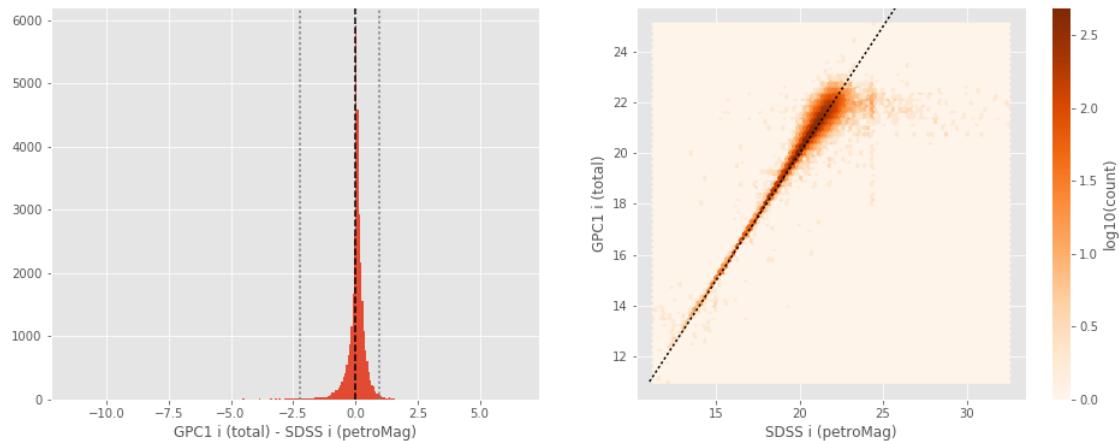
GPC1 i (aperture) - SDSS i (fiberMag):

- Median: -0.41
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.11
- 1% percentile: -1.0385213470458985
- 99% percentile: 0.2873053741455075



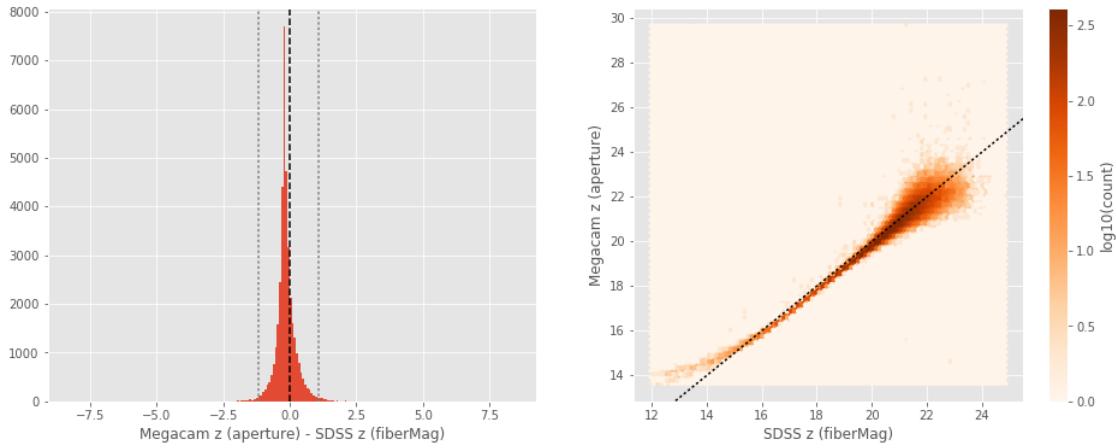
GPC1 i (total) - SDSS i (petroMag):

- Median: 0.06
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.13
- 1% percentile: -2.239541530609131
- 99% percentile: 0.9614152908325195



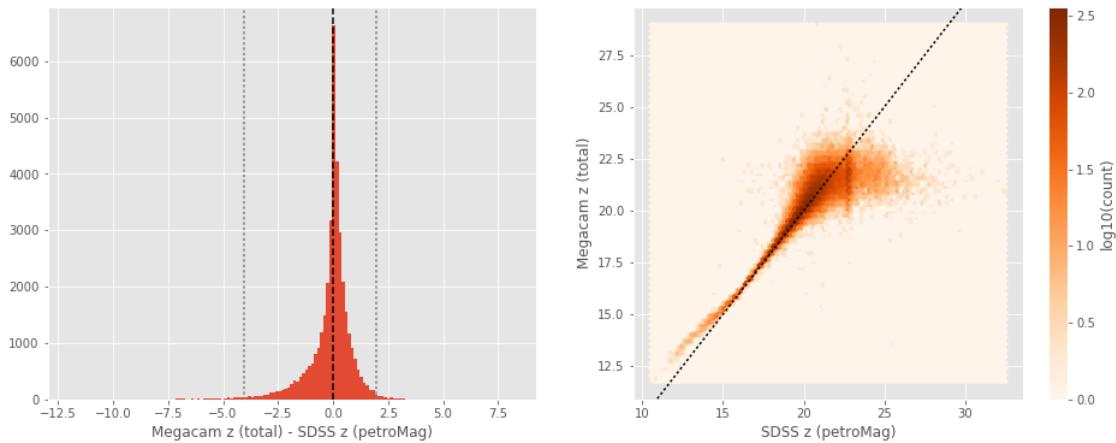
Megacam z (aperture) - SDSS z (fiberMag):

- Median: -0.18
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.14
- 1% percentile: -1.1557494163513184
- 99% percentile: 1.0748854446411142



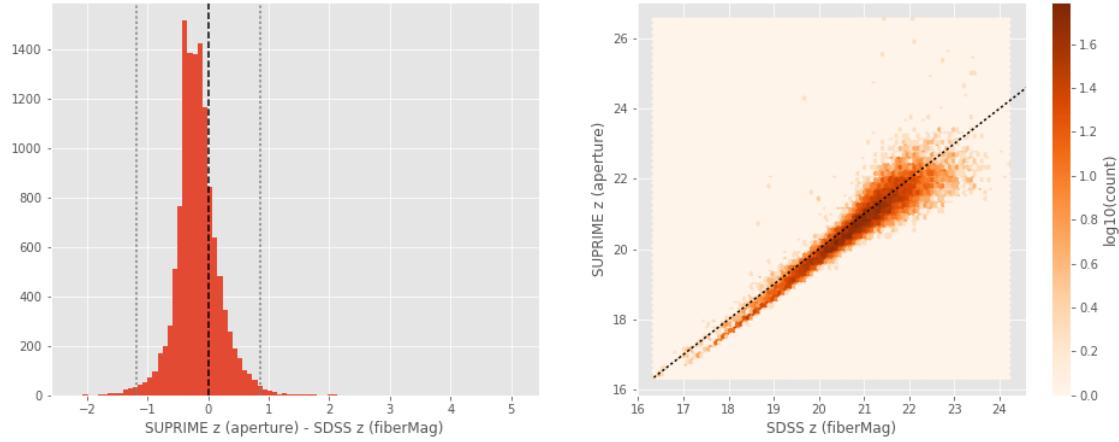
Megacam z (total) - SDSS z (petroMag):

- Median: 0.05
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.34
- 1% percentile: -4.064633178710937
- 99% percentile: 1.9631100463867177



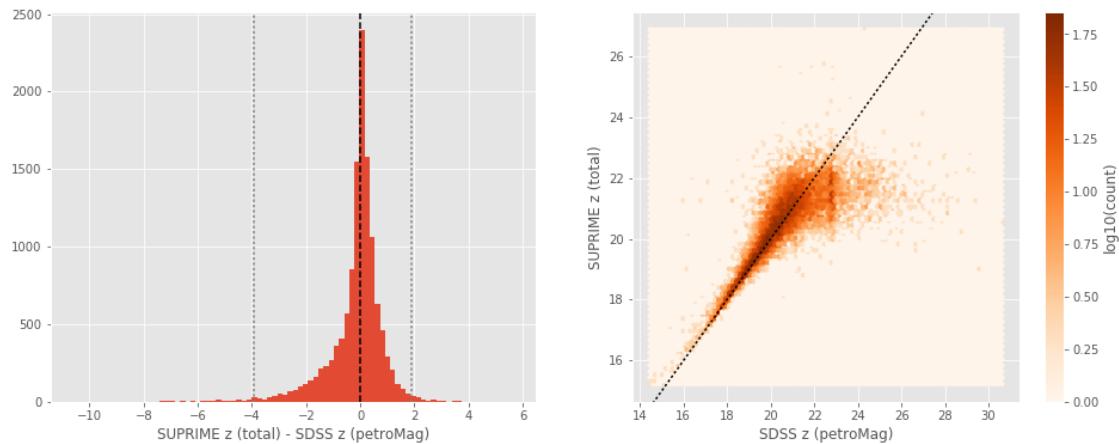
SUPRIME z (aperture) - SDSS z (fiberMag):

- Median: -0.20
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.19
- 1% percentile: -1.1774482727050781
- 99% percentile: 0.8522415161132812



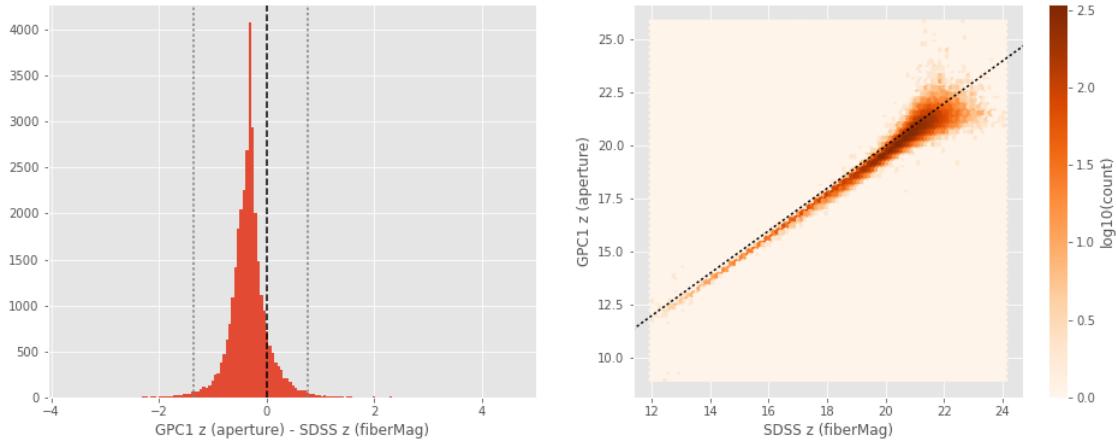
SUPRIME z (total) - SDSS z (petroMag):

- Median: 0.03
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.35
- 1% percentile: -3.9494243621826173
- 99% percentile: 1.8766554641723663



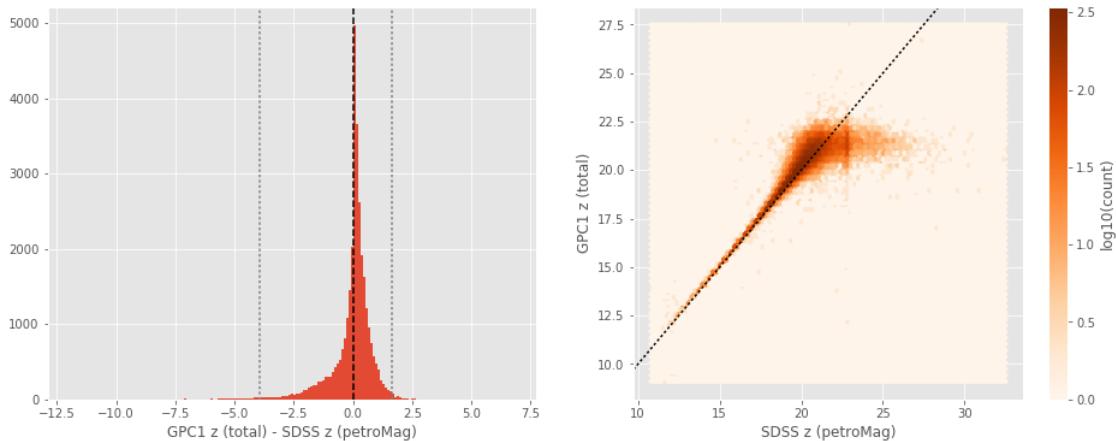
GPC1 z (aperture) - SDSS z (fiberMag):

- Median: -0.33
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.16
- 1% percentile: -1.3514610290527345
- 99% percentile: 0.7569400787353526



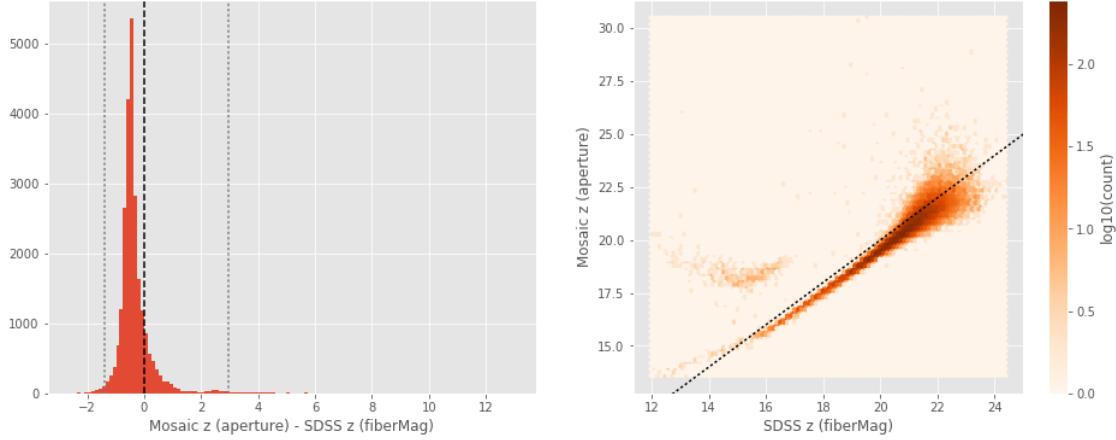
GPC1 z (total) - SDSS z (petroMag):

- Median: 0.11
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.29
- 1% percentile: -3.9312356185913084
- 99% percentile: 1.631981315612793



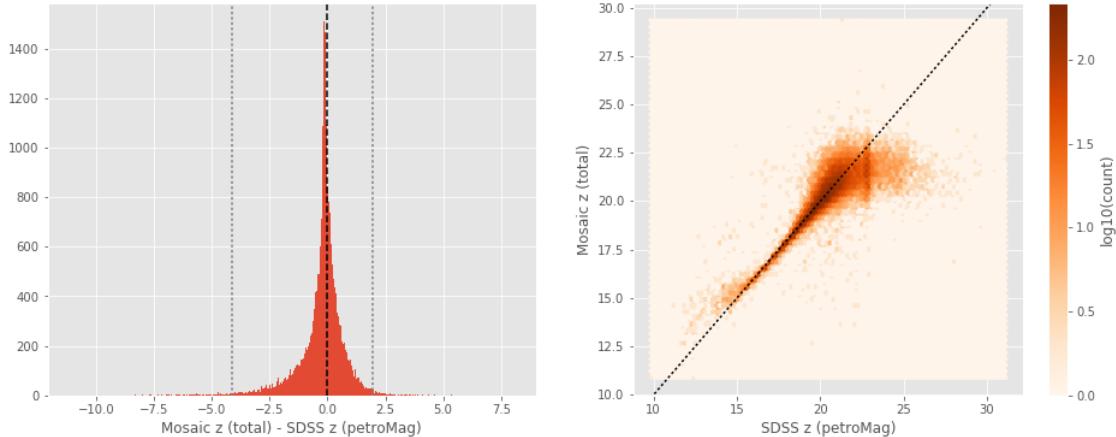
Mosaic z (aperture) - SDSS z (fiberMag):

- Median: -0.43
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.18
- 1% percentile: -1.3934378242492675
- 99% percentile: 2.9719256210327214



Mosaic z (total) - SDSS z (petroMag):

- Median: -0.12
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.35
- 1% percentile: -4.1280372428894045
- 99% percentile: 1.9757478904724097



### 1.5.2 III.b - Comparing J and K bands to 2MASS

The catalogue is cross-matched to 2MASS-PSC withing 0.2 arcsecond. We compare the WIRCAM total J and K magnitudes to those from 2MASS.

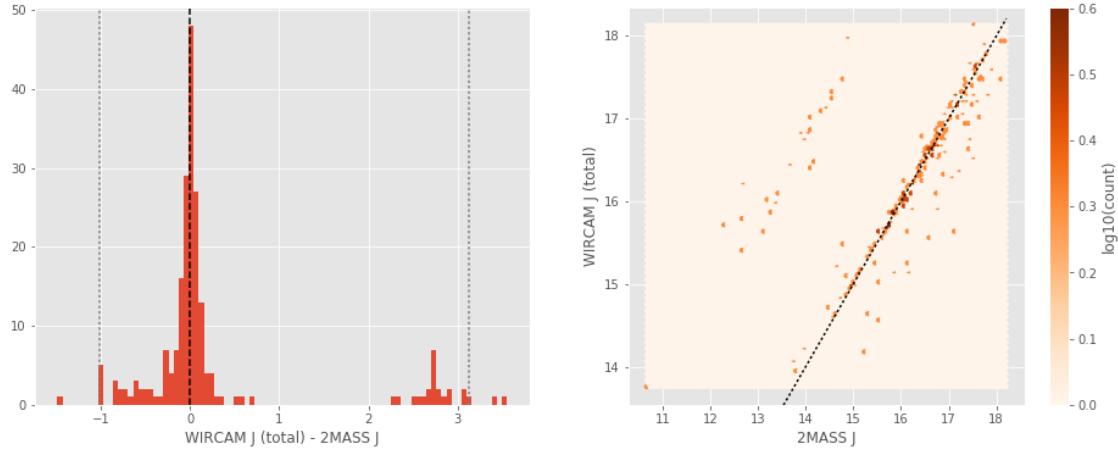
The 2MASS magnitudes are “Vega-like” and we have to convert them to AB magnitudes using the zero points provided on [this page](#):

Band	F - 0 mag (Jy)
J	1594
H	1024
Ks	666.7

2MASS and WIRCAM both use Ks so no conversion is required.

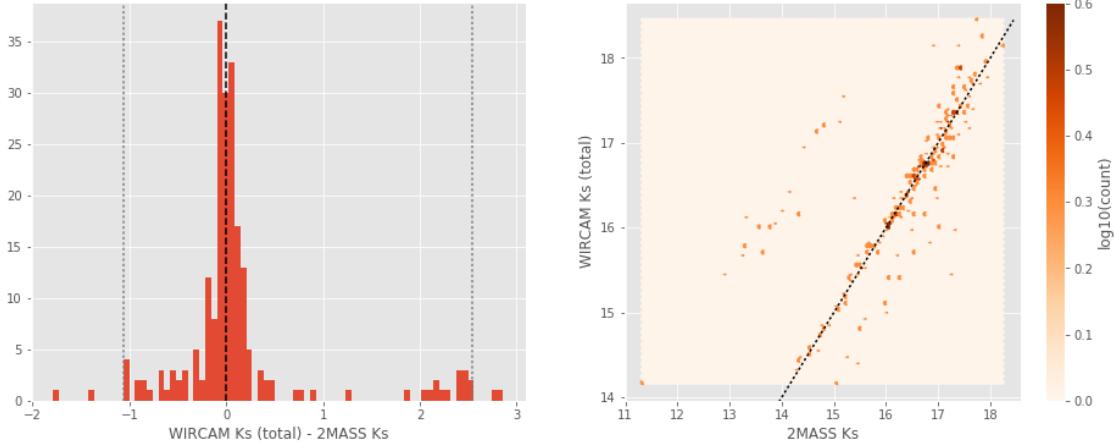
WIRCAM J (total) - 2MASS J:

- Median: 0.00
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.09
- 1% percentile: -1.0202204724027446
- 99% percentile: 3.129319943551843



WIRCAM Ks (total) - 2MASS Ks:

- Median: -0.00
- Median Absolute Deviation: 0.10
- 1% percentile: -1.0586832237871677
- 99% percentile: 2.5413844028607815



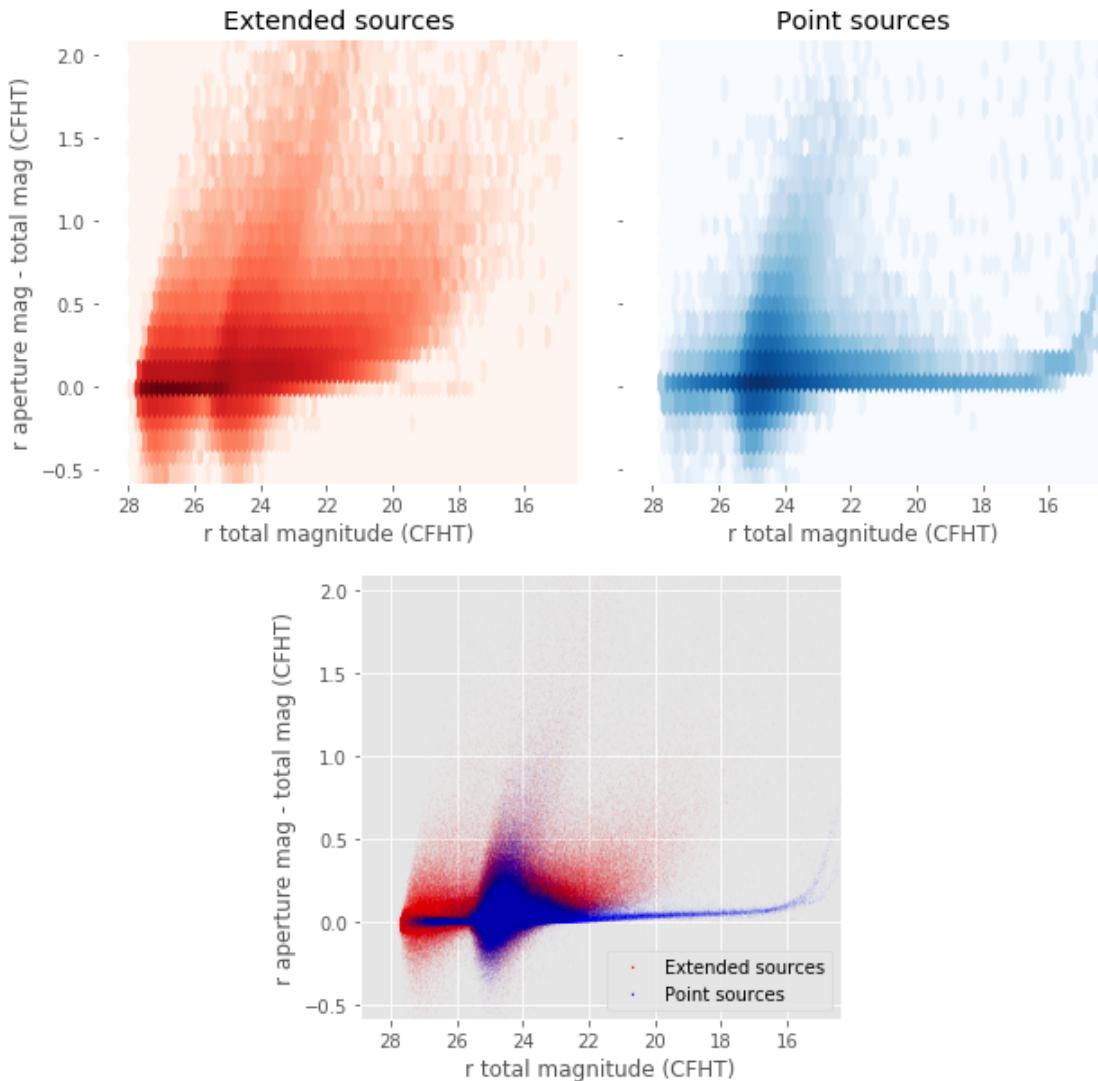
## 1.6 Keeping only sources with good signal to noise ratio

From here, we are only comparing sources with a signal to noise ratio above 3, i.e. roughly we a magnitude error below 0.3.

*To make it easier, we are setting to NaN in the catalogue the magnitudes associated with an error above 0.3 so we can't use these magnitudes after the next cell.*

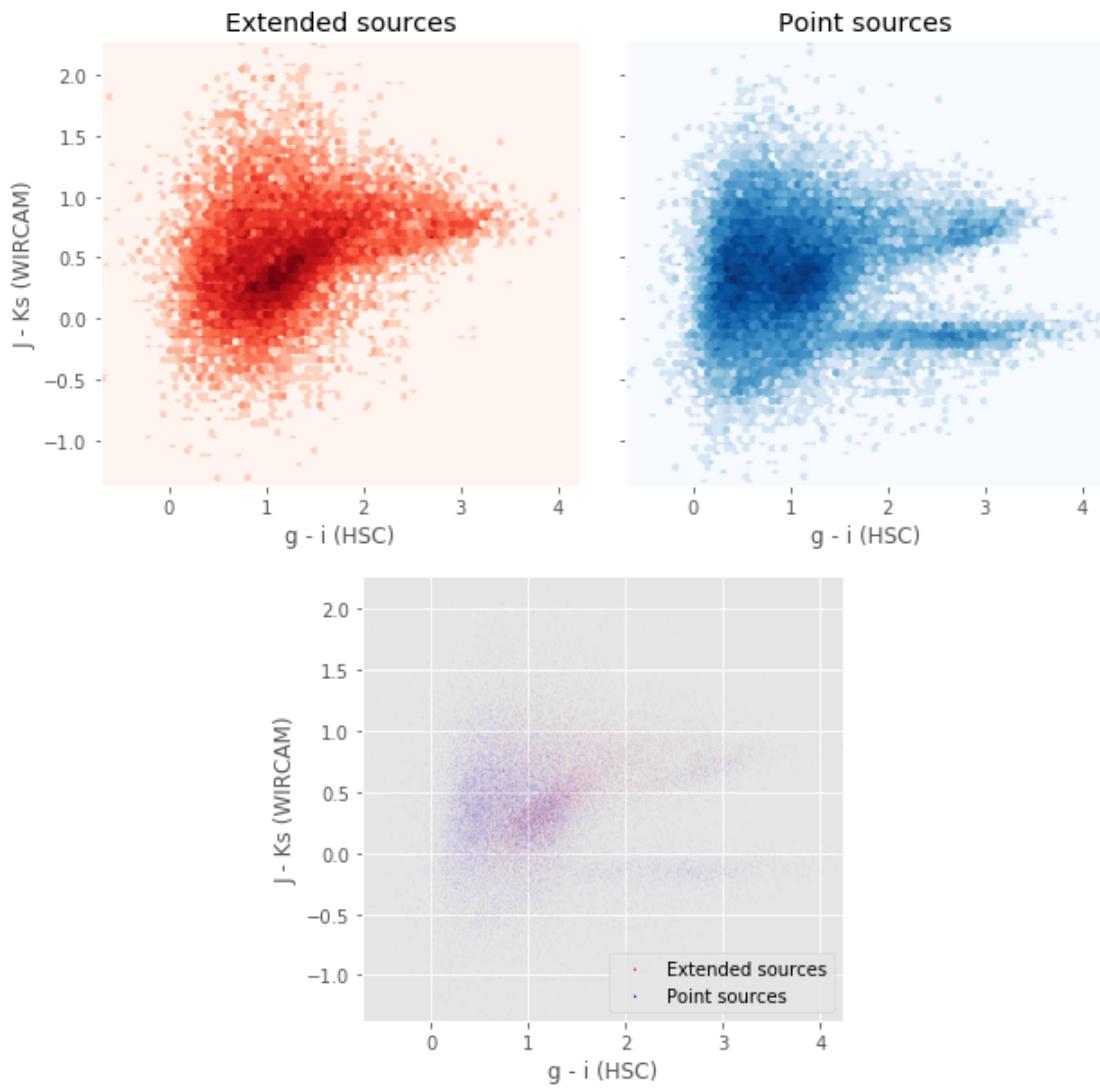
## 1.7 IV - Comparing aperture magnitudes to total ones.

Number of source used: 830349 / 1412613 (58.78%)

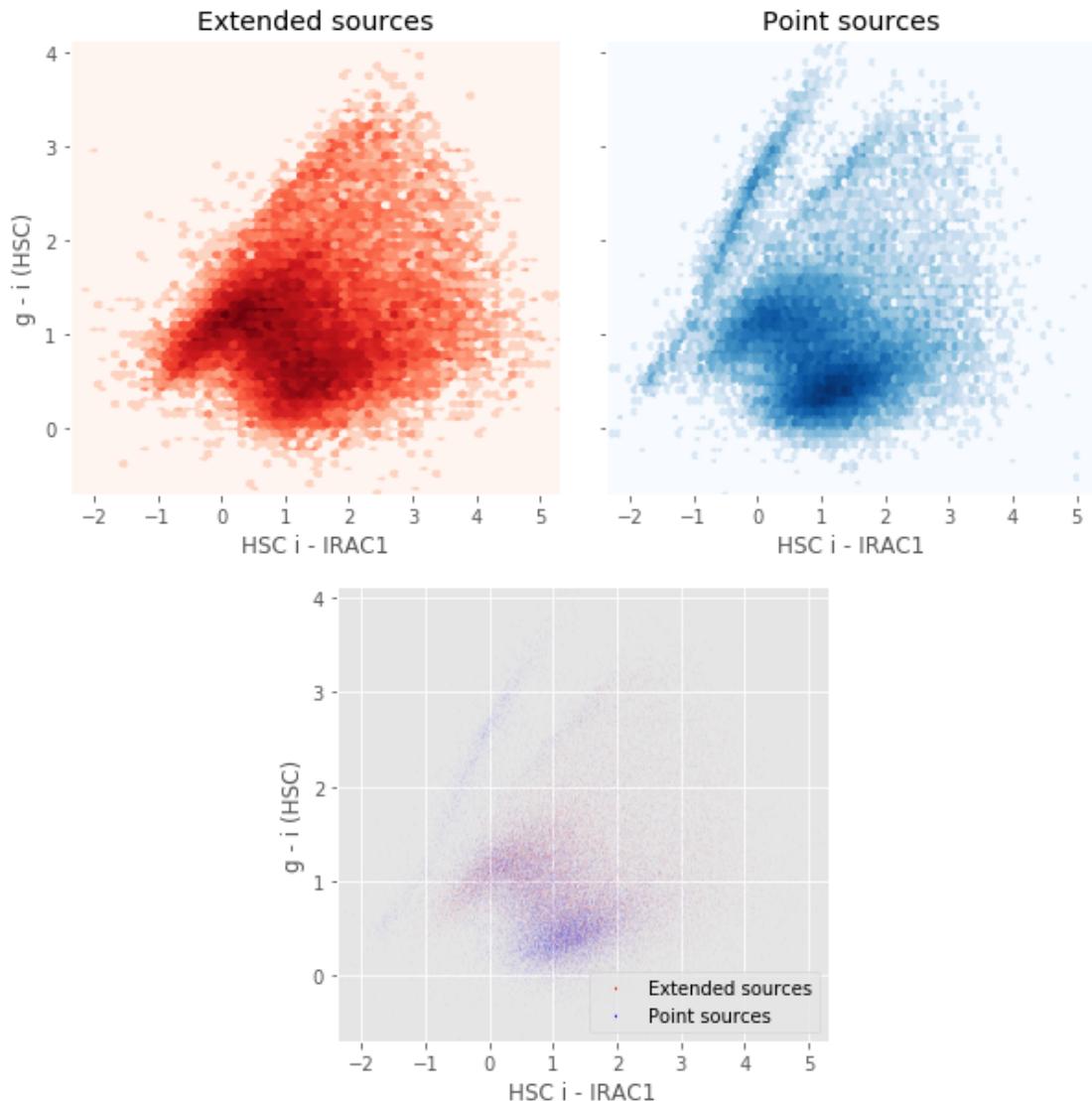


## 1.8 V - Color-color and magnitude-color plots

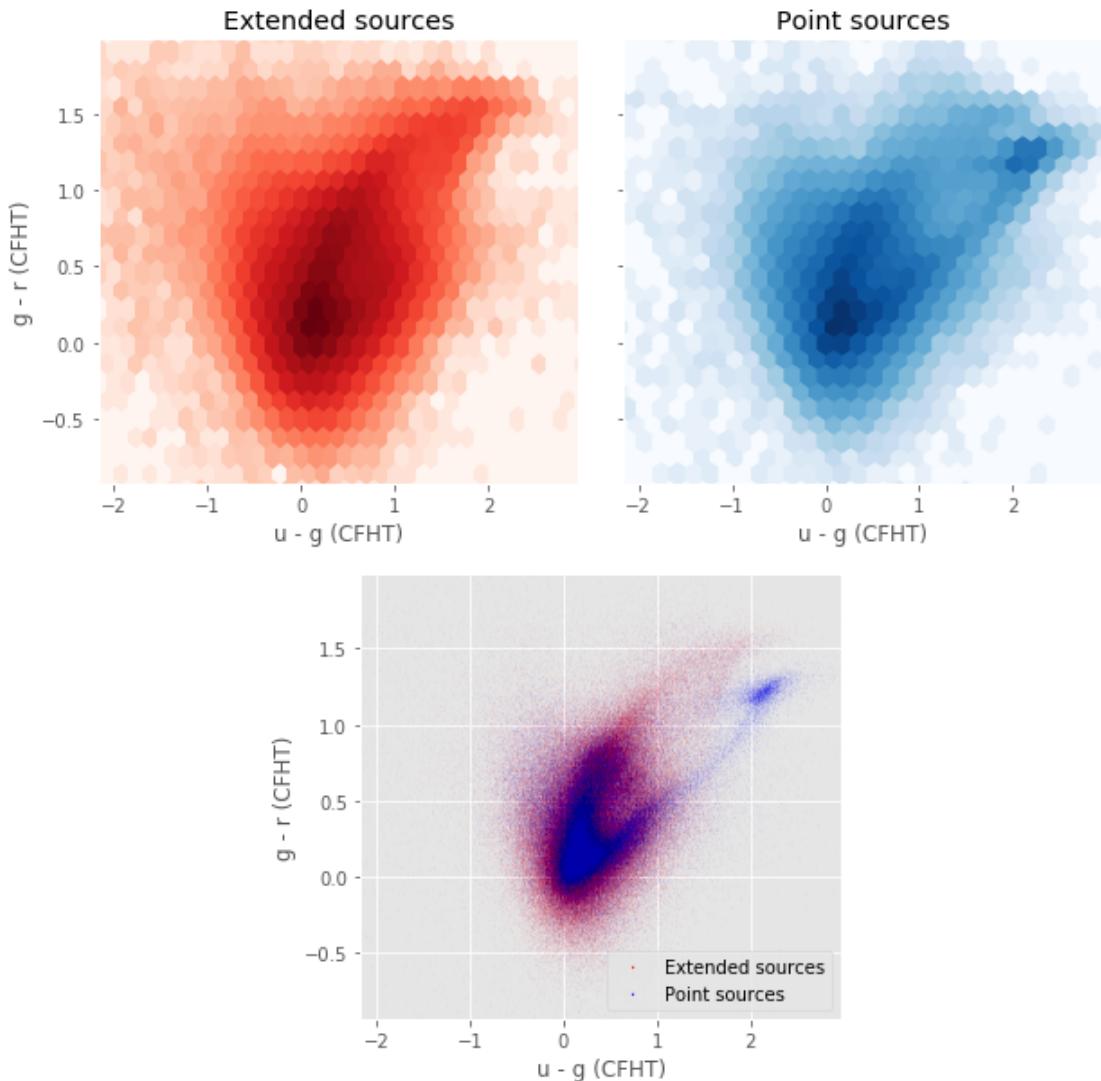
Number of source used: 41504 / 1412613 (2.94%)



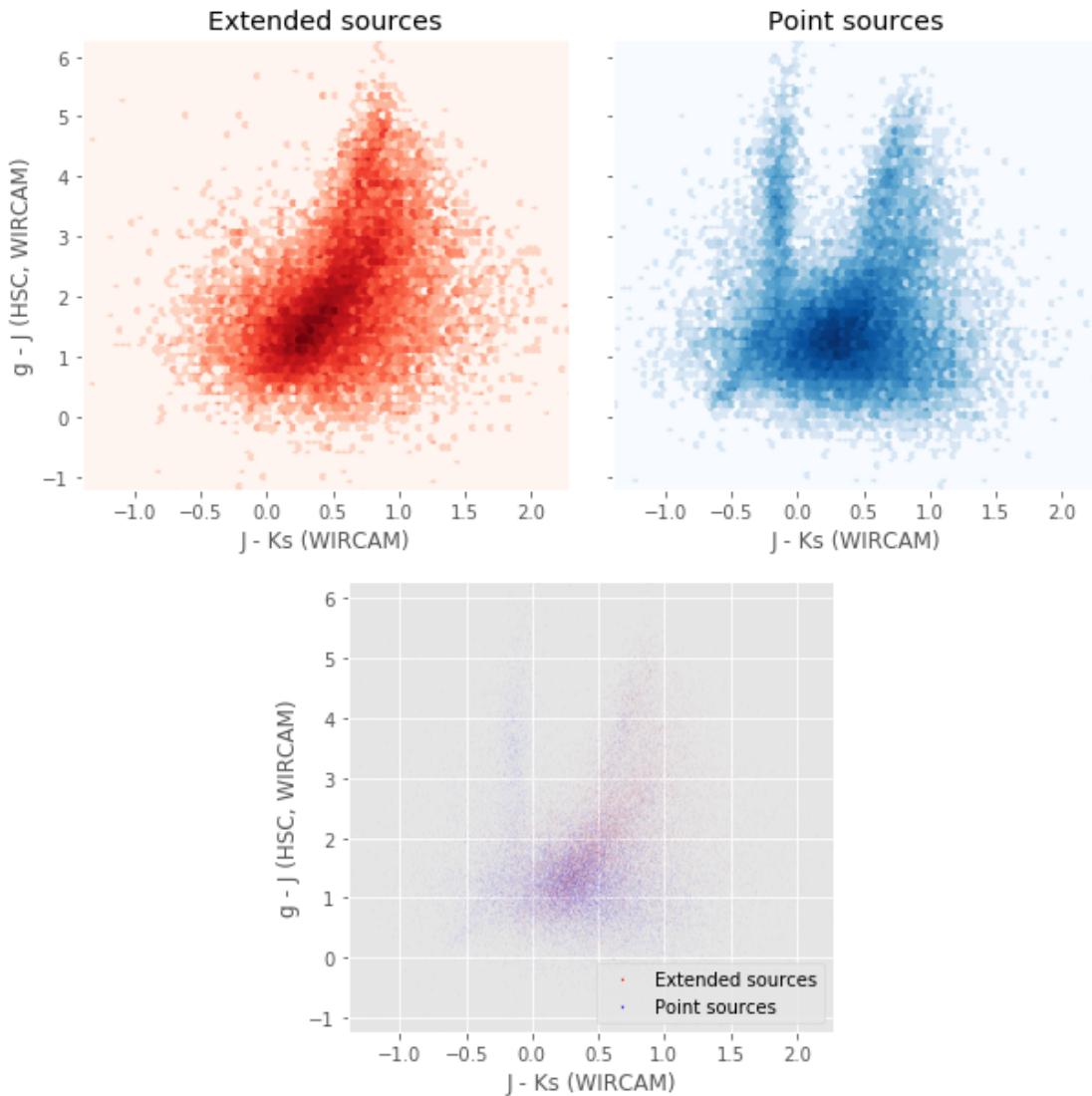
Number of source used: 49791 / 1412613 (3.52%)



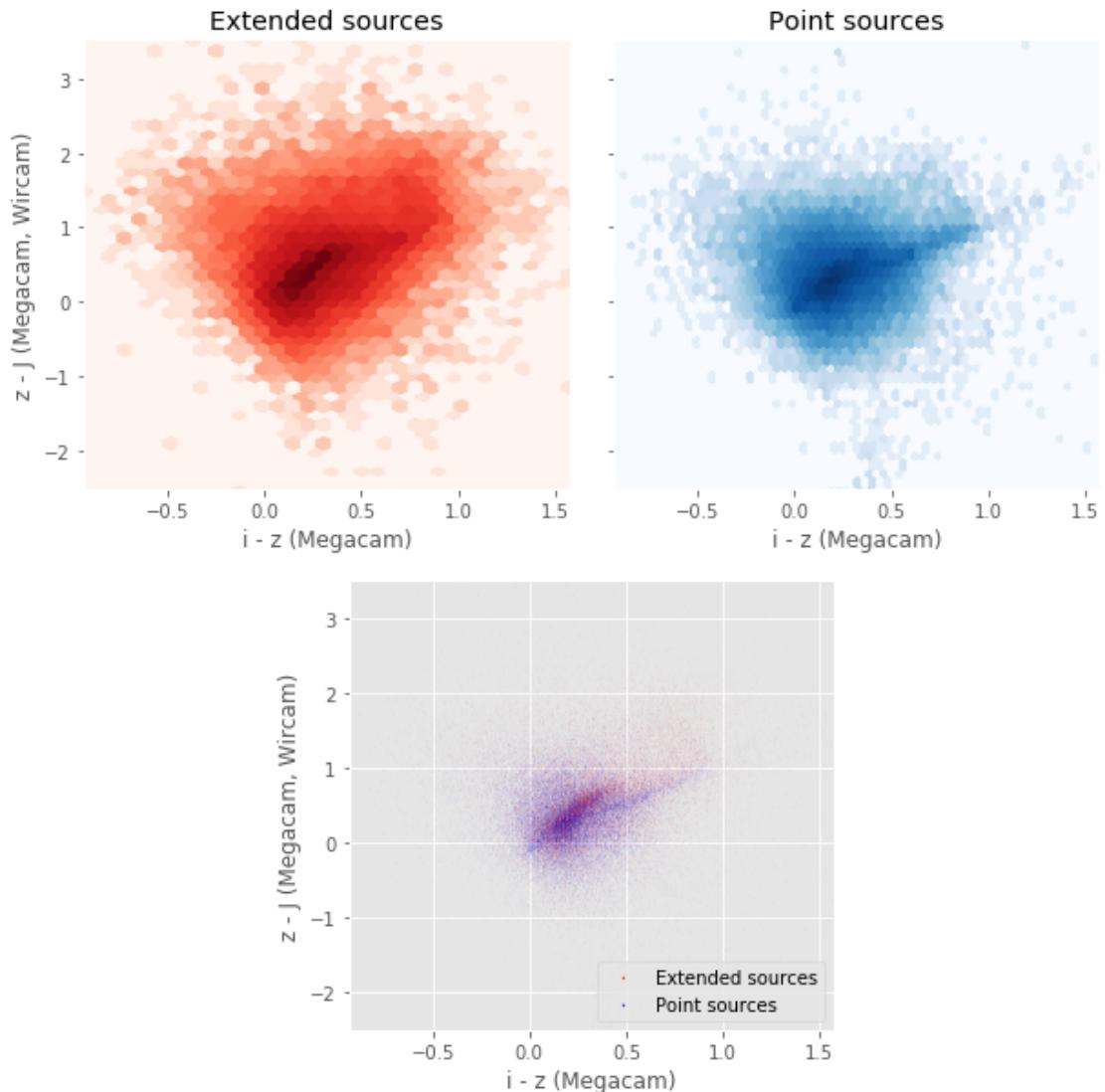
Number of source used: 496561 / 1412613 (35.15%)



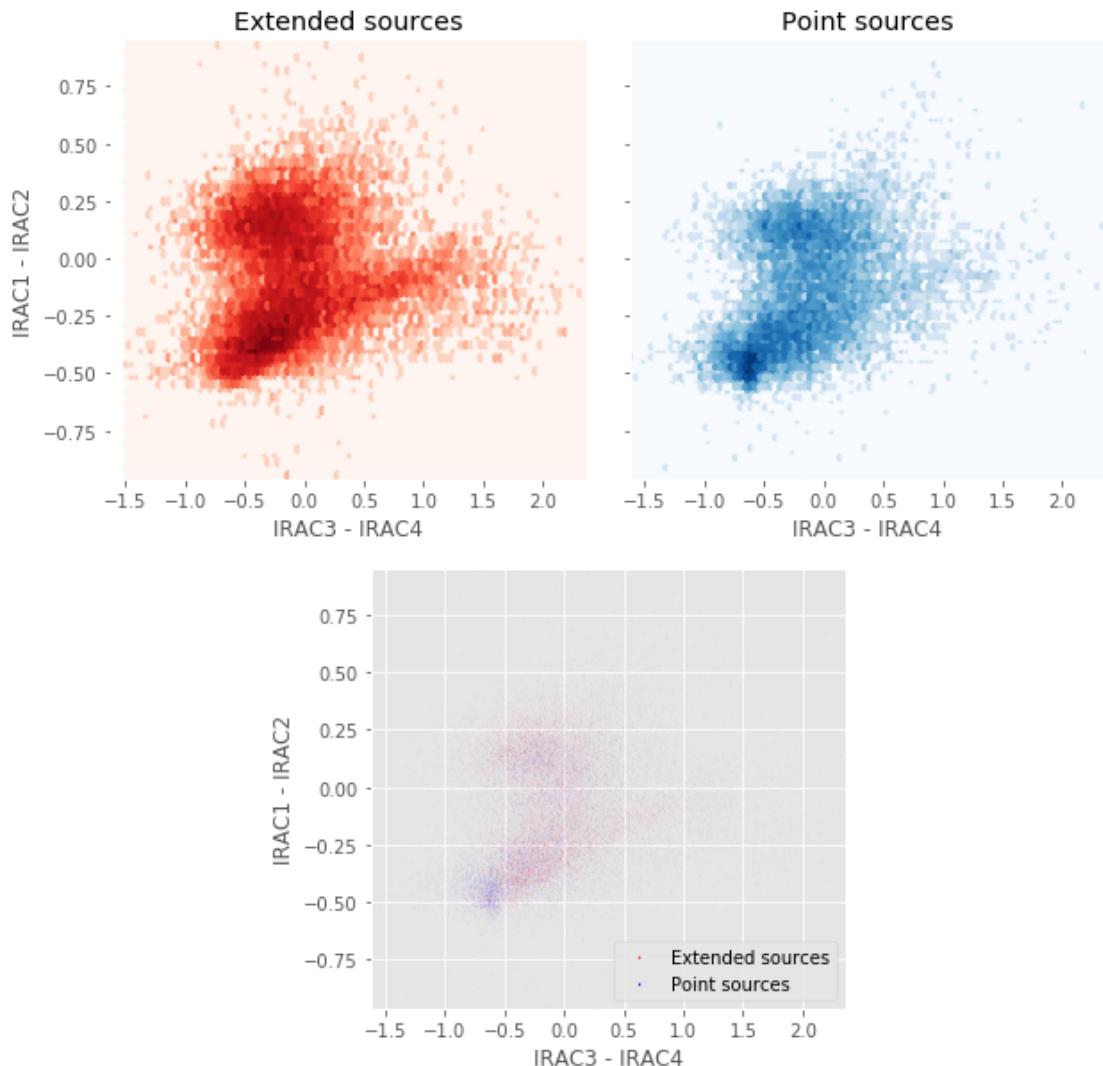
Number of source used: 42964 / 1412613 (3.04%)



Number of source used: 62946 / 1412613 (4.46%)



Number of source used: 25853 / 1412613 (1.83%)



# 4\_Selection\_function

March 8, 2018

## 1 EGS Selection Functions

### 1.1 Depth maps and selection functions

The simplest selection function available is the field MOC which specifies the area for which there is Herschel data. Each pristine catalogue also has a MOC defining the area for which that data is available.

The next stage is to provide mean flux standard deviations which act as a proxy for the catalogue's  $5\sigma$  depth

```
This notebook was run with herschelhelp_internal version:  
0246c5d (Thu Jan 25 17:01:47 2018 +0000) [with local modifications]  
This notebook was executed on:  
2018-02-27 19:14:37.465020
```

Depth maps produced using: master\_catalogue\_egs\_20180217.fits

### 1.2 I - Group masterlist objects by healpix cell and calculate depths

We add a column to the masterlist catalogue for the target order healpix cell per object.

### 1.3 II Create a table of all Order=13 healpix cells in the field and populate it

We create a table with every order=13 healpix cell in the field MOC. We then calculate the healpix cell at lower order that the order=13 cell is in. We then fill in the depth at every order=13 cell as calculated for the lower order cell that that order=13 cell is inside.

```
Out[9]: <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
```

```
Out[11]: <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
```

```
Out[12]: <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
```

## 1.4 III - Save the depth map table

## 1.5 IV - Overview plots

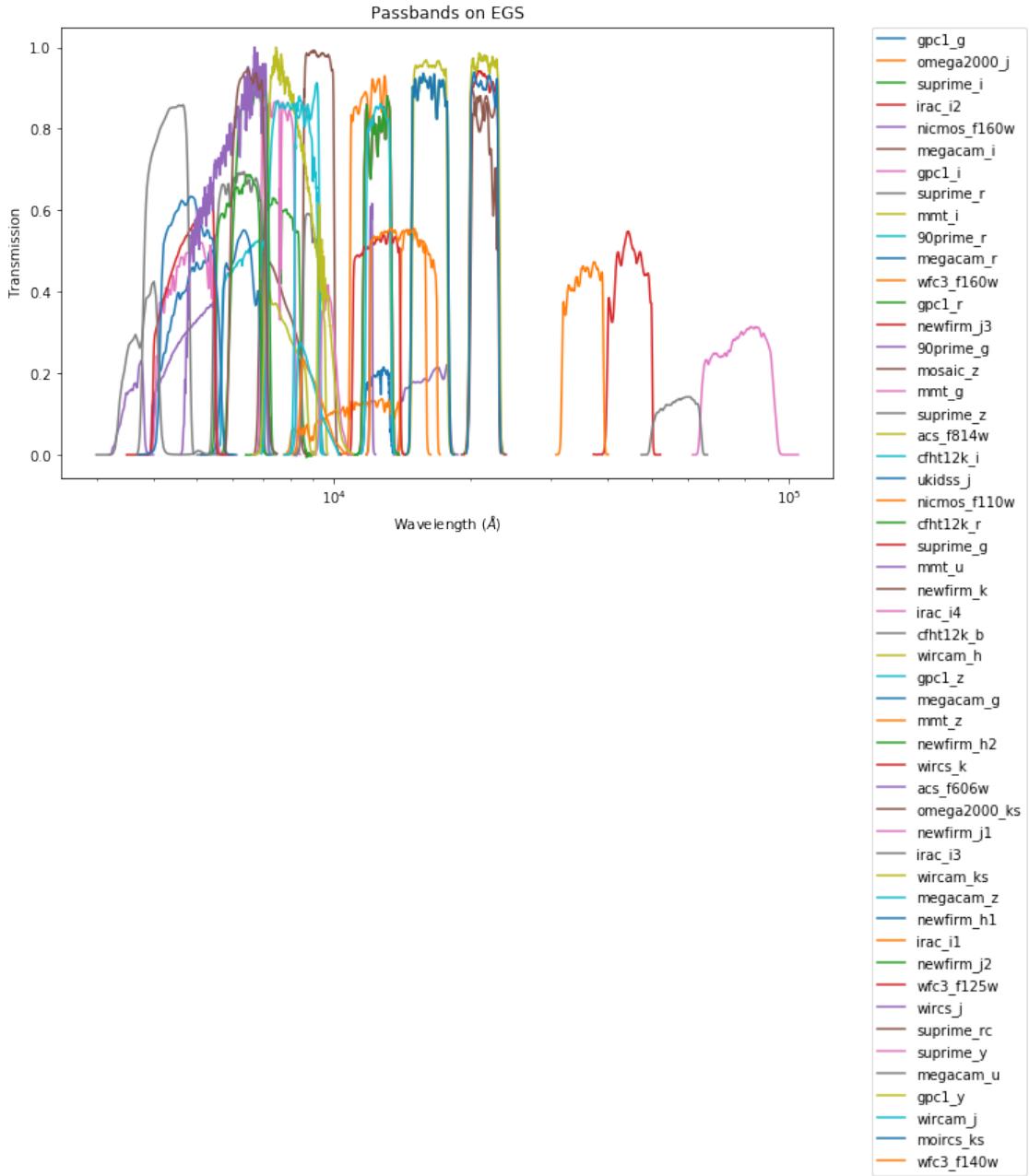
### 1.5.1 IV.a - Filters

First we simply plot all the filters available on this field to give an overview of coverage.

```
Out[14]: {'90prime_g',
 '90prime_r',
 'acs_f606w',
 'acs_f814w',
 'cfht12k_b',
 'cfht12k_i',
 'cfht12k_r',
 'gpc1_g',
 'gpc1_i',
 'gpc1_r',
 'gpc1_y',
 'gpc1_z',
 'irac_i1',
 'irac_i2',
 'irac_i3',
 'irac_i4',
 'megacam_g',
 'megacam_i',
 'megacam_r',
 'megacam_u',
 'megacam_z',
 'mmt_g',
 'mmt_i',
 'mmt_u',
 'mmt_z',
 'moircs_ks',
 'mosaic_z',
 'newfirm_h1',
 'newfirm_h2',
 'newfirm_j1',
 'newfirm_j2',
 'newfirm_j3',
 'newfirm_k',
 'nicmos_f110w',
 'nicmos_f160w',
 'omega2000_j',
 'omega2000_ks',
 'suprime_g',
 'suprime_i',
 'suprime_r',
 'suprime_rc',
```

```
'suprime_y',  
'suprime_z',  
'ukidss_j',  
'wfc3_f125w',  
'wfc3_f140w',  
'wfc3_f160w',  
'wircam_h',  
'wircam_j',  
'wircam_ks',  
'wircs_j',  
'wircs_k'}
```

Out[15]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x7f0bf8bdf7f0>



### 1.5.2 IV.a - Depth overview

Then we plot the mean depths available across the area a given band is available

```
suprime_g: mean flux error: 0.019375529140233994, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 26.98906293370067
suprime_r: mean flux error: inf, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): -inf
suprime_i: mean flux error: 0.03772468492388725, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 26.265632810099568
suprime_z: mean flux error: 0.09303078055381775, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 25.28563020114499
```

suprime\_y: mean flux error: 0.2268095463514328, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 24.318043538348654  
gpc1\_g: mean flux error: 385.0546080277341, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 16.243391050576697  
gpc1\_r: mean flux error: 70.26057445642947, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 18.090417622453025  
gpc1\_i: mean flux error: 8.255579140436186, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 20.4153280006171  
gpc1\_z: mean flux error: 18.50239630361413, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 19.5391269159715  
gpc1\_y: mean flux error: 45.967758277785876, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 18.55106355092787  
acs\_f606w: mean flux error: 0.04573498269163535, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 26.05657556554403  
acs\_f814w: mean flux error: 0.08567304007494089, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 25.375086418332693  
wfc3\_f125w: mean flux error: 0.11511747838942188, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 25.05434369331418  
wfc3\_f140w: mean flux error: 0.056422697138618326, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 25.8285622566486  
wfc3\_f160w: mean flux error: 0.07076677996853135, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 25.58262327625473  
newfirm\_j1: mean flux error: nan, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): nan  
newfirm\_j2: mean flux error: nan, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): nan  
newfirm\_j3: mean flux error: nan, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): nan  
newfirm\_h1: mean flux error: nan, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): nan  
newfirm\_h2: mean flux error: nan, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): nan  
newfirm\_k: mean flux error: nan, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): nan  
90prime\_g: mean flux error: 1.0900010494196977e-07, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 40.113629573035  
90prime\_r: mean flux error: 2.9483857133527636e-07, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 39.033236117893  
mosaic\_z: mean flux error: 1.4521265256917104e-06, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 37.3021857165472  
ukidss\_j: mean flux error: 6.556758880615234, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 20.665473830351353  
megacam\_u: mean flux error: 0.05411689921944996, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 25.87386460192632  
megacam\_g: mean flux error: 0.030917038441619915, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 26.48170214831140  
megacam\_r: mean flux error: 0.05508580863947114, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 25.854597540454073  
megacam\_i: mean flux error: 0.08481895398709512, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 25.38596458243517  
megacam\_z: mean flux error: 0.1700147393669768, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 24.63098042816309  
wircam\_j: mean flux error: 0.14134602284648362, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 24.831487880838544  
wircam\_h: mean flux error: 0.15621462427260513, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 24.722892641722886  
wircam\_ks: mean flux error: 0.18613083094640154, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 24.532651072758547  
wircs\_j: mean flux error: 0.8129140441304107, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 22.93208529667381  
wircs\_k: mean flux error: 1.616166722943082, 3sigma in AB mag (Aperture): 22.185981462328222  
suprime\_g: mean flux error: 0.0305919349193573, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 26.49317949648087  
suprime\_r: mean flux error: inf, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): -inf  
suprime\_i: mean flux error: inf, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): -inf  
suprime\_z: mean flux error: inf, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): -inf  
suprime\_y: mean flux error: 0.34690940380096436, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 23.85665668174564  
gpc1\_g: mean flux error: 163.68540026551338, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 17.172172001367493  
gpc1\_r: mean flux error: 71.42557464309743, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 18.07256250541085  
gpc1\_i: mean flux error: 5.302472784678861, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 20.896000742833827  
gpc1\_z: mean flux error: 17.074567605487328, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 19.6263225770356  
gpc1\_y: mean flux error: 44.44112435141717, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 18.587734268275888  
acs\_f606w: mean flux error: -0.003801187491360624, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): nan  
acs\_f814w: mean flux error: -0.0032003030302804594, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): nan  
wfc3\_f125w: mean flux error: 0.08452447744871103, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 25.389740626876154  
wfc3\_f140w: mean flux error: 0.04970858877871873, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 25.96611827884535  
wfc3\_f160w: mean flux error: 0.06608457307581464, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 25.656946641491167  
newfirm\_j1: mean flux error: 20672984.10823371, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 4.418688936243349  
newfirm\_j2: mean flux error: 619.0175909819058, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 15.727939386216697

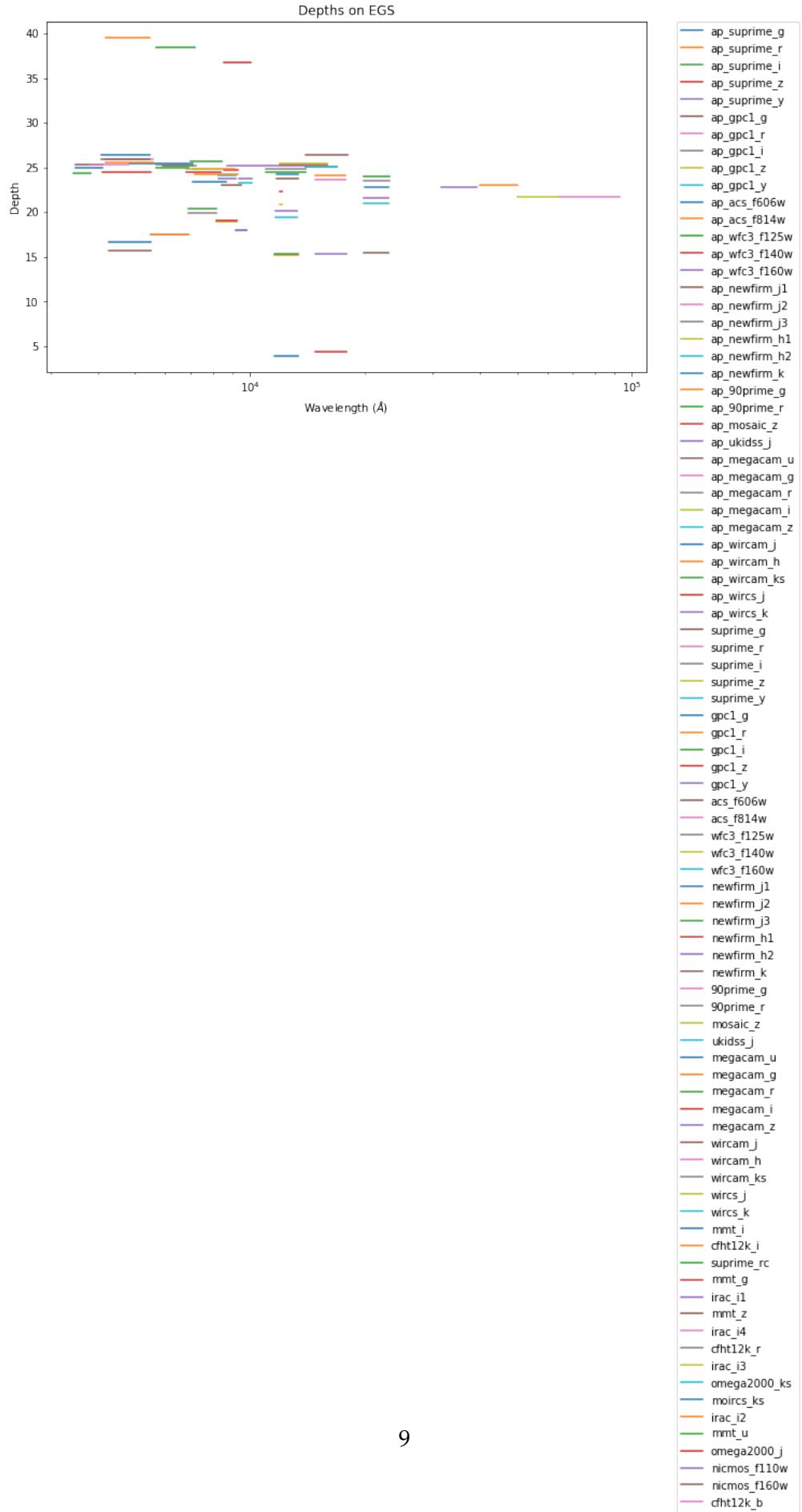
newfirm\_j3: mean flux error: 542.0554880889088, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 15.872087498619798  
 newfirm\_h1: mean flux error: 13183366.247884728, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 4.907131069684375  
 newfirm\_h2: mean flux error: 516.382674240655, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 15.924767707409636  
 newfirm\_k: mean flux error: 480.36450044260914, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 16.003269600717694  
 90prime\_g: mean flux error: inf, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): -inf  
 90prime\_r: mean flux error: inf, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): -inf  
 mosaic\_z: mean flux error: inf, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): -inf  
 ukidss\_j: mean flux error: 12.750082015991211, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 19.943414417162607  
 megacam\_u: mean flux error: 0.0712575167445799, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 25.575120154358892  
 megacam\_g: mean flux error: 0.04469344850595754, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 26.081587198896806  
 megacam\_r: mean flux error: 0.07879723935262516, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 25.46591935738696  
 megacam\_i: mean flux error: 0.11769594842682417, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 25.030293080904464  
 megacam\_z: mean flux error: 0.23093746470394308, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 24.29846087895546  
 wircam\_j: mean flux error: 0.22998000957951764, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 24.30297164388093  
 wircam\_h: mean flux error: 0.25222617507345546, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 24.202721478186128  
 wircam\_ks: mean flux error: 0.2961568305164641, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 24.028392479213615  
 wircs\_j: mean flux error: 3.1906943143922235, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 21.44748386707925  
 wircs\_k: mean flux error: 2.785600675150898, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 21.594899715615888  
 mmt\_i: mean flux error: 0.3006706793838812, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 24.01196916593465  
 cfht12k\_i: mean flux error: 0.14635251430735757, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 24.793696393382028  
 suprime\_rc: mean flux error: 0.05942396667088162, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 25.772292767008288  
 mmt\_g: mean flux error: 0.11584410855891057, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 25.04751198336742  
 irac\_i1: mean flux error: 0.5675425041195329, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 23.32220088306071  
 mmt\_z: mean flux error: 0.42238354225426744, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 23.642929393170796  
 irac\_i4: mean flux error: 1.442685143110741, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 22.309267964659576  
 cfht12k\_r: mean flux error: 0.05830061221608726, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 25.793014074902253  
 irac\_i3: mean flux error: 1.4370553467392526, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 22.313513126023643  
 omega2000\_ks: mean flux error: -0.307867495860336, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): nan  
 moircs\_ks: mean flux error: 0.5230879305224959, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 23.41076011459446  
 irac\_i2: mean flux error: 0.4592791551864558, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 23.55200502568983  
 mmt\_u: mean flux error: 0.12413515594889839, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 24.97245987777793  
 omega2000\_j: mean flux error: -2.082777573581747, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): nan  
 nicmos\_f110w: mean flux error: 0.05968099777978974, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 25.767606674951743  
 nicmos\_f160w: mean flux error: 0.019907068872343756, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 26.95967856575397  
 cfht12k\_b: mean flux error: 0.056505097068885846, 3sigma in AB mag (Total): 25.8269777998891

ap\_suprime\_g (4090.0, 5460.0, 1370.0)  
 ap\_suprime\_r (5440.0, 6960.0, 1520.0)  
 ap\_suprime\_i (6980.0, 8420.0, 1440.0)  
 ap\_suprime\_z (8540.0, 9280.0, 740.0)  
 ap\_suprime\_y (9360.0, 10120.0, 760.0)  
 ap\_gpc1\_g (4260.0, 5500.0, 1240.0)  
 ap\_gpc1\_r (5500.0, 6900.0, 1400.0)  
 ap\_gpc1\_i (6910.0, 8190.0, 1280.0)  
 ap\_gpc1\_z (8190.0, 9210.0, 1020.0)  
 ap\_gpc1\_y (9200.0, 9820.0, 620.0)  
 ap\_acs\_f606w (4835.3999, 7088.4702, 2253.0703)

ap\_acs\_f814w (7069.6699, 9138.1104, 2068.4404)  
ap\_wfc3\_f125w (10993.5, 13997.47, 3003.9697)  
ap\_wfc3\_f140w (12005.91, 15946.44, 3940.5303)  
ap\_wfc3\_f160w (13996.34, 16869.92, 2873.5801)  
ap\_newfirm\_j1 (11600.0, 13387.0, 1787.0)  
ap\_newfirm\_j2 (11600.0, 13387.0, 1787.0)  
ap\_newfirm\_j3 (11600.0, 13387.0, 1787.0)  
ap\_newfirm\_h1 (14795.0, 17860.0, 3065.0)  
ap\_newfirm\_h2 (14795.0, 17860.0, 3065.0)  
ap\_newfirm\_k (19845.0, 23060.0, 3215.0)  
ap\_90prime\_g (4180.0, 5470.0, 1290.0)  
ap\_90prime\_r (5680.0, 7150.0, 1470.0)  
ap\_mosaic\_z (8552.0, 10018.0, 1466.0)  
ap\_ukidss\_j (11695.0, 13280.0, 1585.0)  
ap\_megacam\_u (3500.0, 4100.0, 600.0)  
ap\_megacam\_g (4180.0, 5580.0, 1400.0)  
ap\_megacam\_r (5680.0, 6880.0, 1200.0)  
ap\_megacam\_i (6831.7305, 8388.5557, 1556.8252)  
ap\_megacam\_z (8280.0, 9160.0, 880.0)  
ap\_wircam\_j (11748.0, 13334.0, 1586.0)  
ap\_wircam\_h (14855.0, 17760.0, 2905.0)  
ap\_wircam\_ks (19870.0, 23135.0, 3265.0)  
ap\_wircs\_j (11976.79, 12146.47, 169.67969)  
ap\_wircs\_k (19870.109, 23046.93, 3176.8203)  
suprime\_g (4090.0, 5460.0, 1370.0)  
suprime\_r (5440.0, 6960.0, 1520.0)  
suprime\_i (6980.0, 8420.0, 1440.0)  
suprime\_z (8540.0, 9280.0, 740.0)  
suprime\_y (9360.0, 10120.0, 760.0)  
gpc1\_g (4260.0, 5500.0, 1240.0)  
gpc1\_r (5500.0, 6900.0, 1400.0)  
gpc1\_i (6910.0, 8190.0, 1280.0)  
gpc1\_z (8190.0, 9210.0, 1020.0)  
gpc1\_y (9200.0, 9820.0, 620.0)  
acs\_f606w (4835.3999, 7088.4702, 2253.0703)  
acs\_f814w (7069.6699, 9138.1104, 2068.4404)  
wfc3\_f125w (10993.5, 13997.47, 3003.9697)  
wfc3\_f140w (12005.91, 15946.44, 3940.5303)  
wfc3\_f160w (13996.34, 16869.92, 2873.5801)  
newfirm\_j1 (11600.0, 13387.0, 1787.0)  
newfirm\_j2 (11600.0, 13387.0, 1787.0)  
newfirm\_j3 (11600.0, 13387.0, 1787.0)  
newfirm\_h1 (14795.0, 17860.0, 3065.0)  
newfirm\_h2 (14795.0, 17860.0, 3065.0)  
newfirm\_k (19845.0, 23060.0, 3215.0)  
90prime\_g (4180.0, 5470.0, 1290.0)  
90prime\_r (5680.0, 7150.0, 1470.0)  
mosaic\_z (8552.0, 10018.0, 1466.0)

```
ukidss_j (11695.0, 13280.0, 1585.0)
megacam_u (3500.0, 4100.0, 600.0)
megacam_g (4180.0, 5580.0, 1400.0)
megacam_r (5680.0, 6880.0, 1200.0)
megacam_i (6831.7305, 8388.5557, 1556.8252)
megacam_z (8280.0, 9160.0, 880.0)
wircam_j (11748.0, 13334.0, 1586.0)
wircam_h (14855.0, 17760.0, 2905.0)
wircam_ks (19870.0, 23135.0, 3265.0)
wircs_j (11976.79, 12146.47, 169.67969)
wircs_k (19870.109, 23046.93, 3176.8203)
mmt_i (7085.0, 8655.0, 1570.0)
cfht12k_i (7160.0, 9300.0, 2140.0)
suprime_rc (5919.8999, 7079.5, 1159.6001)
mmt_g (4115.0, 5485.0, 1370.0)
irac_i1 (31754.0, 39164.801, 7410.8008)
mmt_z (8410.0, 9485.0, 1075.0)
irac_i4 (64415.199, 92596.797, 28181.598)
cfht12k_r (5960.0, 7200.0, 1240.0)
irac_i3 (50246.301, 64096.699, 13850.398)
omega2000_ks (19991.0, 23026.0, 3035.0)
moircs_ks (19915.0, 23010.0, 3095.0)
irac_i2 (39980.102, 50052.301, 10072.199)
mmt_u (3455.0, 3815.0, 360.0)
omega2000_j (10854.4, 13313.6, 2459.1992)
nicmos_f110w (8695.9062, 13957.38, 5261.4736)
nicmos_f160w (13983.17, 17968.711, 3985.541)
cfht12k_b (3820.0, 4800.0, 980.0)
```

Out[20]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x7f0b16dd0748>



### 1.5.3 IV.c - Depth vs coverage comparison

How best to do this? Colour/intensity plot over area? Percentage coverage vs mean depth?

Out[21]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x7f0b15082e10>

